

1001 EASY **SPANISH** **PHRASES**

The simple way to learn
today's most common
words and sentences

Pablo García Loaeza



1001 EASY SPANISH PHRASES

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DOVER PUBLICATIONS, INC., Mineola, New York

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Bibliographical Note

1001 Easy Spanish Phrases is a new work, first published by Dover Publications, Inc., in 2010.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Loaeza, Pablo Garcia, 1972–

1001 easy Spanish phrases / Pablo García Loaeza. p. cm. (Dover language guides)

9780486114019

1. Spanish language — Conversation and phrase books — English. I. Title. II. Title: One thousand one easy Spanish phrases. III. Title: One thousand and one easy Spanish phrases.

PC4121.P33 2010

468.3'421 — dc22

2010018979

Manufactured in the United States by Courier Corporation

47619701

www.doverpublications.com

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INTEREST

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Introduction

This book will let you become familiar with a basic set of sentences, phrases, and words for simple everyday communication in Spanish. In particular, the would-be visitor to a Spanish-speaking country will find the tools necessary to deal with common situations related to travel abroad. The different sections cover topics such as transportation, accommodation, eating and drinking, as well as sightseeing, and shopping. There are also sections that cover a number of problems that may arise. Each section takes account of dialectic variation in Spanish by pointing out when a specific word is used in Spain (Sp.) or a particular Latin American country (Mex., Arg., etc.). When appropriate, entries indicate whether the corresponding Spanish sentence is formal (for.) or informal (inf.).

The book was designed to serve as a useful foundation rather than an exhaustive field manual. It is meant to be used for reference, study, and review. The more you practice the essential structures included here, the easier it will be for you to generate the questions and statements appropriate to your specific needs and circumstances. When you are communicating with someone, the other person is also trying to make sense of what you are saying and drawing information not just from your words, but also from context, tone of voice, and body language. When you need an answer, looking a person in the eye is generally more practical and more effective than reading from a book.

To facilitate acquisition, the material included in the different sections is presented in a logical sequence. As you go through the sentences, imagine yourself in the situations they suggest. In the “Eating & Drinking” section, for instance, you can go from finding a restaurant to asking for the check after ordering breakfast, lunch or dinner, and dessert. Since the material is not cumulative, book sections can be studied according to need or preference. You will note that certain structures, such as “I want . . .” and “where is . . .,” appear frequently throughout the book. Besides being very

handy, their repetition facilitates focusing on the many complementary words and phrases. Thus, you can learn to produce a large number of sentences and convey a wide range of information with minimum effort.

Finally, while practice trumps theory, the Spanish Grammar Primer included here will help you make the most of the book. Besides vocabulary-building tips and verb conjugation tables, it contains information about nouns, adjectives, pronouns, and prepositions. However, many people will find Dover's *Essential Spanish Grammar* (ISBN 0-486-20780-3) helpful for mastering the subtleties of the Spanish language. Likewise, *2,001 Most Useful Spanish Words* (ISBN 0-486-47616-2), also published by Dover, is a useful complement for increasing your Spanish vocabulary further.

A Note on Spanish Dialects

As with English, there are many regional dialects of Spanish. They may vary in pronunciation, vocabulary, and syntax but they are all mutually intelligible.

For instance, in the Castile region of Spain a “c” before an “e” or an “i” sounds like “th” in English and the letter “s” is pronounced like “sh.” On the other hand, people in the south of Spain and in Latin America, generally make the letter “c” (before “e” or “i”), the letter “s,” and even the letter “z” all sound like the “s” in “soup.” Caribbean Spanish tends to drop a “d” between two vowels at the end of some words, as well as a final “s” so that *cansados* (tired, m. pl.) becomes *cansao*. Likewise, in many South American countries the word for cake is *torta*, whereas in Mexico it is *pastel*. In Latin America a computer is called *una computadora* while in Spain it is referred to as *un ordenador*. Nevertheless, a Spaniard, a Mexican, a Chilean, and a Dominican can engage in conversation without impediment.

When Spanish is learned as a second language the choice of dialect can depend on personal interest and circumstance. For example, someone traveling to Spain might prefer to become familiar with the Castilian dialect, while someone spending time in a Latin American country will pick up the local accent and lingo. The best investment for a beginner studying stateside is to practice a “neutral” kind of Spanish: all the syllables in a word should be pronounced clearly, using the standard word-stress rules

(see the grammar section). Once you know the basic system, a little practice makes it easy to compensate for dialectical differences. Remember also that the most useful words, such as *por favor* and *gracias*, are the same throughout the Spanish-speaking world.

Unlike English — in which the same word may be written one way in Britain (colour, dialogue, emphasise, gaol) and another in the United States (color, dialog, emphasize, jail), all Spanish dialects use the same written standard.

Phonetic Transcription

The phonetic transcription of the Spanish words and phrases is provided as an aid to an approximately correct pronunciation in the absence of an audio model. However, the Spanish sound scheme is very regular and straightforward; with some practice you should be able to bypass the phonetic transcription in most instances.

Other than the International Phonetic Alphabet, which employs a special set of characters, there is no standard for phonetic transcription. In order to facilitate reading, the phonetic transcription in this book follows the rules of English pronunciation and spelling as closely as possible. For instance, vowels are short before a double consonant (as in “dress”); the letter “c” is hard before an “a” or an “o” (as in “car”), but soft before an “e” (as in “celery”); etc. The syllables that should be stressed are underlined.

The phonetic transcription presented here corresponds to a “neutral” dialect of Spanish which, pronounced correctly, will be understood in any Spanish-speaking country.

Phonetic transcription key:

ah A as in father and drama.

ay long A as in stay, weigh, and train.

ch as in **chat**, **chess**, and cheese.

ee	long E as in feet and eel.
eh, ess	short E as in pet, let, less, and rest.
ehr	sounds like air .
g	hard G as in gap , get , and geese . ¹
h	H as in ham , heel , and hot .
I, i	long I as in the first person pronoun.
k	hard C as in cat , cot , and cool , or K as in king.

ny	as in barnyard and canyon.
oh	long O as in hope, open, and cone .
oo	OO as in moon and soon.
oy	as in boy, soy, and toy.
s	as in sat, set, or soft C as in cellar and central .
w	as in well and wet.
y	as in yard and yet.

Spanish Pronunciation

Vowels

Spanish only has five vowel sounds (English has over 15!) which correspond to the five vowel letters, regardless of their position in a word.

There are no silent vowels in Spanish. The five vowel sounds in Spanish are:

a as in drama	<i>Habla a la casa blanca.</i>	Call the White House.
e as in bet	<i>Él es el rebelde René Pérez.</i>	He is the rebel René Pérez.
i as in deep	<i>Si, viví sin ti.</i>	Yes, I lived without you.
o as in coat	<i>Los locos no son tontos.</i>	Crazy people aren't dumb.
u as in loop	<i>Fui a un club nocturno.</i>	I went to a nightclub.

The semi-consonant **y** is pronounced like **i** [ee] when used as a conjunction: *Pedro y María* (*Pedro and María*); its sound softens next to a vowel (as in *yellow*): *Juan y yo somos muy buenos amigos* (*Juan and I are very good friends*).

Consonants

Spanish has basically the same consonant sounds as English. However, there are a few particulars to keep in mind:

b and **v** are very often pronounced the same way, as in “bee.”

c (soft), **s**, and **z** vary in pronunciation in some Spanish dialects.

However, in all but the rarest cases, they can all be pronounced like the **s** in “soft” without risk of confusion.

g is hard as in **good** before **a**, **o**, and **u**, but soft as in **horse** before **e** or **i**.

gu is used before **e** and **i** to represent a hard **g** sound as in **good** (note that here the **u** does not function as a vowel; **gu** is a digraph in which two letters represent a single sound as in the).

h is always mute as in **herbs**.

j is pronounced like the **h** in **horse**.

ll is always pronounced as the **y** in **yellow**.

ñ represents a particular sound which resembles the **ny** combination found in **canyon**.

qu is used before e and i to represent a hard c sound as in cat (see **gu** above).

r at the beginning of a word is trilled.

rr represents a trill in the middle of a word.

Stress and written accents

Spanish words tend to have two or more syllables; when they are pronounced one syllable always sounds a little bit louder than the others. The stressed syllable is either the last, the penultimate (most often), or the antepenultimate syllable (least often). Word stress in Spanish is determined by two simple rules:

1. Words that end in a **vowel**, **n**, or **s** are generally pronounced stressing the **next to last syllable**: **Ventana** (*window*), **barco** (*boat*), **palabras** (*words*), tú **cantas** (*you sing*), ellos **comen** (*they eat*)
2. Words which end in a consonant other than n or s are generally stressed on the **last syllable**: **papel** (*paper*), **feliz** (*happy*), **actitud** (*attitude*), **cantar** (*to sing*), **comer** (*to eat*)

Written accent marks are used when a word's pronunciation is at odds with these rules. In other words, accent marks indicate a stress where you wouldn't normally expect it.

Thus, words which end in a vowel, n, or s but require the stress to fall on the last syllable need a written accent mark to "drag" the sound forward:

ciempiés (*centipede*), **canción** (*song*), el **cantó** (*he sang*),² yo **comí** (*I ate*)

Conversely, words that need the stress to fall on the next to last syllable but end in a consonant other than n or s need a written accent mark to "drag" the sound backward: **lápiz** (*pencil*), **árbol** (*tree*), **azúcar** (*sugar*), **carácter** (*character*)

Finally, words that need the stress on the antepenultimate syllable always have a written accent:

murciélagos (*bat*)³, círculo (circle), lágrima (eye tear), cántalo (sing it)

NUMBERS

zero	<i>cero</i>	<u>seh-roh</u>
one	<i>uno</i>	<u>oo-noh</u>
two	<i>dos</i>	<u>dohss</u>
three	<i>tres</i>	<u>trehss</u>
four	<i>cuatro</i>	<u>kwah-troh</u>
five	<i>cinco</i>	<u>seen-koh</u>
six	<i>seis</i>	<u>sayss</u>
seven	<i>siete</i>	<u>see-eh-teh</u>
eight	<i>ocho</i>	<u>oh-choh</u>
nine	<i>nueve</i>	<u>nweh-veh</u>
ten	<i>diez</i>	<u>dee-ess</u>
eleven	<i>once</i>	<u>ohn-seh</u>
twelve	<i>doce</i>	<u>doh-seh</u>
thirteen	<i>trece</i>	<u>treh-seh</u>
fourteen	<i>catorce</i>	<u>kah-<u>tor</u>-seh</u>
fifteen	<i>quince</i>	<u>keen-seh</u>

sixteen	<i>dieciseis</i>	dee-eh-see-<u>sayss</u>
seventeen	<i>diecisiete</i>	dee-eh-see-see-<u>eh</u>-teh
eighteen	<i>dieciocho</i>	dee-eh-see-<u>oh</u>-choh
nineteen	<i>diecinueve</i>	dee-eh-see-<u>nweh</u>-veh
twenty	<i>veinte</i>	vayn-teh
twenty-one	<i>veintiuno</i>	vayn-tee-<u>oo</u>-noh
twenty-two	<i>veintidós</i>	vayn-tee-<u>dohss</u>
thirty	<i>treinta</i>	trayn-tah
thirty-one	<i>treinta y uno</i>	trayn-tah ee <u>oo</u>-noh
thirty-two	<i>treinta y dos</i>	trayn-tah ee dohss
forty	<i>cuarenta</i>	kwah-<u>ren</u>-tah
fifty	<i>cincuenta</i>	seen-<u>kwen</u>-tah
sixty	<i>sesenta</i>	seh-<u>sen</u>-tah
seventy	<i>setenta</i>	seh-<u>ten</u>-tah
eighty	<i>ochenta</i>	oh-<u>chen</u>-tah
ninety	<i>noventa</i>	noh-<u>yen</u>-tah
one hundred	<i>cien</i>	see-<u>en</u>
one hundred and one	<i>ciento uno</i>	see-<u>en</u>-toh <u>oo</u>-noh
one hundred and two	<i>ciento dos</i>	see-<u>en</u>-toh dohss

two hundred	<i>doscientos</i>	dohss-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
three hundred	<i>trescientos</i>	trehss-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
four hundred	<i>cuatrocientos</i>	kwah-troh-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
five hundred	<i>quinientos</i>	kee-nee-<u>en</u>-tohss
six hundred	<i>seiscientos</i>	sayss-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
seven hundred	<i>setecientos</i>	seh-teh-see-en-tohss
eight hundred	<i>ochocientos</i>	oh-choh-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
nine hundred	<i>novecientos</i>	noh-veh-see-<u>en</u>-tohss
one thousand	<i>mil</i>	meel
two thousand	<i>dos mil</i>	dohss-<u>meel</u>
one hundred thousand	<i>cien mil</i>	see-en meel
million	<i>millón</i>	mee-yohn
two million	<i>dos millones</i>	dohss mee-yoh-ness

1.

I need to add up these numbers.

Necesito sumar estos numeros.

Neh-seh-see-toh soo-mar ess-tohss noo-meh-rohss

2.

How much is one plus one? *¿Cuánto es uno más uno?*

Kwahn-toh ess oo-noh mahss oo-noh

3. What's the total? *¿Cuál es el total?* **Kwahl ess el toh-tahl**

4.

What happens if I multiply it by two?

¿Qué pasa si lo multiplico por dos?

Keh pah-sah see loh mool-tee-plee-koh por dohss

5.

Can I divide it by three? *¿Lo puedo dividir por tres?*

Loh pweh-doh dee-vee-deer por trehss

6.

Now take away one. *Ahora restale uno.*

Ah-oh-rah ress-tah-teh oo-noh

7.

These numbers don't add up! *¡Estos números estan mal!*

Ess-tohss noo-meh-rohss ess-tahn mahl

COLORS

8.

What's your favorite color? *¿Cuál es tu color favorito?*

Kwahl ess too koh-lor fah-voh-ree-toh

9.

My favorite color is blue. *Mi color favorito es azul.*

Mee koh-lor fah-voh-ree-toh ess ah-sool

...black.negro. **neh-groh**

...brown.café/marrón. **kah-feh/mah-ron**

...green.verde. **vehr-deh**

...gray.gris. **greess**

...orange.anaranjado. **ah-nah-rahnh-hah-doh**

...pink.rosa. **roh-sah**

...purple.morado. **moh-rah-doh**

...red.rojo. **roh-hoh**

...white.blanco. **blahn-koh**

...yellow.amarillo. **ah-mah-ree-yoh**

10.

What color is ... *¿De qué color es ... ?*

Deh keh koh-lor ess

MEETING & GREETING

11. Hello. *Hola.* **Oh-lah**

12. Good morning/day. *Buenos dias.* **Bweh-nohss dee-ahss**

13. Good afternoon. *Buenas tardes.* **Bweh-nahss tar-dess**

14.

Good evening/night. *Buenas noches.*

Bweh-nahss noh-chess

15. Welcome. *Bienvenido(a(s)).* **Bee-en-veh-nee-doh/-ah(ss)**

16. Come in. *Adelante./Pase(n).* **Ah-dehl-ahn-teh/Pah-seh(n)**

17. Don't be shy. *No tenga(n) pena.* **Noh ten-gah(n) peh-nah**

18.

Pleased to meet you. *Es un placer (conocerlo/-a).*

Ess oon plah-sehr (koh-noh-sehr-loh/-ah)

19.

Nice to meet you. *Mucho gusto (en conocerlo/-a).*

Moo-choh goos-toh (en koh-noh-sehr-loh/-ah)

20.

The pleasure is mine. *El gusto es mio.*

El goos-toh ess mee-oh

21. Charmed. *Encantado.* **En-kahn-tah-doh**

22. Likewise. *Igualmente.* **Ee-wahl-men-teh**

23.

What's your name? (for.) *¿Cómo se llama (usted)?* **Koh-moh seh yah-mah (oos-ted)**

24. What's your name? (inf.) ... *te llamas?* **teh yah-mahss**

25. I'm called ... *Me llamo ...* **Meh yah-moh**

26.

My name is . . . *Mi nombre es ...*

Mee nohm-breh ess ...

27.

Where are you from? (for./inf.) *¿De donde esleres?*

Deh dohn-deh ess/ eh-ress

28. I'm from ... *Soy de... Soy deh*

29.

Let me introduce you to ... (for./inf.) *Lelte presento a ...* **Leh/teh preh-sen-toh ah**

30.

How are you? (for./inf.) *¿Cómo está(s)?*

Koh-moh ess-tahss

31.

How's it going? (for./inf.) *¿Cómo lelte va?*

Koh-moh leh/teh vah

32. How goes it? *¿Qué tal?* **Keh tahl**

33.

Very well/Fine, thank you. (*Muy*) *Bien, gracias.*

(Mooy) Bee-en.grah-see-ahss

34.

So-so. *Más o menos./Así así.* (*Sp.*) **Mahss oh meh-nohss/Ah-see ah-see**

35. (Very) bad. (*Muy*) *Mal.* **(Mooy) Mahl**

36. And yourself? (for./inf.) *¿Y usted/tú?* **Ee oos-ted/too**

37. What's new? *¿Qué hay de nuevo?* **Keh I deh nweh-voh**

38.

What's going on? *¿Qué pasó?/¿Qué hubo?* (*L. Am.*)

Keh pah-soh/Keh oo-boh

39.

What's happening? *¿Qué pasa?/¿Qué onda?* (*Mex.*)

Keh pah-sah/Keh ohn-dah

40.

All's well. *Todo bien./Todo cheque.* (*Hon.*) **Toh-doh bee-en/Toh-doh cheh-keh**

41. I don't know. *No sé.* **Noh seh**

42. Nothing. *Nada.* **Nah-dah**

43. Good-bye. *Adiós.* **Ah-dee-ohss**

44.

I don't like good-byes. *No me gustan las despedidas.*

No meh goos-tahn lahss dess-peh-dee-dahss

45.

See you later. *Nos vemos.* ***I*Hasta luego.**

Nohss veh-mohss/Ahss-tah lweh-goh

46. See you soon. *Hasta pronto.* **Ahss-tah prohn-toh**

47.

See you tomorrow. *Hasta mañana.*

Ahss-tah mah-nyah-nah

48.

Until we meet again. *Hasta la vista/la próxima.*

Ahss-tah lah vees-tah/lah prohk-see-mah

49.

When will we meet again? *¿Cuándo nos volveremos a ver?*

Kwahn-doh nohss vohl-veh-reh-mohss ah vehr

50.

Hopefully it won't be long. *Ojalá no pase mucho tiempo.*

Oh-hah-lah noh pah-seh moo-choh tee-em-poh

51.

Have a nice day. *Que te vaya bien.*

Keh teh vah-yah bee-en

52.

I hope you had a good time. *Espero que se hayan divertido.*

Ess-peh-roh keh seh I-ahn dee-vehr-tee-doh

53.

I had a lot of fun. *Me diverti mucho.*

Meh dee-vehr-tee moo-choh

54.

I had a (very) good time. *La pasé (muy) bien.*

Lah pah-seh (mooy) bee-en

55.

Come back soon! *;Regresen pronto!* **Reh-greh-sen-prohn-toh**

56. Don't come back! *;No vuelvan!* **Noh ywel-vahn**

57. Good luck. (*Buena*) *Suerte.* **(Bweh-nah) Swehr-teh**

58. Take care. *Cuidate.* **Kwee-dah-teh**

59. Give my regards to ... *Saludos a ...* **Sah-loo-dohss ah**

BASIC COURTESY

60. Please. *Por favor.* **Por fah-vor**

61.

Thank you (very much). (*Muchas*) *Gracias.*
(Moo-chahss) Grah-see-ahss

62.

Thanks for everything. *Gracias por todo.*
Grah-see-ahss por toh-doh

63.

I'm very grateful. (for.) *Se lo agradezco mucho.*
Seh loh ah-grah-dess-koh moo-choh

64.

You're welcome. *De nada./No hay de qué.*
Deh nah-dah/Noh I deh keh

65.

Excuse me. (for.) *Disculpe./Perdóneme.*
Dees-kool-peh/Pehr-doh-neh-meh

66. If I may be allowed. *Con permiso.* **Kohn pehr-mee-soh**

67.

I wouldn't want to bother you. (for.)
No quisiera molestarlo . Noh kee-see-eh-rah moh-less-tar-loh

68.

I didn't mean to ... *No era mi intención ...*
Noh eh-rah mee een-ten-see-ohn

69.

I hope it's not too much of a bother. *Espero que no sea mucha molestia*
Ess-peh-roh keh noh seh-ah moo-chah moh-less-tee-ah

70.

If you don't mind. *Si no le importa.* **See noh leh eem-por-tah**

71. I would like to ... *Me gustaria ...* **Meh goos-tah-ree-ah**

72. May I ... ? *¿Puedo . . . ?* **Pweh-doh**

73. Is one allowed to ... ? *¿Se puede ... ?* **Seh pweh-deh**

74. Sure, absolutely. *¿Cómo no?* **Koh-moh noh**

75. It's ok. *Está bien.* **Ess-tah bee-en**
76. No problem. *No hay problema.* **Noh I proh-bleh-mah**
77. Of course. *No faltaba más.* **Noh fahl-tah-bah mahss**
78. Allow me. (for.) *Permitame.* **Pehr-mee-tah-meh**
79. Gladly. *Con gusto.* **Kohn goos-toh**
80. Don't bother. (for.) *No se moleste.* **Noh seh moh-less-teh**
81.
Don't worry. (for.) *No se preocupe.*
Noh seh preh-oh-koo-peh
82. I'm sorry. *Lo siento.* **Loh see-en-toh**
83. Bless you. *Salud.* **Sah-lood**

HOW DO YOU SAY . . . ?

84.
Do you speak English? (for./inf.)
¿Habla(s) inglés? **Ah-blah(s) een-gless**
85.
Does anyone here speak English?
¿Alguien aquí habla inglés?
Ahl-gee-en ah-kee ah-blah een-gless
86.
Do you understand me? (for./inf.) *¿Me entiende(s)?*
Meh en-tee-en-deh(ss)
87.
I don't understand. *No entiendo/comprendo.*
Noh en-tee-en-doh/kohm-pren-doh
88.
I'm confused. *Estoy confundido.*
Ess-toy kohn-foon-dee-doh
89.
I don't speak Spanish. *No hablo español.*
Noh ah-bloh ess-pah-nyohl
- 90.

I speak a little Spanish. *Hablo un poco de español.*

Ah-bloh oon poh-koh deh ess-pah-nyohl

91.

I don't know this word. *No conozco esta palabra.*

Noh koh-nohss-koh ess-tah pah-lah-brah

92.

I didn't hear you correctly. (for.) *No lo escuché bien.*

Noh loh ess-koo-cheh bee-en

93.

Say again, please. (for.) *Repita, por favor.*

Reh-pee-tah, por fah-vor

94. Not so fast. *No tan rápido.* **Noh tahn rah-pee-doh.**

95.

Speak slower, please. (for.) *Hable mis despacio, por favor.*

Ah-bleh mahss dess-pah-see-oh, por fah-vor

96.

What does ... mean? *¿Qué significa . . . ?* **Keh seeg-nee-fee-kah**

97. What does this say? *¿Qué dice aquí?* **Keh dee-seh ah-kee**

98.

How do you say ... in Spanish?

¿Cómo se dice ... en español?

Koh-moh seh dee-seh ... en ess-pah-nyohl

99.

How do you pronounce this word?

¿Cómo se pronuncia esta palabra?

Koh-moh seh proh-noon-see-ah ess-tah pah-lah-brah

100.

Can you translate it for me? (for./inf.)

¿Me lo puede(s) traducir?

Meh loh pweh-deh(dess) trah-doo-seer

101.

Can you write it down? (for./inf.) *¿Puede(s) escribirlo?*

Pweh-deh(dess) es-kree-beer-loh

102.

How do you spell it? *¿Cómo se deletrea?*

Koh-moh seh deh-leh-treh-ah

103.

Do you have a dictionary? (for./inf.)

¿Tiene(s) un diccionario?

Tee-eh-neh (nehss) oon deek-see-oh-nah-ree-oh

104.

That's not what I meant. *Eso no es lo que quise decir.*

Eh-soh noh ess loh keh kee-seh deh-seer

105.

What I wanted to say was ... *Lo que queria decir es ...*

Loh keh keh-ree-ah deh-seer ess

THE BASICS

106.

I have a problem. *Tengo un problema.*

Ten-goh oon proh-bleh-mah

107.

I am lost. (m./f.) *Estoy perdido/a.*

Ess-toy pehr-dee-doh/ah

108.

I don't know where I am. *No sé dónde estoy.*

Noh seh dohn-deh ess-toy

109.

Help me, please. (for.) *Ayúdeme, por favor.*

Ah-yoo-deh-meh, por fah-vor

110.

Can you help me? (for./inf.) *¿Me puede(s) ayudar?*

Meh pweh-deh(s) ah-yoo-dar

111.

Who can help me? *¿Quién me puede ayudar?* **Kee-en meh pweh-deh ah-yoo-dar**

112.

Who can I ask? *¿A quién le puedo preguntar?* **Ah kee-en leh pweh-doh preh-goon-tar**

113.

I need help. *Necesito ayuda.* **Neh-seh-see-toh ah-yoo-dah**
...information ...*información.* **een-for-mah-see-ohn**
...a city map ...*un mapa de la ciudad* **oon mah-pah deh lah see-oo-dahd**
...money ...*dinero* **dee-neh-roh**
...food ...*comida.* **koh-mee-dah**

114.

I'm looking for something to eat/drink.

Estoy buscando algo de comer/beber.

Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh ahl-goh deh koh-mehr/beh-behr

115.

Where is there a restroom?

¿Dónde hay un banol unos servicios? (Sp.)

Dohn-deh I oon bah-nyoh/oo-nohss sehr-vee-see-ohss

116.

Can I make a phone call?

¿Puedo hacer una llamada (telefónica)?

Pweh-doh ah-sehr oo-nah yah-mah-dah (teh-leh-foh-nee-kah)

117.

I need to go to the (U.S.) consulate/the embassy.

Necesito ir al consulado/a la embajada (de Estados Unidos).

Neh-seh-see-toh eer ahl kohn-sool-ah-doh/ah lah em-bah-hah-dah deh Ess-tah-dohss Oo-nee-dohss

118.

Can I use the phone? *¿Puedo usar el teléfono?*

Pweh-doh oo-sar el teh-leh-foh-noh

... the restroom? ... *el baño/los servicios? (Sp.)*

el bah-nyoh/lohss sehr-vee-see-ohss

119. It's urgent. *Es urgente.* **Ess oor-hen-teh**

120.

Where is the train station?

¿Dónde está la estación de tren?

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah ess-tah-see-ohn deh tren

police station? *de policía?* **deh poh-lee-see-ah**

bus station? *de autobús?* **deh ow-toh-boos**

121.

Please take me to ... *Por favor lléveme a ...*

Por fah-vor yeh-veh-meh ah

... the airport *al aeropuerto . ahl I-roh-pwehr-toh*

122.

I want to go downtown. *Quiero ir al centro.* **Kee-eh-roh eer ahl sen-troh**

... to this address *a esta dirección.*

ah ess-tah dee-rek-see-ohn

123.

I want to go back home. *Quiero regresar a casa.*

Kee-eh-roh reh-greh-sar ah kah-sah

... to the hotel *al hotel.* **ahl oh-tel**

124.

Where can I find a drugstore?

¿Dónde puedo encontrar una farmacia?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh en-kohn-trar oo-nah far-mah-see-ah

... a supermarket? ... *un supermercado?*

oon soo-pehr mehr-kah-doh

... a travel agency? ... *una agencia de viajes?*

oo-nah ah-hen-see-ah deh vee-ah-hess

125.

What is this/that? *¿Qué es esto/eso?*

Keh ess ess-toh/eh-soh

126. Who is he/she? *¿Quién es él/ella?* **Kee-en ess el/eh-yah**

127.

When do we eat? *¿Cuándo comemos?*

Kwahn-doh koh-meh-mohss

128.

What can we eat? *¿Qué podemos comer?*

Keh poh-deh-mohss koh-mehr

129.

Where are we? *¿Dónde estamos?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah-mohss

130.

Where are we going? *¿A dónde vamos?*

Ah dohn-deh vah-mohss

131.

How can we get to ... ? *¿Cómo podemos llegar a ... ?*

Koh-moh poh-deh-mohss yeh-gar ah

132. What for? *¿Para qué?* **Pah-rah keh**

133. Why (not)? *¿Par qué (no)?* **Por keh (noh)**

134. I won't. *No quiero.* **Noh kee-eh-roh**

135. I can't. *No puedo.* **Noh pweh-doh**

136. Enough already! *¡Basta!* **Bahss-tah**

PERSONAL PORTRAITS & EMOTIONS

137.

Can you describe the person?

¿Puede describir a la persona?

Pweh-deh dess-kree-beer ah lah pehr-soh-nah

138.

What does he/she look like? *¿Cómo es?*

Koh-moh ess

139.

How old is he/she? *¿Cuántos años tiene?*

Kwahn-tohss ah-nyohss tee-eh-neh

140.

He/she is young/old. *Es joven/viejo.*

Ess hoh-vehn/vee-eh-hoh

... a child *un niño/a.* **oon nee-nyoh/ah**

141.

What's his/her weight? *¿Cuánto pesa?*

Kwahn-toh peh-sah

142.

He/she weighs around 180/130 pounds.

Pesa más o menos ochenta/sesenta kilos.

**Peh-sah mahss oh meh-nohss oh-chen-tah/
seh-sen-tah kee-lohss**

143.

What is his/her height? *¿Cuánto mide?*

Kwahn-toh mee-deh

144.

He/she is 6/5 feet tall. *Mide un metro ochenta/cincuenta.*

Mee-deh oon meh-troh oh-chen-tah/seen-kwen-tah

145. What does he/she look like? *¿Cómo es?* **Koh-moh ess**

146.

He/she has short/long hair. *Tiene el pelo corto/largo.*

Tee-eh-neh el peh-loh kor-toh/lar-goh

straight/curly ... *lacio/rizado.* **lah-see-oh/ree-sah-doh**

light/dark ... *claro/oscuro.* **klah-roh/ohss-koo-roh**

147. He/she is bald. *Es calvo/a.* **Ess cahl-voh/ah**

148.

He/she has fair/dark skin. *Tiene la piel clara/oscura.*

Tee-eh-neh lah pee-el klah-rah/ohss-koo-rah

... pale *pálida.* **pah-lee-dah**

149.

He/she has light/dark colored eyes.

Tiene los ojos claros/oscuros.

Tee-eh-neh lohss oh-hohss klah-rohss/ohss-koo-rohss

150.

He wears a moustache/beard. *Lleva bigote/barba.*

Yeh-vah bee-goh-teh/bar-bah

151.

He/she is (very) fat. *Es (muy) gordo/a.*

Ess (mooy) gor-doh/ah

...thin. (m./f.) ...*flaco/a.* **flah-koh/ah**

...short. (m./f.) ...*bajo/a.* **bah-hoh/ah**

...tall. (m./f.) ...*alto/a.* **ahl-toh/ah**

152.

He/she has a tattoo. *Tiene un tatuaje.*

Tee-eh-neh oon tah-twah-heh

... a piercing *un pirsin.* **oon peer-seen**

153.

He is very ugly/handsome. *Es muy feo/guapo.*

Ess (mooy) feh-oh/gwah-poh

154.

She is very ugly/beautiful. *Es muy fea/bella.*

Ess (mooy) feh-ah/beh-yah

155.

He/she is a (very) happy/serious person.

Es una persona (muy) alegre/seria.

Ess oo-nah pehr-soh-nah (mooy) ah-leh-greh/seh-ree-ah

...a (very) funny person ...*(muy) chistosa.* **(mooy) chees-toh-sah**

...a (very) intelligent person ...*(muy) inteligente.* **(mooy) een-teh-lee-hen-teh**

156. He's a great guy. *Es un gran tipo.* **Ess oon grahn tee-poh**

157.

He/she has a (great) sense of humor.

Tiene un (gran) sentido del humor.

Tee-eh-neh oon (grahn) sen-tee-doh del oo-mohr

158.

He/she makes me laugh. *Me hace reír.*

Meh ah-seh reh-eer

159.

He/she thinks he's so smart. *Se cree muy listo/a.* **Seh kreh mooy lees-
toh/-tah**

160.

In fact, he/she's (very) dumb. *En realidad es (muy) tonto/a*
En reh-ah-lee-dahd es (mooy) ton-toh/-tah

161.

I like him/her (a lot). *Me cae (muy) bien.*
Meh kah-eh (mooy) bee-en

162.

I love him/her (a lot). *Lo/la quiero (mucho).*
Loh/lah kee-eh-roh (moo-choh)

163.

I dislike him/her (a lot). *Me cae (muy) mail.*
Meh kah-eh (mooy) mahl

164.

I can't stand him/her. *No lo/la soporto.*
Noh loh/lah soh-por-toh

165. I detest him/her. *Lo/la detesto.* **Loh/lah deh-tess-toh**

166. I hate him/her. *Lo/la odio.* **Loh/lah oh-dee-oh**

167.

He/she seems (very) happy/depressed.
Se le ve (muy) feliz/deprimido.
Seh leh veh (mooy) feh-lees/deh-pree-mee-doh

168.

I feel (very) happy/sad. *Me siento (muy) feliz/triste.* **Meh see-en-toh
(mooy) feh-lees/trees-teh**

169.

I feel like crying. *Tengo ganas de llorar.* **Ten-goh gah-nahss deh
yoh-rar**

170.

I'm (very) angry. *Estoy (muy) enojado.*
Ess-toy (mooy) eh-noh-hah-doh

171.

I'm (very) scared. *Tengo (mucho) miedo.*

Ten-goh (moo-choh) mee-eh-doh

172.

You're scaring me. *Me estás asustando. Meh ess-tahss ah-soos-tahn-doh*

DATE & TIME

173.

What day is today? *¿Qué día es (hoy)?*

Keh dee-ah ess (oy)

174.

Today is Monday. *Hoy es lunes. Oy ess loo-ness*

...Tuesday ...*martes. mar-tess*

...Wednesday ...*miércoles. mee-ehr-koh-less*

...Thursday ...*jueves. hweh-vess*

...Friday ...*viernes. vee-ehr-ness*

...Saturday ...*sábado. sah-bah-doh*

...Sunday ...*domingo. doh-meen-goh*

...my birthday ...*mi cumpleaños. mee koom-pleh-ah-nyohss*

175.

What day is tomorrow/the day after tomorrow?

¿Qué día es mañana/pasado mañana?

Keh dee-ah ess mah-nyah-nah/pah-sah-doh mah-nyah-nah

176.

What day was yesterday? *¿Qué dia fue ayer? Keh dee-ah foo-eh ah-yeahr*

177.

What are you all doing tonight? *¿Qué van a hacer esta noche?*

Keh vahn ah ah-sehr ess-tah noh-cheh

178.

What did you do last night? *¿Qué hiciste anoche?*

Keh ee-sees-teh ah-noh-cheh

179.

What month are we in? *¿En qué mes estamos?*
En keh mess ess-tah-mohss

180.

It's January. *Es el mes de enero.* **Ess el mess deh eh-neh-roh**
...February. ...*febrero.* **feh-breh-roh**
...March. ...*marzo.* **mar-soh**
...April. ...*abril.* **ah-breet**
...May. ...*mayo.* **mah-yoh**
...June. ...*junio.* **hoo-nnee-oh**
...July. ...*julio.* **hoo-lee-oh**
...August. ...*agosto.* **ah-gohs-toh**
...September. ...*septiembre.* **sep-tee-em-breh**
...October. ...*octubre.* **ohk-too-breh**
...November. ...*noviembre.* **noh-vee-em-breh**
...December. ...*diciembre.* **dee-see-em-breh**

181.

What's the date? *¿Cuál es la fecha?*
Kwahl ess lah feh-chah

182.

Today is Monday, January first. *Hoy es lunes primero de enero.*
Oy ess loo-ness pree-meh-roh deh eh-neh-roh

183.

Next year I'm going to travel through Spain.
El año próximo voy a viajar por España.
El ah-nyoh prohk-see-moh voy ah vee-ah-har por
Ess-pah-nyah

184.

Last year I went to Mexico. *El año pasado fui a Mexico.* **El ah-nyoh**
pah-sah-doh fwee ah Meh-hee-koh

185.

I will go to Peru in the spring. *Iré a Perú en la primavera.* **Eer-eh ah**
Peh-roo en lah pree-mah-veh-rah

186.

What are your plans for the summer? (inf.)

¿Qué planes tienes para el verano?

Keh plah-ness tee-eh-ness pah-rah el veh-rah-noh

187.

I love the fall. *Me encanta el otoño.*

Meh en-kahn-tah el oh-toh-nyoh

188.

It's cold in the winter. *Hace frio en el invierno.*

Ah-seh free-oh en el een-vee-ehr-noh

189.

To every thing there is a season. *Hay un tiempo para todo.*

I oon tee-em-poh pah-rah toh-doh

190.

Do you have a watch? (inf.) *¿Tienes un reloj?*

Tee-eh-ness oon reh-lohh

191. What time is it? *¿Qué hora es?* **Keh oh-rah ess**

192.

It's one/It's two o'clock in the morning.

Es la una/Son las dos de la mañana.

Ess la oo-nah/Sohn lahss dohss deh lah mah-nyah-nah

... in the afternoon/evening *de la tarde.*

deh lah tar-deh

193.

It's eight o'clock at night. *Son las ocho de la noche.*

Sohn lahss oh-choh deh lah noh-cheh

194.

It's nine-twenty. *Son las nueve y veinte.*

Sohn lahss nweh-veh ee vayn -teh

195.

It's a quarter past ten. *Son las diez y cuarto.*

Sohn lahss dee-ess ee kwar-toh

196.

It's half past twelve. *Son las doce y media.*

Sohn lahss doh-seh ee meh-dee-ah

197.

It's a quarter to eleven.

Es un cuarto para las once/las once menos cuarto.

**Ess oon kwar-toh pah-rah lahss on-seh/lahss on-seh
meh-nohss kwar-toh**

198.

I think that clock is slow/fast.

Creo que ese reloj está atrasado/adelantado.

**Kreh-oh keh ess-eh reh-lohh ess-tah ah-trah-sah-doh/
ah-deh-lahn-tah-doh**

199.

At what time ... ? At three. *¿A qué hora ... ? A las tres.*

Ah keh oh-rah ... Ah lahss trehss

200.

It's (very) early/late. *Es (muy) temprano/tarde.*

Ess (mooy) tem-prah-noh/tar-deh

201.

What a beautiful sunset! *¡Qué bonito atardecer!*

Keh boh-nee-toh ah-tar-deh-sehr

202.

It's only dusk/dawn. *Apenas es el anochecer/amanecer.*

Ah-peh-nahss ess el ah-noh-cheh-sehr/ah-mah-neh-sehr

203.

It's already noon/midnight. *Ya es mediodía/medianocche.*

Yah ess meh-dee-oh-dee-ah/meh-dee-ah-noh-cheh

204.

I need to wake up at ... *Necesito despertarme a las ...*

Neh-seh-see-toh dess-pehr-tar-meh ah lahss

205.

I must leave at ... at the latest.

Debo salir a más tardar a las ...

Deh-boh sah-leer ah mahss tar-dar ah lahss

206.

I have to leave in a few minutes.

Me tengo que ir dentro de unos minutos.

Meh ten-goh keh eer den-troh deh oo-nohss mee-noo-tohss

207.

I want to get there early. *Ouiero llegar temprano.*

Kee-eh-roh yeh-gar tem-prah-noh

208.

I don't have time to ... *No tengo tempo de ...*

Noh ten-goh tee-em-poh deh

209.

I'm in a (big) hurry. *Tengo (mucha) prisa.*

Ten-goh (moo-chah) pree-sah

210.

We're never going to get there at this pace.

Nunca vamos a llegar a este paso.

Noon-kah vah-mohss ah yeh-gar ah ess-teh pah-soh

211.

Hurry up. (for.) *Dese prisa/apresúrese/apúrese.*

Deh-seh pree-sah/ah-preh-soo-reh-seh/ah-poo-reh-seh

Hurry up. (inf.) *Date prisa/apresúrate/apúrate.*

Dah-teh pree-sah/ah-preh-soo-rah-teh/ah-poo-rah-teh

212. Let's go! *; Vamos!* **Vah-mohss**

213. Fast! *; Rapido!* **Rah-pee-doh**

214.

I can't go any faster. *No puedo ir más rápido.*

Noh pweh-doh eer mahss rah-pee-doh

215.

We're running late. *Vamos retrasados.*

Vah-mohss reh-trah-sah-dohss

216.

We're going to be late. *Vamos a llegar tarde.*

Vah-mohss ah yeh-gar tar-deh

217.

How much longer do we have? *¿Cuánto tiempo nos queda?*

Kwahn-toh tee-em-poh nohss keh-dah

218.

It's too late. *Es demasiado tarde.*

Ess deh-mah-see-ah-doh tar-deh

219.

It's been a while since ... *Hace mucho (tiempo) que no ...*

Ah-seh moo-choh (tee-em-poh) keh noh

220.

Let's go next week. *Vamos la semana próxima.*

Vah-mohss lah seh-mah-nah prohk-see-mah

221. Time flies. *El tiempo vuela. El tee-em-poh yweh-lah*

CELEBRATIONS

222.

When is your birthday? *¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?*

Kwahn-doh ess too koom-pleh-ah-nyohss

223.

Today is my birthday. *Hoy es mi cumpleaños.*

Oy ess mee koom-pleh-ah-nyohss

224.

Happy birthday! *¡Feliz cumpleaños!*

Feh-lees koom-pleh-ah-nyohss

225. Many happy returns! *¡Felicidades!* **Feh-lee-see-dah-dess**

226.

Congratulations! *¡Felicitaciones!*

Feh-lee-see-tah-see-oh-ness

227.

How old are you? *¿Cuántos años cumplés?*

Kwahn-tohss ah-nyohss koom-pless

228.

What do you want as a present? *¿Quéquieres de regalo?*

Keh kee-eh-ress deh reh-gah-loh

229.

Let's go celebrate. *Vamos a festejar.*

Vah-mohss ah fess-teh-hahr

230.

We just got married. *Nos acabamos de casar.*

Nohss ah-kah-bah-mohss deh kah-sar

231.

We're having a baby. *Vamos a tener un bebé.*

Vah-mohss ah teh-nehr oon beh-beh

232. Congratulations! *¡Enhorabuena!* **En-oh-rah-bweh-nah**

233.

What holidays do you celebrate here?

¿Qué fiestas celebran aquí?

Keh fee-ess-tahss seh-leh-brahn ah-kee

234.

How are they celebrated? *¿Cómo se celebran?*

Koh-moh seh seh-leh-brahn

235.

When is Independence Day?

¿Cuándo es el día de la independencia? (L. Am.)

Kwahn-doh ess el dee-ah deh lah een-deh-pen-den-see-ah

236.

When does Mardi Gras begin?

¿Cuándo empieza el carnaval?

Kwahn-doh em-pee-eh-sah el kar-nah-vahl

237.

When are the next holidays?

¿Cuándo son las próximas vacaciones?

Kwahn-doh sohn lahss prohk-see-mahss vah-kah-see-oh-ness

238.

Tonight is Christmas Eve. *Esta noche es Noche Buena.*

Ess-tah noh-cheh ess noh-cheh bweh-nah

239.

Tomorrow is Christmas. *Mañana es Navidad.*

Mah-nyah-nah ess nah-vee-dahd

240. Merry Christmas! *¡Feliz Navidad!* **Feh-lees nah-vee-dahd**

241.

Prosperous New Year! *¡Próspero año nuevo!*

Prohss-peh-roh ah-nyoh nweh-voh

242.

Happy holidays! *¡Felices fiestas!*

Feh-lee-sess fee-ess-tahss

THE WEATHER

243.

How's the weather? *¿Cómo está el clima?*

Koh-moh ess-tah el klee-mah

244.

The weather's good/bad. *Hace buen/mal clima.* **Ah-seh bwen/mahl**

klee-mah

245.

It's (very) cloudy/sunny. *Está (muy) nublado/soleado.*

Ess-tah (mooy) noo-blah-doh/soh-leh-ah-doh

... dry/humid *secolhúzedo.* **seh-koh/oo-meh-doh**

246.

What's the temperature? *¿Cuál es la temperatura?*

Kwahl ess lah tem-peh-rah-too-rah

247.

It's (very) hot/cold. *Hace (mucho) calor/frío.*

Ah-seh (moo-choh) kah-lor/free-oh

... windy *viento.* **vee-en-toh**

248.

Do I need a sweater? *¿Necesito un suéter?*

Neh-seh-see-toh oon sweh-tehr

... a jacket? ... *una charharra?* (L. Am.)

oo-nah chah-mar-rah

249.

Should I take a short-sleeved shirt?

Debo llevar una camisa de manga corta?

Deh-boh yeh-var oo-nah kah-mee-sah deh mahn-gah kor-tah

... a T-shirt? ... *una camiseta?*

oo-nah kah-mee-seh-tah

250.

It hasn't rained for a while. *Hace tiempo que no llueve.*

Ah-seh tee-em-poh keh noh yweh-veh.

251.

It looks like it's going to rain.

Parece que va a llover. **Pah-reh-seh keh vah ah yoh-vehr**

252.

The sky is getting cloudy. *El cielo se está nublando.*

El see-eh-loh seh ess-tah noo-blahn-doh

253.

It's (not) the rainy season. (*No*) *Es temporada de lluvias.*

(Noh) Ess tem-poh-rah-dah deh yoo-vee-ahss

254.

Should I take an umbrella? *¿Debo llevar un paraguas?*

Deh-boh yeh-var oon par-ah-wahss

255. It's raining. *Está lloviendo.* **Ess-tah yoh-vee-en-doh**

256.

It's just drizzle. *Es sólo una llovizna.*

Ess soh-loh oo-nah yoh-vees-nah

257.

A storm is approaching. *Se acerca una tormenta.*

Seh ah-sehr-kah oo-nah tor-men-tah

258.

A thunderstorm? *¿Una tormenta eléctrica?*

Oo-nah tor-men-tah eh-lek-tree-kah

259.

It's raining by the bucketful. *Está lloviendo a cántaros.*

Ess-tah yoh-vee-en-doh ah kahn-tah-rohss

260.

There's thunder and lightning. *Hay rayos y truenos.*

I rah-yohss ee trweh-nohss

261.

When will the sun shine again?

¿Cuándo saldrá otra vez el sol?

Kwahn-doh sahl-drah oh-trah vess el sohl

262.

Tomorrow will be clear/rainy/stormy.

Mañana estará despejado/lluvioso/tormentoso.

**Mah-nyah-nah ess-tah-rah dess-peh-hah-doh/
yoo-vee-ohss-oh/tor-men-toh-soh**

263.

I love this weather! *¡Me encanta este clima!*

Meh en-kahn-tah ess-teh klee-mah

264.

I hate this weather! *¡Odio este clima!*

Oh-dee-oh ess-teh klee-mah

265.

I can't control the weather. *No puedo controlar el clima.*

Noh nweh-doh kohn-troh-lahr el klee-mah

GETTING THERE

266.

Where is the airport? *¿Dónde está el aeropuerto?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah el I-roh-pwehr-toh

... the train station? ... *la estación del tren?*

lah ess-tah-see-ohn del tren

267.

Are we near/far from the port?

¿Estamos cerca/lejos del puerto?

Ess-tah-mohss sehr-kah/leh-hohss del pwehr-toh

... the bus stop/terminal?

... de la parada/terminal de autobuses?

deh lah pah-rah-dah /tehr-mee-nahl deh ow-toh-boo-sess

268.

At what time does the flight to ... leave?

¿A qué hora sale el vuelo a ... ?

Ah keh oh-rah sah-leh el vweh-loh ah

the train to...leave? ... *el tren a ... ? el tren ah*

the bus to ... leave? ... *el autobús a ... ? el ow-toh-boos ah*

the boat to ... leave? *el barco a ... ? el bar-koh ah*

269.

I need to take the next flight to ...

Necesito tomar el próximo vuelo a ...

Neh-seh-see-toh toh-mahr el prohk-see-moh vweh-loh ah

... the first/last flight to ...

... el primer/último vuelo a ...

el pree-mehr/ool-tee-moh vweh-loh ah

270.

We can't miss that boat! *¡No podemos perder ese barco!*

Noh poh-deh-mohss pehr-dehr eh-seh bar-koh

271.

I think we missed the train. *Creo que perdimos el tren.*

Kreh-oh keh pehr-dee-mohss el tren

272.

At what time does the flight coming from ... arrive?

¿A qué hora llega el vuelo que viene de ... ?

Ah keh oh-rah yeh-gah el vweh-loh keh vee-eh-neh deh

273.

Do you have the arrival/departure schedule? (for.)

¿Tiene el horario de salidas/llegadas?

Tee-eh-neh el oh-rah-ree-oh deh sahl-ee-dahss/yeh-gah-dahss
274.

Where is the ticket counter? *¿Dónde está la taquilla?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah tah-kee-yah

the waiting area? *la sala de espera?* **lah sah-lah deh ess-peh-rah**
the departure gate? ... *la puerta de embarque?* **lah pwehr-tah deh em-bar-keh**

275.

What's the train platform number?

¿Cuál es el número del andén?

Kwahl ess el noo-meh-roh del ahn-den

... the dock number? ... *el número del muelle?*

el noo-meh-roh del mweh-yeh

276.

How much is a ticket to ... ?

¿Cuánto cuesta el boleto a ... ?

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah el boh-leh-toh ah

... a ticket to ... ? ... *el billete a ...?* (Sp.)

el bee-yeh-teh ah

277.

Is it a direct trip? *¿Es un viaje directo?*

Ess oon vee-ah-heh dee-rek-toh

278.

How many stops/transfers are there?

¿Cuántas paradas/cuántos cambios hay?

Kwahn-tahss pah-rah-das/kwahn-tohss kahm-bee-ohss I

279.

How long does it take to get to ... ?

¿Cuánto tarda en llegar a ... ?

Kwahn-toh tar-dah en yeh-gar ah

280.

Is there a discount for students?

¿Hay descuento para estudiantes?

I dess-kwen-toh pah-rah ess-too-dee-ahn-tess

for teachers? *para profesores?* **pah-rah proh-feh-soh-ress**
for the elderly? *para personas mayores?* **pah-rah pehr-sohn-ahss
mah-yoh-ress**

281.

Does it include travelers' insurance?

¿Incluye seguro de viajero?

Een-kloo-ye_h seh-goo-roh deh vee-ah-heh-roh

282.

I want a round trip ticket.

Quiero un boleto/billete de ida y vuelta.

Kee-eh-roh oon boh-leh-toh/bee-ye_h-teh de ee-dah ee vwel-tah

... a one-way ticket.... *de ida solamente.*

deh ee-dah soh-lah-men-teh

283.

Give me a first-class ticket.

Deme un boleto/billete de primera clase.

**Deh-meh oon boh-leh-toh/bee-ye_h-teh deh pree-meh-rah
klah-seh**

... an economy ticket *de clase económica.*

deh klah-seh eh-koh-noh-mee-kah

284.

I would like a seat in the smoking/non-smoking section.

Me gustaría un asiento en la sección de fumar/de no fumar.

**Meh goos-tah-ree-ah oon ah-see-en-toh en lah sek-see-ohn deh
foo-mar/deh noh foo-mar**

285.

I prefer a window seat. *Prefiero un asiento con ventanilla.*

Preh-fee-eh-roh oon ah-see-en-toh kohn ven-tah-nee-yah

... an aisle seat *en el pasillo . en el pahss-see-yoh*

286.

Do I need to make a reservation?

¿Necesito hacer una reservación?

Neh-seh-see-toh ah-sehr oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn

287.

I want to reserve a seat/two seats.

Quiero reservar un asiento/dos asientos.

**Kee-eh-roh reh-sehr-var oon ah-see-en-toh/dohss
ah-see-en-tohss**

288.

Does it leave on time? *¿Sale puntualmente?*

Sah-leh poon-twahl-men-teh

289.

Is it on time/delayed? *¿Está a tiempo/retrasado?*

Ess-tah ah tee-em-poh/reh-trah-sah-doh

290.

At what time can we board?

¿A qué hora podemos abordar/erubarcar?

Ah keh oh-rah poh-deh-mohss ah-bor-dar/em-bar-kar

291.

Is this the train/bus that goes to ... ?

¿Este es el tren/autobus que va a ... ?

Ess-teh ess el tren/ow-toh-boos keh vah ah

292.

Is this seat free? *¿Esta libre este asiento?*

Ess-tah lee-breh ess-teh ahss-ee-en-toh

293.

May I sit here? *¿Me puedo sentar aquí?*

Meh pweh-doh sen-tar ah-kee

294.

You are sitting in my seat. (for.)

Está usted sentado/-a en mi asiento.

Ess-tah oo-sted sen-tah-doh/-ah en mee ah-see-en-toh

295.

You are sitting in my seat. (inf.)

Estás sentado/-a en mi asiento.

Ess-tahss sen-tah-doh/-ah en mee ah-see-en-toh

296.

That's my seat. *Ése es mi asiento.*

Ess-eh ess mee ah-see-en-toh

297.

Could you open the window (a little), please? (for.)

¿Podría abrir la ventanilla (un poco), por favor?

Poh-dree-ah ah-breer lah ven-tah-nee-yah (oon poh-koh), por fah-vor

298.

Do you mind if I open the window? (for.)

¿Le importa si abro la ventanilla?

Leh eem-por-tah see ah-broh lah ven-tah-nee-yah

299.

Have we arrived in . . . ? *¿Ya llegamos a . . . ?*

Yah yeh-gah-mohss ah

300.

Should I get off here? *¿Debo bajar aquí?*

Deh-boh bah-har ah-kee

301.

My luggage was damaged. *Se dañó mi equipaje.*

Seh dah-nyoh mee eh-kee-pah-heh

302.

Where's my luggage? *¿Dónde esta mi equipaje?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah mee eh-kee-pah-heh

303.

I need to find my suitcase. *Necesito encontrar mi maleta.*

Neh-seh-see-toh en-kohn-trar mee mah-leh-tah

304.

My luggage is missing/lost. *Mi equipaje está perdido.*

Mee eh-kee-pah-heh ess-tah pehr-dee-doh

305.

My suitcase was stolen. *Me robaron la maleta.*

Meh roh-bah-rohn lah mah-leh-tah

306.

Where can I buy a suitcase?

¿Dónde puedo comprar una maleta?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh kohm-prahr oo-nah mah-leh-tah

GETTING ORIENTED

307.

How do I get to . . . ? *¿Cómo llego a . . . ?*

Koh-moh yeh-goh ah

308. I want to go to . . . *Quiero ir a . . .*

Kee-eh-roh eer ah

309.

I'm looking for . . . *Estoy buscando . . .*

Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh

310.

Do you know the address of . . . ?

¿Sabe la dirección de . . . ?

Sah-beh lah dee-rek-see-ohn deh

311.

I need a (city/area) map.

Necesito un mapa (de la ciudad/del área).

**Neh-seh-see-toh oon mah-pah (deh lah see-oo-dahd/del
ah-reh-ah)**

312.

We need directions to get to . . .

Necesitamos direcciones para llegar a . . .

Neh-seh-see-tah-mohss dee-rek-see-oh-ness pah-rah yeh-gahr ah

313.

How far is . . . ? *¿Qué tan lejos está . . . ?*

Keh tahn leh-hohss ess-tah

314. Where is . . . ? *¿Dónde está . . . ?* **Dohn-deh ess-tah**

315.

Where are we? *¿Dónde estamos?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah-mohss

316.

Can you show me on the map? (for.)

¿Puede señalarlo en el mapa?

Pweh-deh seh-nyah-lar-loh en el mah-pah

317.

Should I keep going straight? *¿Debo seguir derecho/recto?*

Deh-boh seh-geer deh-reh-choh/rek-toh

... go up to the square? ... *seguir hasta la plaza?*

seh-geer ahss-tah lah plah-sah

318.

Do I turn right/left? *¿Day vuelta a la derecha/izquierda?*

Doy vwel-tah ah lah deh-reh-chah/ees-kee-ehr-dah

turn at the corner? *en la esquina?* **en lah ess-kee-nah**

turn at the light? *en el semáforo?* **en el sem-ah-foh-roh**

319.

Do I need to go through the tunnel?

¿Necesito atravesar el túnel?

Neh-seh-see-toh ah-trah-veh-sar el too-nel

... go across the bridge? ... *cruzar por el puente?*

kroo-sar por el pwen-teh

320.

Can you guide me there? (for.) *¿Me puede guiar hasta allá?*

Meh pweh-deh gee-ahr ahss-tah ah-yah

321.

How many streets/city blocks are there left to go?

¿Cuántas calles/cuadras faltan?

Kwahn-tahss kah-yess/kwah-drahss fahl-tahn

322.

The store is in front of the museum.

La tienda está frente al museo.

Lah tee-en-dah ess-tah fren-teh ahl moo-seh-oh

... behind the museum *atrás/a espaldas del museo.*

ah-trahss/ah ess-pahl-dahss del moo-seh-oh

... next to the museum *a un lado del museo.*

ah oon lah-doh del moo-seh-oh

... to the right of the museum *a la derecha del museo.*

ah lah deh-reh-chah del moo-seh-oh

... to the left of the museum.

... *a la izquierda del museo.*

ah lah ees-kee-ehr-dah del moo-seh-oh

323.

Is the museum near/far? *¿Está cerca/lejos el museo?*

Ess-tah sehr-kah/leh-hohss el moo-seh-oh

324.

Can we walk there? *¿Podemos caminar hasta allá?*

Poh-deh-mohss kah-mee-nahr ahss-tah ah-yah

325.

It's about ten minutes by foot.

Son como diez minutos a pie.

Sohn koh-moh dee-ess mee-noo-tohss ah pee-eh

326.

Are we almost there? *¿Ya casi llegamos?*

Yah kah-see yeh-gah-mohss

GETTING AROUND

327.

How can I get to . . . ? *¿Cómo puedo llegar a . . . ?*

Koh-moh pweh-doh yeh-gar ah

328.

What's the best way to go to . . . ?

¿Cuál es la mejor manera de ir a . . . ?

Kwahl ess lah meh-hor mah-neh-rah deh eer ah

329.

Can you go on foot/walking?

¿Se puede ir a pie/caminando?

Seh pweh-deh eer ah pee-eh/kah-mee-nahn-doh

330.

Can I get there by bus? *¿Puedo llegar ahí en autobús?*

Pweh-doh yeh-gar ah-ee en ow-toh-boos

331.

Is it complicated to go on the subway?

¿Es complicado ir en metro?

Ess kohm-plee-kah-doh eer en meh-troh

332.

Is it better to take a taxi? *¿Es mejor tomar un taxi?*

Ess meh-hor toh-mar oon tah-ksee

333.

Where can I get a taxi? *¿Dónde puedo conseguir un taxi?*

Dohn-deh pweh-doh kohn-seh-geer oon tah-ksee

334.

Is it safe to take a taxi? *¿Es seguro tomar un taxi?*

Ess seh-goo-roh toh-mar oon tah-ksee

335.

Can you call a taxi for me? (for./inf.)

¿Puede(s) llamar me un taxi?

Pweh-deh(s) yah-mar-meh oon tah-ksee

336.

I need a taxi at eight . . . *Necesito un taxi a las ocho . . .*

Neh-seh-see-toh oon tah-ksee ah lahss oh-choh

337.

Can you pick me up at . . . ? (for./inf.)

¿Puede(s) pasar por mí a las . . . ?

Pweh-deh(s) pah-sar por mee ah lahss

338. Are you available? (for.) *¿Está libre?* **Ess-tah lee-breh**

339.

How much is it to go to the airport?

¿Cuánto cuesta ir al aeropuerto?

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah eer ahl I-roh-pwehr-toh

... to the hotel? ... *al hotel?* **ahl oh-tel**

... to the downtown area? ... *al centro?* **ahl sen-troh**

... to this address? ... *a esta dirección?*

ah ess-tah dee-rek-see-ohn

340.

Do you charge by time or by distance?

¿Cobra por tiempo o por distancia?

Koh-brah por tee-em-poh oh por dees-tahn-see-ah

341.

Is there an extra fee for the luggage?

¿Hay un cargo extra por las maletas?

I oon kar-goh eks-trah por lahss mah-leh-tahss

... night service? ... *servicio nocturno?*

sehr-vee-see-oh nohk-toor-noh

... more than three passengers? . . . *más de tres pasajeros?*

mahss deh trehss pah-sah-heh-rohss

342.

Please, take me to the train station. (for.)

Por favor, lléveme a la estación de tren.

Por fah-vor, yeh-veh-meh ah lah ess-tah-see-ohn deh tren

to the bus terminal *a la terminal de autobuses.* **ah lah tehr-mee-nahl
deh ow-toh-boo-sess**

to the hospital *al hospital ahl ohss-pee-tahl*

343.

Is the meter working? *¿Funciona el taxímetro?*

foon-see-ohn-ah el tahk-see-meh-troh

344.

Drive slower/faster, please. (for.)

Vaya más despacio/rápido, por favor.

Vah-yah mahss dess-pah-see-oh/rah-pee-doh, por fah-vor

345.

I'm (not) in a hurry. (*No*) *Tengo prisa.*

(Noh) Ten-goh pree-sah

346.

Stop at the corner. (for.) *Pare en la esquina.*

Pah-reh en lah ess-kee-nah

347. Here is fine. *Aquí está bien.* **Ah-kee ess-tah bee-en**

348.

Let me out here, please. (for.) *Déjeme aquí, por favor.*

Deh-heh-meh ah-kee, por fah-vor

349.

Can you wait for me here? (for.) *¿Me puede esperar aquí?*

Meh pweh-deh ess-peh-rar ah-kee

350.

Wait for me here, please (for.) *Espéreme aquí, por favor.*

Ess-peh-reh-meh ah-kee. por fah-vor

351.

Can you take me back? (for.) *¿Me puede llevar de regreso?*

Meh pweh-deh yeh-var deh reh-greh-soh

352.

Keep the change. (for.) *Quédese con el cambio.*

Keh-deh-seh kohn el kahm-bee-oh

353.

Where is the bus stop? *¿Dónde está la parada del autobús?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah pah-rah-dah del ow-toh-boos

354.

Does the bus to ... stop here? *¿Para aquí el autobús a . . . ?*

Pah-rah ah-kee el ow-toh-boos ah

355.

At what time does the bus to . . . go by?

¿A qué hora pasa el autobús a . . . ?

Ah keh oh-rah pah-sah el ow-toh-boos ah

356.

What's the fare? *¿Cuánto cuesta el pasaje?*

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah el pah-sah-heh

357.

Is it still a long way to . . . ?

¿Falta mucho para llegar a . . . ?

Fahl-tah moo-choh pah-rah yeh-gar ah

358.

Do you go as far as . . . ? (for.) *¿Llega hasta . . . ?*

Yeh-gah ahss-tah

359. Do you go by ... ? (for.) *¿Pasa por . . . ?* **Pah-sah por**

360.

Please let me know where to get off. (for.)

Por favor avíseme dónde bajar me.

Por fah-vor ah-vee-seh-meh dohn-deh bah-har-meh

361.

What's the nearest subway station?

¿Cuál es la estación de metro más cercana?

**Kwahl ess lah ess-tah-see-ohn deh meh-troh mahss
sehr-kah-nah**

362.

Where can I buy a ticket?

¿Dónde puedo comprar un boleto?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh kohm-prar oon boh-leh-toh

363.

One ticket, please. *Un boleto, por favor.*

Oon boh-leh-toh por fah-vor

364.

What's the station for the museum?

¿Cuál es la estación para el museo?

Kwahl ess lah ess-tah-see-ohn pah-rah el moo-seh-oh

365.

(Where) Must I transfer to get to . . . ?

¿(Dónde) Debo transbordar para llegar a . . . ?

(Dohn-deh) Deh-boh trahns-bor-dar pah-rah yeh-gar ah

366.

Where can I rent a car?

¿Dónde puedo alquilar/ rentar un auto?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh ahl-kee-lar/ren-tar oon ow-toh

367.

I would like to rent a car (with air conditioning). *Quisiera alquilar/rentar un auto (con aire acondicionado).*

Kee-see-eh-rah ahl-kee-lar/ren-tar oon ow-toh (kohn I-reh ah-kohn-dee-see-oh-nah-doh)

368.

How much is the rate per hour/day/week?

¿Cuánto cuesta el alquiler por hora/día/semana?

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah el ahl-kee-lehr por oh-rah/dee-ah/ seh-mah-nah

369.

Does it include insurance? *¿Incluye segura?*

Een-kloo-yeh seh-goo-roh

370.

Do you have a highway/city map? (for.)

¿Tiene un mapa de carreteras/de la ciudad?

Tee-eh-neh oon mah-pah deh kah-reh-teh-rahss/deh lah see-oo-dahd

371.

What's the speed limit? *¿Cuál es el límite de velocidad?*

Kwahl ess el lee-mee-teh deh vel-oh-see-dahd

372.

Do you know where there's a parking lot? (for.)

¿Sabe dónde hay un estacionamiento?

Sah-beh dohn-deh I oon ess-tah-see-oh-nah-mee-en-toh

373.

What's the rate? *¿Cuál es la tarifa?*

Kwahl ess lah tah-ree-fah

374.

Do you charge by the hour/fraction of an hour?

¿Cobran por hora/por fracción?

Koh-brahn por oh-rah/por frahk-see-ohn

375.

Can I park here? *¿Puedo estacionarme aquí?* **Pweh-doh ess-tah-see-oh-nar-meh ah-kee**

376.

For how long? *¿Por cuánto tiempo?* **Por kwahn-toh tee-em-poh**
377.

Do I need to put coins in the parking meter? *¿Necesito poner monedas en el parquímetro?*

**Neh-seh-see-toh poh-nehr moh-neh-dahss en el
par-kee-meh-troh**

378.

I don't want to get a ticket. *No quiero que me pongan una multa.*

Noh kee-eh-roh keh meh pohn-gahn oo-nah mool-tah

379.

Where is there a gas station around here?

¿Dónde hay una gasolinera por aquí?

Dohn-deh I oo-nah gah-soh-lee-neh-rah por ah-kee

380. Fill it up, please. *Lleno, por favor.* **Yeh-noh, por fah-vor**

381.

Can you check the oil? (for.) *¿Puede checar el aceite?* **Pweh-deh
cheh-kar el ah-say-teh**

... the tire pressure? ... *la presión?* **lah preh-see-ohn**

A PLACE TO STAY

382.

I want to stay in a (cheap/fancy) hotel.

Quiero hospedarme en un hotel (barato/de lujo).

**Kee-eh-roh ohss-peh-dar-meh en oon oh-tel (bah-rah-toh/deh
loo-hoh)**

a hotel near the downtown area. *un hotel cerca del centro.* **oon oh-tel
sehr-kah del sen-troh**

a bed-and-breakfast *una pensión con desayuno* **oo-nah pen-see-ohn
kohn deh-sah-yoo-noh**

383.

I am looking for a (youth) hostel.

Estoy buscando un albergue (juvenil).

Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh oon ahl-behr-geh (hoo-veh-neel)

a guesthouse *una casa de huéspedes*.**oo-nah kah-sah deh wess-peh-dess**

a place to sleep *un lugar donde dormir*.**oon loo-gar dohn-deh dor-meer**

a place to camp *un lugar donde acampar*.**oon loo-gar dohn-deh ah-kahm-par**

384.

How much is a room per night?

¿Cuánto cuesta la habitación por noche?

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah lah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn por noh-cheh

...per week? ...*por semana?* **por seh-mah-nah**

...per person? ...*por persona?* **por pehr-soh-nah**

385.

Does it include meals? *¿Incluye comidas?*

Een-kloo-yeh koh-mee-dahss

... breakfast? ... *el desayuno?* **el deh-sah-yoo-noh**

... dinner? ... *la cena?* **lah seh-nah**

386.

I have a reservation. *Tengo una reservación.*

Ten-goh oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn

387.

My name is ... *Mi nombre es ...*

Mee nohm-breh ess ...

388.

Can I make a reservation (for today)?

¿Puedo hacer una reservación (para hoy)?

Pweh-doh ah-sehr oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn (pah-rah oy)

389.

I want to make a reservation for tomorrow.

Quiero hacer una reservación para mañana.

Kee-eh-roh ah-ser oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn pah-rah mah-nyah-nah

for next week *para la semana próxima*.**pah-rah lah seh-mah-nah prohk-see-mah**

390.

Do you have rooms available? (for.)

¿Tiene habitaciones disponibles?

Tee-eh-neh ah-bee-tah-see-oh-ness dees-poh-nee-bless

391.

I would like a single/double room.

Quisiera una habitación sencilla/doble.

Kee-see-eh-rah oo-nah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn sen-see-yah/doh-bleh

...a room with a bathroom/bathtub.

...*una habitación con baño/tina.*

oo-nah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn kohn bah-nyoh/tee-nah

392.

I want a room with air conditioning.

Quiero una habitación con aire acondicionado.

Kee-eh-roh oo-nah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn kohn I-reh

ah-kohn-dee-see-oh-nah-doh

393.

Do you have a room with a view? (for.)

¿Tiene una habitación con vista?

Tee-eh-neh oo-nah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn kohn vees-tah

a (non) smoking room?

... *una habitación de (no) fumar?*

oo-nah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn deh (noh) foo-mar

two (neighboring) rooms?

dos habitaciones lado a lado?

dohss ah-bee-tah-see-oh-ness lah-doh ah lah-doh

a luxury suite? *una suite de lujo?*

oo-nah sweet de loo-hoh

394.

May I see the room? *¿Puedo ver la habitación?*

Pweh-doh vehr lah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn

395.

Does it have hot water? *¿Tiene agua caliente?*

Tee-eh-neh ah-wah kah-lee-en-teh

cable TV? *televisión con cable?*

teh-leh-vee-see-ohn kohn **kah-bleh**

Internet access? *conexión a la red?*

koh-nek-see-ohn ah lah red

Wi-Fi? *conexión inalámbrica?*

koh-nek-see-ohn een-ah-**lahm**-bree-kah

kitchenette? *cocineta?* **koh-see-neh-tah**

396.

Is there laundry service? *¿Hay servicio de lavandería?*

I sehr-vee-see-oh de lah-vahn-deh-**ree-ah**

... parking? ... *estacionamiento?*

ess-tah-see-oh-nah-mee-en-toh

397.

I will be staying for one night/two nights.

Me voy a quedar una noche/dos noches.

Meh voy ah keh-dar oo-nah noh-cheh/dohss noh-chess

one week/two weeks *una semana/dos semanas.*

oo-nah seh-mah-nah/dohss seh-mah-nahss

398.

I don't know how long I will be staying.

No sé por cuánto tiempo me voy a quedar.

Noh seh por kwahn-toh tee-em-poh meh voy ah keh-dar

399.

I want to stay another night.

Quiero quedarme una noche más.

Kee-eh-roh keh-dar-meh oo-nah noh-cheh mahss

400.

Can I pay in advance? *¿Puedo pagar por adelantado?* **Pweh-doh**

pah-gar por ah-del-ahn-tah-doh

401.

Do you take credit cards? *¿Aceptan tarjetas de crédito?* **Ah-sep-tahn**

tar-heh-tahs deh kreh-dee-toh

...cash? ...*efectivo?* **eh-fek-tee-voh**

402.

Is there a strong box in the room? *¿Hay una caja de seguridad en la habitación?*

**I oo-nah kah-hah deh seh-goo-ree-dahd en lah
ah-bee-tah-see-ohn**

403.

Should I leave my valuables at the desk?

¿debo dejar mis objetos de valor en la recepción?

**Deh-boh deh-hahr mees ohb-heh-tohss deh vah-lor en lah
reh-sep-see-ohn**

404.

Can somebody help me with my luggage?

¿Me puede ayudar alguien con mis maletas?

**Meh pweh-deh ah-yoo-dar ahl-gee-en kohn mees
mah-leh-tahss**

405.

By what time do I need to check out?

¿A qué hora debo dejar libre la habitación?

**Ah keh oh-rah deh-boh deh-har lee-breh lah
ah-bee-tah-see-ohn**

406.

At what time do you serve breakfast/dinner?

¿A qué hora sirven el desayuno/la cena?

Ah keh oh-rah seer-ven el deh-sah-yoo-noh/lah seh-nah

407.

Until what time do you serve breakfast/dinner?

¿Hasta qué hora sirven el desayuno/la cena?

Ahss-tah keh oh-rah seer-ven el deh-sah-yoo-noh/lah seh-nah

408.

Can you wake me up at . . . ?

¿Me puede despertar a las . . . ?

Meh pweh-deh dess-pehr-tar ah lahss

409.

Where is the elevator? *¿Dónde está el ascensor/elevador?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah el ah-sen-sor/el-eh-vah-dor

the dining room? *el comedor?* **el koh-meh-dor**

410.

Is there a workout room? *¿Hay un cuarto de ejercicios?*

I oon kwar-toh deh eh-hehr-see-see-ohss

a swimming pool? *una piscina/alberca?*

oo-nah pee-see-nah/ahl-behr-kah

a business center? *un centro de negocios?*

oon sen-troh deh neh-goh-see-ohss

411.

Can you clean the room now/later? (for.)

¿Puede asear la habitación ahoralmás tarde?

Pweh-deh ah-seh-ar lah ah-bee-tah-see-ohn ah-oh-rah/

mahss tar-deh

412.

These sheets are dirty. *Estas sábanas están sucias.*

Ess-tahss sah-bah-nahss ess-tahn soo-see-ahss

413.

I need clean sheets. *Necesito sábanas limpias.*

Neh-seh-see-toh sah-bah-nahss leem-pee-ahss

clean towels *toallas limpias.*

twah-yahss leem-pee-ahss

another blanket *otra cobija/manta*

oh-trah koh-bee-hah/mahn-tah

414.

Can you bring me another pillow? (for.)

¿Me puede traer otra almohada/cojín?

Meh pweh-deh trah-ehr oh-trah ahl-moh-ah-dah/koh-heen

an extra bed? *una cama extra?*

oo-nah kah-mah ek-strah

415.

How does the heat work? *¿Cómo funciona la calefacción?*

Koh-moh foon-see-oh-nah lah kah-leh-fahk-see-ohn

the air conditioning work? *el aire acondicionado?*

el I-reh ah-kohn-dee-see-oh-nah-doh

416. I lost my key. *Perdi mi llave.* **Pehr-dee mee yah-veh**

417.

My room number is . . . *Mi número de cuarto es . . .*

Mee noo-meh-roh deh kwar-toh ess

418. I'm leaving. *Ya me voy.* **Yah meh voy**

419.

The bill, please. *La cuenta, por favor.*

Lah kwen-tah, por fah-vor

420.

I think there is a mistake in the bill.

Creo que hay un error en la cuenta.

Kreh-oh keh I oon eh-ror en lah kwen-tah

421.

I didn't make these calls. *Yo no hice estas llamadas.*

Yoh noh ee-seh ess-tahss yah-mah-dahss

422.

I didn't take anything from the minibar.

No tomé nada del minibar.

Noh toh-meh nah-dah del mee-nee-bar

423.

Can I leave my luggage here for a while?

¿Puedo dejar mi equipaje aquí por un rato?

Pweh-doh deh-hahr mee eh-kee-pah-heh ah-kee por oon rah-toh

424.

I want to rent an apartment.

Quiero rentar/alquilar un apartamento.

Kee-eh-roh ren-tar/ahl-kee-lar oon ah-par-tah-men-toh

...an (a furnished) apartment.

...*un piso (amueblado). (Sp.) oon pee-soh (ah-mweh-blah-doh)*

...a cabin ...*una cabaña. oo-nah kah-bah-nyah*

...a house ...*una casa oo-nah kah-sah*

425.

How many rooms/bathrooms does it have?

¿Cuántos cuartos/baños tiene?

Kwahn-tohss kwar-tohss/bah-nyohss tee-eh-neh

426.

Do I need to give a deposit? *¿Necesito dar un depósito?*

Neh-seh-see-toh dar oon deh-poh-see-toh

EATING & DRINKING

427.

I'm (not) (very) hungry. (*No*) *Tengo (mucha) hambre.*

(Noh) Ten-goh (moo-chah) ahm-breh

... thirsty ...sed. **sehd**

428.

I'm really really hungry. [lit. I'm dying from hunger]

Me muero de hambre . Meh mweh-roh deh ahm-breh

...thirsty ...de sed. **deh sehd**

429.

I want to eat/drink (something). *Quiero comer/beber (algo).*

Kee-eh-roh koh-mehr/beh-behr (ahl-goh)

430.

I don't want to eat/drink (anything). *No quiero comer/beber (nada).*

Noh kee-eh-roh koh-mehr/beh-behr (nah-dah)

431.

Where do you all want to eat? *¿Dónde quieren comer?*

Dohn-deh kee-eh-ren koh-mehr

432.

When can we eat? *¿Cuando podemos comer?*

Kwahn-doh poh-deh-mohss koh-mehr

433.

It's time for breakfast. *Es hora de desayunar.*

Ess oh-rah deh deh-sah-yoo-nar

...for an early lunch. ...*de almorzar.* **deh ahl-mor-sar**

...for lunch ...*de comer.* **deh koh-mehr**

434.

I feel like eating an early dinner. *Tengo ganas de merendar.*

Ten-goh gah-nahss deh meh-ren-dar

...dinner ...*de cenar deh seh-nar*

...a snack ...*de un tentempiédeh oon ten-tem-pee-eh*

435.

Can you recommend a (good) restaurant? (for.)

¿Me puede recomendar un (buen) restaurante?

Meh pweh-deh reh-koh-men-dar oon bwen ress-tow-rahn-teh

...a (good) snack bar? ...*una (buena) cafetería?*

oo-nah (bweh-nah) kah-feh-teh-ree-ah

...a (good) coffee shop? ...*un (buen) café?oon (bwen) kah-feh*

...a (good) bar? . . . *un (buen) bar? oon (bwen) bar*

436.

I would like to try the local food. *Me gustaría probar la comida típica.*

Meh goos-tah-ree-ah proh-bar lah koh-mee-dah tee-pee-kah

437.

I want to go to a fast food restaurant.

Quiero ir a un restaurante de comida rápida.

**Kee-eh-roh eer ah oon ress-tow-rahn-teh deh koh-mee-dah
rah-pee-dah**

438.

I am looking for a cheap/expensive restaurant.

Estoy buscando un restaurante barato/caro.

**Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh oon ress-tow-rahn-teh bah-rah-toh/
kah-roh**

439.

Do you know any vegetarian restaurants? (inf.) *¿Conoces algún restaurante vegetariano?*

**Koh-noh-sess ahl-goon ress-tow-rahn-teh
veh-heh-tah-ree-ah-noh**

440.

Let's go to a romantic restaurant. *Vamos a un restaurante romántico.*

Vah-mohss ah oon ress-tow-rahn-teh roh-mahn-tee-koh

...a restaurant with outdoor dining.

...un restaurante con mesas afuera.

oon ress-tow-rahn-teh kohn mehss-ahss ah-fweh-rah

441.

What's the city's best restaurant?

¿Cuál es el mejor restaurante de la ciudad?

Kwahl ess el meh-hor ress-tow-rahn-teh deh la see-oo-dahd

442.

Do you need a reservation? *¿Se necesita una reservación?*

Seh neh-seh-see-tah oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn

443.

Will I need to wear a jacket?

¿Tendré que usar chaqueta/saco? (L. Am.)

Ten-dreh keh oo-sar chah-keh-tah/sah-koh

444.

I want to make a reservation for lunch/dinner.

Quiero hacer una reservación para comer/cenar.

**Kee-eh-roh ah-sehr oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn pah-rah
koh-mehr/seh-nar**

...for (the day after) tomorrow

... *para (pasado) mañana.*

pah-rah (pah-sah-doh) mah-nyah-nah

...for two-thirty p.m.

... *para las dos y media de la tarde.*

pah-rah lahss dohss ee meh-dee-ah deh lah tar-deh

...for tonight ...*para esta noche*

pah-rah ess-tah noh-cheh

445.

Do you have a table for tomorrow night? (for.)

¿Tiene una mesa para mañana en la noche?

**Tee-eh-neh oo-nah meh-sah pah-rah mah-nyah-nah en lah
noh-cheh**

...for eight p.m.?...*para las ocho de la noche?*

pah-rah lahss oh-choh deh lah noh-cheh

...for two people? ...*para dos personas?***pah-rah dohss pehr-soh-nahss**

446.

Let's go have [something before/after eating].

Vamos a tomar algo antes/después de comer.

Vah-mohss ah toh-mar ahl-goh ahn-tehss/dess-pwess deh koh-mehr

...a drink. ...*un trago*. **oon trah-goh**

...a beer. ...*una cerveza*. **oo-nah sehr-veh-sah**

a glass of wine . *una copa de vino*.

oo-nah koh-pah deh yee-noh

red wine mixed with fruit and lemonade

...*una sangría*. (Sp.) **oo-nah sahn-gree-ah**

...a drink before lunch ...*un aperitivo*

oon ah-peh-ree-tee-voh

...some coffee ...*un café*. **oon kah-feh**

447.

I want to try some traditional Spanish hors d'oeuvres.

Quiero probar unas tapas.

Kee-eh-roh proh-bar oo-nahss tah-pahss

448.

We need a table for four (people).

Necesitamos una mesa para cuatro (personas).

**Neh-seh-see-tah-mohss oo-nah meh-sah pah-rah kwah-troh
(per-soh-nahss)**

...a table in the (non) smoking section

... *una mesa en la sección de (no) fumar.*

oo-nah meh-sah en lah sek-see-ohn deh (noh) foo-mar

449.

We want a table outside/inside.

Queremos una mesa afuera/adentro.

Keh-reh-mohss oo-nah meh-sah ah-fweh-rah/ah-den-troh

...by the window ...*cerca de la ventana*

sehr-cah deh lah ven-tah-nah

...far from the kitchen ...*lejos de la cocina*

leh-hohss deh lah koh-see-nah

450.

Can we sit here? *¿Nos podemos sentar aquí?*

Nohss poh-deh-mohss sen-tar ah-kee

451.

I made a reservation. *Hice una reservación.*

Ee-seh oo-nah reh-sehr-vah-see-ohn

452. My name is . . . *Mi nombre es ...* **Mee nohm-breh ess . . .**

453.

Should I call the waiter/waitress?

¿Llamo al camarero/mesera?

Yah-moh ahl kah-mah-reh-roh/meh-seh-rah

454.

Waiter! (lit. young man) *; Joven!* **Hoh-ven**

Waiter! *; Camarero!* **Kah-mah-reh-roh**

455.

Miss! *; Señorita!* **Seh-nyoh-ree-tah**

456.

Can you bring us the menu?

¿Nos puede traer la carta/el menú?

Nohss pweh-deh trah-ehr lah kar-tah/el meh-noo

...the wine list? ...*la carta de vinos?*

lah kar-tah deh vee-nohss

...a children's menu? ...*una carta/un menú para niños?*

oo-nah kar-tah/oon meh-noo pah-rah nee-nyohss

457.

Do you have a menu in English? (for.)

¿Tiene una carta/un menú en inglés?

Tee-eh-neh oo-nah kar-tah/oon meh-noo en een-gless

458.

We are ready to order. *Estamos listos para ordenar.*

Ess-tah-mohss lees-tohss pah-rah or-deh-nar

459.

What do you recommend? *¿Qué nos recomienda?*

Keh nohss reh-koh-mee-en-dah

460.

What's the house specialty?

¿Cuál es la especialidad de la casa?

Kwahl ess lah ess-peh-see-ahl-ee-dahd deh lah kah-sah

461.

Do you have vegetarian dishes?

¿Tiene platillos vegetarianos?

Tee-eh-neh plah-tee-yohss veh-heh-tah-ree-ah-nohss

...low-calorie dishes? ...*bajos en calorías?*

bah-hohss en kah-loh-ree-ahss

462.

I need a (clean) napkin. *Necesito una servilleta (limpia).*

Neh-seh-see-toh oo-nah sehr-vee-yeh-tah (leem-pee-ah)

...(clean) silverware ...*unos cubiertos (limpios).*

oo-nohss koo-bee-ehr-tohss (leem-pee-ohss)

...a spoon ...*una cuchara.* **oo-nah koo-chah-rah**

...a fork ...*un tenedor.* **oon ten-eh-dor**

...a knife ...*un cuchillo.* **oon koo-chee-yoh**

...a teaspoon ...*una cucharita.*

oo-nah koo-chah-ree-tah

463.

Can you bring us an extra plate?

¿Nos puede traer otro plato?

Nohss pweh-deh trah-ehr oh-troh plah-toh

...more bread? ...*más pan?* **mahss pahn**

464.

What do you want to eat for breakfast? (inf.)

¿Qué quieres desayunar?

Keh kee-eh-reess deh-sah-yoo-nar

465.

For breakfast I would like cereal with milk.

Para desayunar me gustaría cereal con leche.

Pah-rah deh-sah-yoo-nar meh goos-tah-ree-ah seh-reh-ahl

kohn leh-cheh

...oatmeal ...*avena.* **ah-yeh-nah**

...toast (with butter and jam) ... *pan tostado (con mantequilla y*

mermelada).

pahn tohss-tah-doh (*kohn mahn-teh-kee-yah eemehr-meh-lah-dah*)

...toast ...*una tostada.* (*Sp.*) **oo-nah tohss-tah-dah**

...pastries ...*pan dulce.* **pahn dool-seh**

...French toast ...*pan francés.* **pahn frahn-sess**

...pancakes ...*panqueques.* (*L. Am.*) **pahn-keh-kess**

466.

I want scrambled eggs (with ham/bacon).

Quiero huevos revueltos (con jamón/tocino).

Kee-eh-roh weh-vohss reh-vwel-tohss (*kohn hah-mohn/toh-see-noh*)

...fried eggs ...*huevos fritos.* **weh-vohss free-tohss**

...poached eggs ...*huevos escalfados.*

weh-vohss ess-kahl-fah-dohss

...soft boiled eggs

...*huevos pasados por agua/huevos tibios.* (*Mex.*)

weh-vohss pah-sah-dohss por ah-wah/weh-vohss tee-bee-ohss

...hard-boiled eggs (with mayonnaise)

...*huevos duros (con mayonesa).*

weh-vohss doo-rohss (*kohn mah-yoh-neh-sah*)

...a cheese omelette ...*un omelet con queso.*

oon oh-meh-let kohn keh-soh

467.

I like my eggs runny. *Me gustan los huevos no muy cocidos*

Meh goos-tahn lohss weh-vohss noh mooy koh-see-dohss

468.

I prefer my eggs dry. *Yo prefiero los huevos bien cocidos.*

Yoh preh-fee-eh-roh lohss weh-vohss bee-en koh-see-dohss

469.

I will have a fresh fruit plate.

Tomaré un plato de fruta fresca.

Toh-mah-reh oon plah-toh deh froo-tah fress-kah

...melon ...*melón.* **meh-lohn**

...watermelon ...*sandía.* **sahn-dee-ah**

...pineapple ...*piña.* **pee-nyah**

...grapefruit ...*toronja/pomelo*. (Sp.)

toh-rohn-hah/poh-meh-loh

470.

To drink, I would like coffee (decaf). *De tomar me gustaría un café (descafeinado)*. **Deh toh-mar meh goos-tah-ree-ah un kah-feh (dess-kah-fay-nah-doh)**

...coffee with milk ...*café con leche*.

kah-feh kohn leh-cheh

...(black/chamomile) tea ...*té (negro/de manzanilla)*.

teh (neh-groh/deh mahn-sah-nee-yah)

...hot/cold chocolate ...*chocolate caliente/frío*.

choh-koh-lah-teh kah-lee-en-teh/free-oh ... a glass of milk *un vaso de leche*.

oon yah-soh deh leh-cheh

... orange juice *jugo de naranja*.

hoo-goh deh nah-rahn-hah

... orange juice *zumo de naranja*. (Sp.)

soo-moh deh nah-rahn-hah

471.

For lunch, I'm going to order the set menu.

Para comer voy a pedir el menú del día.

Pah-rah koh-mehr voy ah peh-deer el meh-noo del dee-ah

... the set menu *la comida corrida*. (Mex.)

lah koh-mee-dah koh-ree-dah

... à la carte ...*a la carta*. **ah lah kar-tah**

472.

Is the soup good? *¿Está buena la sopa?*

Ess-tah bweh-nah lah soh-pah

473.

As a starter I would like the soup of the day.

Como primer plato quisiera la sopa del día.

Koh-moh pree-mehr plah-toh kee-see-eh-rah lah soh-pah del dee-ah

... vegetable soup *sopa de verduras/legumbres*. (Sp.)

soh-pah de vehr-doo-rahss/leh-goom-bress

... noodle soup *sopa de fideos*.

soh-pah deh fee-deh-ohss

... lentil soup ... *sopa de lentejas*.

soh-pah deh len-teh-hahss

... chicken broth (with rice).

... *caldo/consomé de pollo (con arroz)*.

kahl-doh/kohn-soh-meh deh poh-yoh (kohn ah-rohss)

... rice *arroz*. **ah-rohss**

... meat-filled pastry ... *empanadas*. (L. Am.)

em-pah-nah-dahss

... cold vegetable soup ... *gazpacho*. (Sp.) **gahss-pah-choh**

474.

This soup is cold. *Esta sopa está fría*. **Ess-tah soh-pah ess-tah free-ah**

475.

There's a hair in my soup! *¡Hay un pelo en mi sopa!*

I oonpeh-loh en mee soh-pah

476.

Bring me a (green/mixed) salad.

Tráigame una ensalada (verde/mixta).

Tri-gah-meh oo-nah en-sah-lah-dah (vehr-deh/meeks-tah)

... a cucumber salad *una ensalada de pepino*.

oo-nah en-sah-lah-dah deh peh-pee-noh

... a tomato salad *una ensalada de tomate*.

oo-nah en-sah-lah-dah deh toh-mah-teh

477.

How's the chicken? *¿Cómo está el pollo?* **Koh-moh ess-tah el poh-yoh**

478.

As a main dish I would like grilled chicken.

Como plato principal quisiera pollo a la parrilla.

Koh-moh plah-toh preen-see-pahl kee-see-eh-rah poh-yoh ah lah pah-ree-yah

... fried chicken ... *pollo frito*. **poh-yoh free-toh**

... chicken breast ... *pechuga de pollo*.

peh-choo-gah de poh-yoh

... chicken thigh and leg ... *pierna y muslo.*

pee-ehr-nah ee moos-loh

... duck (in blackberry sauce).

... *pato (en salsa de zarzamora).*

pah-toh (en sahl-sah deh sar-sah-moh-rah)

... (stuffed) turkey *pavo (relleno).*

pah-voh (reh-yeh-noh)

... roast beef *carne asada.* **kar-neh ah-sah-dah**

... beef steak *bife.* (Arg.) **bee-feh**

... steak *solomillo.* (Sp.) **soh-loh-mee-yoh**

479.

I prefer it cooked rare.

Lo prefiero medio rojo/poco hecho. (Sp.)

Loh preh-fee-eh-roh meh-dee-oh roh-hoh/poh-koh eh-choh

... cooked medium *término media/media hecho.* (Sp.)

tehr-mee-noh meh-dee-oh/meh-dee-oh eh-choh

... cooked well done *bien cocido/bien hecho.* (Sp.)

bee-en koh-see-doh/bee-en eh-choh

480.

I'll order meatballs. *Pediré albóndigas.*

Peh-dee-reh ahl-bohn-dee-gahss

... a hamburger *una hamburguesa.*

oo-nah ahm-boor-geh-sah

... pork chop *chuleta de cerdo.*

choo-leh-tah deh sehr-doh

... pork loin *lomo de cerdo.* **loh-moh deh sehr-doh**

... veal scallop *escalope de ternera.*

ess-kah-loh-peh deh tehr-neh-rah

... rack of lamb *costillas de cordero.*

kohss-tee-yahss deh kor-deh-roh

481.

Is the fish fresh? *¿Está fresco el pescado?*

Ess-tah fress-koh el pess-kah-doh

482.

Where does it come from? *¿De dónde viene?*

Deh dohn-deh vee-eh-neh

483.

I don't want frozen fish. *No quiero pescado congelado.*

Noh kee-eh-roh-pess-kah-doh kohn-heh-lah-doh

484.

I think I'll have filet of fish.

Creo que comeré filete de pescado.

Kreh-oh keh koh-mehr-eh fee-leh-teh deh pes-kah-doh

... fresh tuna fish.... *atún fresco.* **ah-toon fress-koh**

... cod fish ...*bacalao.* **bah-kah-lah-oh**

... sole fish ...*lenguado.* **len-gwah-doh**

... grouper fish ...*mero.* **meh-roh**

... red snapper ... *huachinango.* **wah-chee-nahn-goh**

... sea bass ...*robalo.* **roh-bah-loh**

... salmon ...*salmón.* **sahl-mohn**

... trout ...*trucha.* **troo-chah**

485.

I would prefer the seafood dish.

Preferiría el plato de mariscos.

Preh-feh-ree-ree-ah el plah-toh deh mah-rees-kohss

... mussels ...*mejillones.* **meh-hee-yoh-ness**

... shrimp ...*camarones/gambas.*

kah-mah-roh-ness/gahm-bahss

... prawns ...*langostinos.* **lahn-gohss-tee-nohss**

... lobster ...*langosta.* **lahn-gohss-tah**

... squids (in ink) ...*calamares (en su tinta).*

kah-lah-mah-ress

... octopus ... *pulpo.* **pool-poh**

486.

You have to try the saffron rice with chicken and seafood. (inf.)

Tienes que probar la paella.

Tee-eh-ness keh proh-bar lah pah-eh-yah

487.

I just want pasta. *Sólo quiero pasta.*

Soh-loh kee-eh-roh pahss-tah

488.

Is it very spicy? *¿Es muy picante?*

Ess mooy pee-kahn-teh

489.

Does it have a lot of fat? *¿Tiene mucha grasa?*

Tee-eh-neh moo-chah grah-sah

490.

No onions, please. *Sin cebolla, por favor.*

Seen seh-boh-yah por fah-vor

491.

Please do not add salt. *Por favor no le ponga sal.*

Por fah-vor noh leh pohn-gah sahl

492.

I'm allergic to nuts. *Soy alérgico a las nueces.*

Soy ah-lehr-hee-koh ah lahss nweh-sess

... to shellfish ...*a los mariscos.*

ah lohss mah-rees-kohss

493.

As a side I would like rice.

De acompañamiento/guarnición quisiera arroz.

Deh ah-kohm-pah-nyah-mee-en-toh/war-nee-see-ohn

kee-see-ehr-ah ah-rohss

... rice with avocado/with fried banana.

... *arroz con aguacate/con plátano frito.*

ah-ross kohn ah-wah-kah-teh/kohn plah-tah-noh free-toh

... zucchini ...*calabacita/calabacín.* (Sp.)

kah-lah-bah-see-tah/kah-lah-bah-seen

... asparagus ...*espárragos.* **ess-pah-rah-gohss**

... spinach ...*espinaca.* **ess-peee-nah-cah**

... chick peas ...*garbanzos.* **gar-bahn-sohss**

494.

Is it served with French fries? *¿Se sirve con papas fritas?*

Seh seer-veh kohn pah-pahss free-tahss

... French fries? ...*patatas fritas?* (Sp.)

pah-tah-tahss free-tahss

... a baked potato? ...*una papa/patata al horno?*

oo-nah pah-pah/pah-tah ahl ohr-noh

... mashed potatoes? ...*puré de papa/patata?* (Sp.)

poo-reh deh pah-pah/pah-tah-tah

495.

Instead, I want vegetables.

En su lugar, quiero verduras/legumbres. (Sp.)

En soo loo-gar kee-eh-roh vehr-doo-rahss/leh-goom-bress

... peas ...*chícharos/guisantes.* (Sp.)

chee-chah-rohss/gee-sahn-tess

... green beans ...*ejotes/judías verdes.* (Sp.)

eh-hoh-tess/hoo-dee-ahss vehr-dess

... mushrooms ...*hongos/champinones.*

ahn-gohss/chahm-pee-nyoh-ness

... carrots ...*zanahorias.* **sah-nah-oh-ree-ahss**

496. It's healthier. *Es más sano.* **Ess mahss sah-noh**

497.

What do you have to drink? *¿Qué bebidas tienen?*

Keh beh-bee-dahss tee-eh-nen

498.

Is the water filtered? *¿Está filtrada el agua?*

Ess-tah feel-trah-dah el ah-wah

499.

To drink, I want water. *De tomar, quiero agua.*

Deh toh-mar, kee-eh-roh ah-wah

... bottled water ...*agua embotellada.*

ah-wah em-boh-teh-yah-dah

... mineral water ...*agua mineral.*

ah-wah mee-neh-rah

... hibiscus-flower ice tea ...*agua de jamaica.*

ah-wah deh hah-mi-kah

... a (light/dark) beer ...*una cerveza (clara/oscura)*.

oo-nah sehr-veh-sah (klah-rah/ohss-koo-rah)

... a glass of wine red/white.

... *una copa de vino tinto/blanco*.

oo-nah koh-pah deh vee-noh teen-toh/blahn-koh

... lemonade/orangeade ... *limonada/naranjada*.

lee-moh-nah-dah/nah-rahn-hah-dah

... a soft drink ...*un refresco*. **oon reh-fress-koh**

500.

What soft drinks do you have? (for.) *¿Qué refrescos tiene?*

Keh reh-fress-kohss tee-eh-neh

501.

Can you bring me a diet soda? (for.)

¿Me puede traer un refresco dietético?

Meh pweh-deh trah-ehr oon reh-fress-koh dee-eh-teh-tee-koh

502. Enjoy! *¡Buen provecho!* **Bwen proh-veh-choh**

503.

For dessert, bring me rice pudding. (for.)

De postre, tráigame arroz con leche.

Deh pohss-treh, tri-gah-meh ah-rohss kohn leh-cheh

... peaches in syrup.

... *duraznos/melocotones en almíbar*.

doo-rahss-nohss/meh-loh-koh-toh-ness en ahl-mee-bar

... caramel custard ...*flan*. **flahn**

... strawberries and cream ...*fresas con crema/nata*. (Sp.)

freh-sahss kohn kreh-mah/nah-tah

504.

What ice cream flavors do you have?

¿Qué sabores de helado tienen?

Keh sah-boh-res deh eh-lah-doh tee-eh-nen

505.

I would like to order some (vanilla/strawberry/chocolate) ice cream.

Me gustaría ordenar un helado (de vainilla/fresa/chocolate).

Meh goos-tah-ree-ah or-deh-nar el-ah-doh (deh vi-nee-yah/

freh-sah/cho-koh-lah-teh)

- ... (lemon/mango/passion fruit) sherbet.
... *nieve (de limón/mango/maracuyá)*. (Mex.)
nee-eh-veh (deh lee-mohn/mahn-goh/mah-rah-koo-yah)
... (lemon/raspberry) sherbet.
... *sorbete (de limón/frambuesa)*. (Sp.)
sor-beh-teh (deh lee-mohn/frahm-bweh-sah)
... (three-milk) cake ...*pastel (de tres leches)*. (Mex.)
pahss-tel (deh trehss leh-chess)
... (cheese) cake ...*tarta (de queso)*. (Sp.)
tar-tah (deh keh-soh)
... (chocolate) cake.
... *torta (de chocolate)*. (S. Am.) **tor-tah (deh choh-koh-lah-teh)**

506.

Let's have dessert somewhere else.

Comamos el postre en otro lado.

Koh-mah-mohss el pohss-treh en oh-troh lah-doh

507.

Would you like some coffee? *¿Les gustaría un café?*

Less goos-tah-ree-ah oon kah-feh

... plain coffee ...*café americano*.

kah-feh ah-meh-ree-kah-noh

... coffee with spices and raw sugar.

... *café de olla*. (Mex.) **kah-feh deh oh-yah**

... espresso (with a dash of milk).

... *expreso (cortado)*. **eks-press-oh (kor-tah-doh)**

508.

This needs a little salt/pepper/sugar.

Esto necesita un poco de sal/pimienta/azúcar.

Ess-toh neh-seh-see-tah oon poh-koh deh sahl/pee-mee-en-tah/ah-soo-kar

509.

This is delicious/disgusting. *Esto está delicioso/asqueroso.* **Ess-toh ess-tah deh-lee-see-ohss-oh/ahss-keh-rohss-oh**

510.

I (don't) want more. (*No*) *Quiero más.*

(Noh) Kee-eh-roh mahss

511.

Where is the bathroom?

¿Dónde está el baño/los servicios? (Sp.)

Dohn-deh ess-tah el bah-nyoh/lohss sehr-vee-see-ohss

... the men's room?

... el baño/los servicios para caballeros?

el bah-nyoh/lohss sehr-vee-see-ohss pah-rah

kah-bah-yeh-rohss

... the ladies' room? ... *el baño/los servicios para damas?*

el bah-nyoh/lohss sehr-vee-see-ohss pah-rah dah-mahss

512.

The check, please. *La cuenta, por favor.*

Lah kwen-tah por fah-vor

513.

Is service/the tip included?

¿Está incluido el servicio/la propina?

Ess-tah een-kloo-ee-doh el sehr-vee-see-oh/lah proh-pee-nah

514.

The check is wrong. *La cuenta está equivocada.*

Lah kwen-tah ess-tah eh-kee-voh-kah-dah

515.

We did not order this. *No pedimos esto.*

Noh peh-dee-mohss ess-toh

516.

I want to speak with the manager.

Quiero hablar con el gerente.

Kee-eh-roh ah-blar kohn el heh-ren-teh

KEEPING IN TOUCH

517.

I need to make a phone call.

Necesito hacer una llamada telefónica.

**Neh-seh-see-toh ah-sehr oo-nah vah-mah-dah
teh-leh-foh-nee-kah**

... an international call ...*una llamada internacional.*

oo-nah yah-mah-dah een-tehr-nah-see-oh-nahl

... a collect call ...*una llamada por cobrar.* **oo-nah
yah-mah-dah por koh-brar**

518.

Where can I connect to the Internet?

¿Dónde puedo conectarme a la red?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh koh-nek-tar-meh ah lah red

519.

I have my own laptop computer. *Tengo mi propia computadora portátil.* **Ten-goh mee proh-pee-ah
kohm-poo-tah-doh-rah por-tah-teel**

... laptop computer.

... *propio ordenador portátil.* (Sp.)

proh-pree-oh or-deh-nah-dor por-tah-teel

520.

Is there (free) Wi-Fi access here?

¿Hay acceso inalámbrico (gratis) aquí?

I ahk-seh-soh een-ahl-ahm-bree-koh (grah-tees) ah-kee

521.

I want to send an e-mail.

Quiero enviar/mandar un correo electrónico.

**Kee-eh-roh en-vee-ar/mahn-dar oon koh-reh-oh
eh-lek-troh-nee-koh**

... a text message ...*un mensaje de texto.*

oon men-sah-heh deh tex-toh

... a fax ...*un fax.* **oon fax**

... a letter (by air mail) ...*una carta (por correo aéreo).*

oo-nah kar-tah (por koh-reh-oh ah-eh-reh-oh)

... a registered letter ...*una carta certificada.*

oo-nah kar-tah sehr-tee-fee-kah-dah

... an express letter*una carta urgente.*

oo-nah kar-tah oor-hen-teh

... a postcard ... *una postal.* **oo-nah pohss-tahl**

... a package (overnight).

...un paquete (para el día siguiente).

oon pah-keh-teh (pah-rah el dee-ah see-gee-en-teh)

522.

Careful! It's fragile. *¡Cuidado! Es fragil.*

Kwee-dah-doh ess frah-heel

523.

Where is the post office? *¿Dónde está la oficina de correos?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah oh-fee-see-nah deh koh-reh-ohss

... the mail box? ...*el buzón?* **el boo-sohn**

524.

Where can I find pen and ink?

¿Dónde puedo encontrar papel y pluma.

Dohn-deh pweh-doh en-kohn-trar pah-pel ee ploo-mah

... envelopes? ... *sobres?* **soh-bress**

... postage stamps? ... *estampillas/sellos postales?*

ess-tahm-pee-yahss/seh-yohss pohss-tah-less

525.

I would like to buy a calling card.

Quisiera comprar una tarjeta telefónica.

Kee-see-eh-rah kohm-prar oo-nah tar-heh-tah

teh-leh-foh-nee-kah

... a pre-paid cell phone.

...un teléfono celular/móvil pre-pagado.

oon teh-leh-foh-noh seh-loo-lar/moh-veel preh-pah-gah-doh

... a SIM card ...*una tarjeta SIM.*

oo-nah tar-heh-tah seem

526. There's no signal. *No hay señal.* **Noh I seh-nyahl**

527.

We must be outside the service area.

Debemos estar fuera del área de servicio.

**Deh-beh-mohss ess-tahr fweh-rah del ah-reh-ah deh
sehr-vee-see-oh**

528.

What's your e-mail address?

¿Cuál es tu dirección de correo electrónico?

**Kwahl ess too dee-rek-see-ohn deh koh-reh-oh
eh-lek-troh-nee-koh**

... your (cell) phone number?

... tu número de teléfono (celular/móvil)?

too noo-mehr-oh deh teh-leh-foh-noh (seh-loo-lar/moh-veel)

529.

My e-mail address is . . .

Mi dirección de correo electrónico es ...

Mee dee-rek-see-ohn deh koh-reh-oh eh-lek-troh-nee-koh ess

530.

My (cell) phone number is ...

Mi número de teléfono (celular/móvil) es ...

**Mee noo-meh-roh deh teh-leh-foh-noh (seh-loo-lar/moh-veel)
ess**

531. Call me. *Llámame.* **Yah-mah-meh**

532.

It's (always) busy. (*Siempre*) *Está ocupado.*

(See-em-preh) Ess-tah oh-koo-pah-doh

533.

There's a lot of interference. *Hay mucha interferencia.*

I moo-chah een-tehr-feh-ren-see-ah

534.

I can't hear you. (inf.) *No te escUCHO.*

Noh teh ess-koo-choh

535.

Speak louder. (inf.) *Habla más fuerte.*

Ah-blah mahss fwehr-teh

536.

I can't speak any louder. *No puedo hablar más fuerte.*

No pweh-doh ah-blar mahss fwehr-teh

537.

The call was cut off. *Se cortó la llamada.*

Seh kor-toh lah yah-mah-dah

538.

Wrong number. *El número esta equivocado.*

El noo-meh-roh ess-tah eh-kee-voh-kah-doh

539. Who's speaking? *¿Quién habla?* **Kee-en ah-blah**

540.

May I speak to . . . ? *¿Puedo hablar con . . . ?*

Pweh-doh ah-blar kohn

541. Is . . . there? *¿Está. . . ahí?* **Ess-tah . . . ah-ee**

542.

My name is . . . *Mi nombre es ...*

Mee nohm-breh ess . . .

543.

Do you know at what time he/she'll be back? (for.)

¿Sabe a qué hora vuelve? **Sah-beh ah keh oh-rah ywel-veh**

544.

Please tell him/her I called. (for.) *Por favor dígale que llamé.*

Por fah-yor dee-gah-leh keh yah-meh

545.

Please tell him/her to call me back. (for.)

Por favor dígale que me llame.

Por fah-yor dee-gah-leh keh meh yah-meh

546.

As soon as he/she gets there. *En cuanto llegue.*

En kwahn-toh yeh-geh

547.

He/she has my number. *Él/ella tiene mi número.*

El/Eh-yah tee-eh-neh mee noo-meh-roh

548.

I will call later. *Llamaré más tarde.*

Yah-mah-reh mahss tar-deh

549.

It's (not) (very) important. (*No*) *es (muy) importante.*

(Noh) ess (mooy) eem-por-tahn-teh

550.

I tried calling you several times. (inf.)

Traté de llamarte varias veces.

Trah-teh deh yah-mar-teh yah-ree-ahss yeh-sess

551.

Where were you? (inf.) *¿Dónde estabas?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah-bahss

552.

Did you get my message? (inf.)

¿Recibiste mi recado? **Reh-see-bees-teh mee reh-kah-doh**

553.

Do you have a phone book? (for.)

¿Tiene un directorio telefónico?

Tee-eh-neh oon dee-rek-toh-ree-oh teh-leh-foh-nee-koh

... the yellow pages? ... *la sección amarilla?*

lah sek-see-ohn ah-mah-ree-yah

554.

I need to look up a number/an address.

Necesito buscar un número/una dirección.

**Neh-seh-see-toh boos-kahr oon noo-meh-roh/oo-nah
dee-rek-see-ohn**

555.

I'm looking for an Internet café (with Macs).

Estoy buscando un cibercafé (con Macs).

Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh oon see-behr-kah-feh (kohn Macs)

... a public phone.... *un teléfono público.*

oon teh-leh-foh-noh poo-blee-koh

556.

What's the rate per minute? *¿Cuál es la tarifa por minuto?*

Kwahl ess lah tah-ree-fah por mee-noo-toh

... per quarter of an hour? . . . *por un cuarto de hora?*

por oon kwar-toh de oh-rah

... per hour? ... *por hora?* **por oh-rah**

557.

Can I print a document? *¿Puedo imprimir un documento?*

Pweh-doh eem-pree-meer oon doh-koo-men-toh

558.

How do I scan these pages? *¿Cómo escaneo estas páginas?*

Koh-moh ess-kah-neh-oh ess-tahss pah-hee-nahss

559.

Help me make a photocopy. (for.)

Ayúdeme a hacer una fotocopia.

Ah-yoo-deh-meh ah ah-sehr oo-nah foh-toh-koh-pee-ah

560.

How much is it per page? *¿Cuánto cuesta por página?* **Kwahn-toh**

kwess-tah por pah-hee-nah

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

561.

I'm an atheist. *Soy ateo.* **Soy ah-teh-oh**

...Ba'hai. ...*ba'hai.* **bah-hai**

...Buddhist. ...*budista.* **boo-dees-tah**

...Catholic. ...*católico.* **kah-toh-lee-koh**

...Christian. ...*cristiano.* **krees-tee-ah-noh**

...Jewish. ...*judío.* **hoo-dee-oh**

...Muslim. ...*Musulmán.* **moo-sool-mahn**

562.

Where is the church? *¿Dónde está la iglesia?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah ee-gleh-see-ah

... the mosque? ... *la mezquita?* **lah mess-kee-tah**

... the synagogue? ... *la sinagoga?*

lah see-nah-goh-gah

... the temple? ... *el templo?* **el tem-ploh**

563.

At what time are services held?
¿A qué hora son los servicios?
Ah keh oh-rah sohn lohss sehr-vee-see-ohss

564.

May I speak to the imam? *¿Puedo hablar con el imam?*
Pweh-doh ah-blar kohn el ee-mahm
... the pastor? ... *el pastor?* **el pahss-tor**
... the priest? ... *el cura?* **el koo-rah**
... the rabbi? ... *el rabino?* **el rah-bee-noh**

CULTURE & ENTERTAINMENT

565.

Let's go to the (contemporary) art museum.
Vamos al museo de arte (contemporáneo).
Vah-mohss ahl moo-seh-oh deh ar-teh
kohn-tem-por-ah-neh-oh
... archaeology museum *museo de arqueología.*
moo-seh-oh deh ar-keh-oh-loh-gee-ah
... the craft museum *museo de artesanías.*
moo-seh-oh deh ar-teh-sah-nee-ahss
... the natural history museum.
... *museo de historia natural.*
moo-seh-oh deh ees-toh-ree-ah nah-too-rah

566.

At what time does it open/close? *¿A qué hora abre/cierra?*
Ah keh oh-rah ah-breh/see-eh-rah

567.

Is it free on Thursdays? *¿Es gratis los jueves?*
Ess grah-tees lohss hweh-vess

568.

Is there a discount for students/teachers?
¿*Hay descuento para estudiantes/profesores?*
I des-kwen-toh pah-rah ess-too-dee-ahn-tess/proh-feh-soh-ress
... for children? ... *para ninos?* **pah-rah nee-nyohss**

... for the elderly? ... *para ancianos*?

pah-rah ahn-see-ah-nohss

569.

Is it handicap-accessible? *¿Hay acceso para minusválidos?*

I ahk-seh-soh pah-rah mee-noos-vahl-ee-dohss

570.

I'm interested in the painting exhibition.

Me interesa la exposición de pintura.

Meh een-tehr-eh-sah lah eks-poh-see-see-ohn deh peen-too-rah

... the sculpture exhibition *la exposición de escultura.*

lah eks-poh-see-see-ohn deh ess-kool-too-rah

... the pre-Hispanic art exhibition.

... *la exposición de arte prehispánico.*

lah eks-poh-see-see-ohn deh ar-teh preh-ees-pah-nee-koh

571.

We want to take a guided tour of the museum.

Queremos una visita guiada del museo.

Keh-reh-mohss oo-nah vee-see-tah gee-ah-dah del moo-seh-oh

... of the city *de la ciudad.* **deh lah see-oo-dahd**

572.

Is (flash) photography allowed?

¿Se permite tomar fotografías (con flash)?

Seh pehr-mee-teh toh-mar foh-toh-grah-fee-ahss (kohn flash)

573.

Don't you all want to go to the movies?

¿No quieren ir al cine? **Noh kee-eh-ren eer ahl see-neh**

574.

Which direction is the theatre? *¿Hacia dónde está el teatro?*

Ah-see-yah dohn-deh ess-tah el teh-ah-troh

575.

What's playing? *¿Qué hay en la cartelera?*

Keh I en lah kar-teh-leh-rah

576.

At what time is the show? *¿A qué hora es la función?*

Ah keh oh-rah ess lah foon-see-ohn

577.

How long is the show? *¿Cuánto dura la función?*

Kwahn-toh doo-rah lah foon-see-ohn

578.

How much are the tickets?

¿Cuánto cuestan los boletos/las entradas?

**Kwahn-toh kwess-tahn lohss boh-leh-tohss/lahss
en-trah-dahss**

579.

Is the movie dubbed in Spanish?

¿Está doblada al español la película?

Ess-tah doh-blah-dah ahl ess-pah-nyohl lah peh-lee-koo-lah

580.

Did you like the movie/the play?

¿Te gustó la película/la obra?

Teh goos-toh lah peh-lee-koo-lah/lah oh-brah

581.

I liked it (a lot). *Me gustó (mucho).*

Meh goos-toh (moo-choh)

582.

I didn't like it (at all). *No me gustó (nada).*

Noh meh goos-toh (nah-dah)

583.

What's your favorite movie? *¿Cuál es tu película favorita?*

Kwahl ess too peh-lee-koo-lah fah-voh-ree-tah

584.

I feel like going dancing. *Tengo ganas de ir a bailar.*

Ten-goh gah-nahss deh eer ah bi-lar

... partying ... *ir de fiesta.* **eer deh fee-ess-tah**

... bar hopping. (Sp.) ... *ir de marcha.*

eer deh mar-chah

585.

Do you like to dance? (inf.) *¿Te gusta bailar?*

Teh goos-tah bi-lar

586.

Can we go to a (rock/classical music) concert?

¿Podemos ir a un concierto (de rock/música clásica)?

Poh-deh-mohss eer ah oon kohn-see-ehr-toh (de rock/moo-see-kah klahss-see-kah)

... to a fun place? ... *ir a un lugar divertido?*

eer ah oon loo-gar dee-vehr-tee-doh

... to a nightclub?

... *ir a un club nocturno/una discoteca?*

eer ah oon kloob nohk-toor-noh/oo-nah dees-koh-teh-kah

... to a gay bar? ... *ir a un bar gay?*

eer ah oon bar gay

587.

Where can we go? *¿A dónde podemos ir?*

Ah dohn-deh poh-deh-mohss eer

588.

What's the cover charge? *¿Cuánto cuesta la entrada?*

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah lah en-trah-dah

589.

Do I need to take an ID?

¿Necesito llevar una identificación?

Neh-seh-see-toh yeh-vahr oo-nah ee-den-tee-fee-kah-see-ohn

590.

I'm over eighteen years old. *Soy mayor de dieciocho años.*

Soy mah-yor deh dee-eh-see-oh-choh ah-nyohss.

591.

I (don't) drink alcohol. *(No) Bebo alcohol.*

(Noh) Beh-boh ahl-kohl

592.

I (don't) like drugs. *(No) Me gustan las drogas.*

(Noh) Meh goos-tahn lahss droh-gahss

593.

We are (not) going out tonight.

(No) *Vamos a salir esta noche.*

(Noh) Vah-mohss ah sah-leer ess-tah noh-cheh

594.

We have other plans this weekend.

Tenemos otros planes este fin de semana.

**Teh-neh-mohss oh-trohss plah-nehss ess-teh feen deh
seh-mah-nah**

595.

Do you want to go with me? (inf.) *¿Quieres ir conmigo?*

Kee-eh-res eer kohn-mee-goh

596.

Would you like to dance with me? (inf.)

¿Quieres bailar conmigo? **Kee-eh-res** bi-lar kohn-mee-goh

597.

I can't dance (but I don't care).

No sé bailar (pero no me importa).

Noh seh bi-lar (peh-roh noh meh eem-por-tah)

... sing cantar. **kahn-tar**

598.

At what time shall we meet? *¿A qué hora nos vemos?*

Ah keh oh-rah nohss veh-mohss

599.

Where shall we meet? *¿Dónde nos vemos?*

Dohn-deh nohss veh-mohss

600.

We will meet at the entrance. *Nos vemos en la entrada.*

Nohss veh-mohss en lah en-trah-dah

601.

Can you pick us up? (inf.) *¿Puedes pasar a recogernos?*

Pweh-dess pah-sar ah reh-koh-hehr-nohss

602. Party on! *¡Que siga la fiesta!* **Keh see-gah lah fee-ess-tah**

603.

This is fun/boring. *Esto está muy divertido/aburrido.*

Ess-toh ess-tah mooy dee-vehr-tee-doh/ah-boo-ree-doh

604.

Let's go somewhere else. *Vamos a otro lado.*

Vah-mohss ah oh-troh lah-doh

605.

Party's over. *Se acabó la fiesta.*

Seh ah-kah-boh lah fee-ess-tah

606.

It's time to go home (to sleep).

Es hora de ir a casa (a dormir).

Ess oh-rah deh eer ah kah-sah (ah dor-meer)

607.

I detest hangovers. *Detesto las crudas/resacas. (Sp.)*

Deh-tess-toh lahss kroo-dahss/reh-sah-kahss

MONEY & SHOPPING

608.

I need to change currencies. *Necesito cambiar dinero.*

Neh-seh-see-toh kahm-bee-ar dee-neh-roh

609.

I have to buy some traveler's checks.

Tengo que comprar unos cheques de viajero.

**Ten-goh keh kohm-prar oo-nohss cheh-kess deh
vee-ah-heh-roh**

610.

Where is there a bank? *¿Dónde hay un banco?*

Dohn-deh I oon bahn-koh

611.

Is there a currency exchange office around here?

¿Hay una casa de cambio por aquí?

I oo-nah kah-sah deh kahm-bee-oh por ah-kee

612.

What's the exchange rate? *¿Cuál es el tipo de cambio?*

Kwahl ess el tee-poh deh kahm-bee-oh

613.

Do I have to pay a commission?

¿Hay que pagar una comisión?

I keh pah-gar oo-nah koh-mee-see-ohn

614.

Give me small bills, please. (for.)

Deme billetes pequeños, por favor.

Deh-meh bee-yeh-tess peh-keh-nyohss, por fah-vor

615.

Can you give me a receipt? *¿Me puede dar un recibo?*

Meh pweh-deh dar oon reh-see-boh

616.

Let's go to an ATM. *Vamos a un cajero automático.*

Vah-mohss ah oon kah-heh-roh ow-toh-mah-tee-koh

617.

Our budget is (very) limited.

Nuestro presupuesto es (muy) limitado.

Nwess-troh preh-soo-pwess-toh ess (mooy) lee-mee-tah-doh

618.

We (don't) have a lot of money.

(No) Tenemos (mucho) dinero.

(Noh) Teh-neh-mohss moo-choh dee-neh-roh

619.

We (don't) want to spend a lot.

(No) Queremos gastar mucho.

(Noh) Keh-reh-mohss gahss-tahr moo-choh

620.

I want to go to a clothing store.

Quiero ir a una tienda de ropa.

Kee-eh-roh eer ah oo-nah tee-en-dah deh roh-pah

... shoe store *una tienda de zapatos/zapatería.*

oo-nah tee-en-dah deh sah-pah-tohss/sah-pah-teh-ree-ah

... a handicrafts store *una tienda de artesanías.*

oo-nah tee-en-dah deh ar-teh-sah-nee-ahss

... a traditional market *a un mercado típico.*

ah oon mehr-kah-doh tee-pee-koh

... a shopping mall *un centro comercial.*

oon sen-troh koh-mehr-see-ahl

... an antique store *una tienda de antigüedades.*

oo-nah tee-en-dah deh ahn-tee-weh-dah-dess

... a gallery *una galería . oo-nah gah-leh-ree-ah*

... a jewelry store *una joyería.*

oo-nah hoy-eh-ree-ah

621.

Do you know where I can find a (used, English) book store?

¿Sabe dónde puedo encontrar una librería (de libros usados, en inglés)?

**Sah-beh dohn-deh pweh-doh en-kohn-trar oo-nah
lee-breh-ree-ah (deh lee-brohss oo-sah-dohss, en-een-gless)**
... an office-supply store? ... *una papelería?*
oo-nah pah-pel-eh-ree-ah
... a hardware store? ... *una ferretería?*
oo-nah fehr-reh-teh-ree-ah

622.

Where can I buy souvenirs?
¿Dónde puedo comprar recuerdos?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh kohm-prar reh-kwehr-dohss

623.

At what time do they open/close?
¿A qué hora abren/cierran?
Ah keh oh-rah ah-bren/see-eh-ran

624.

Just browsing, thank you. *Sólo estoy mirando, gracias.*
Soh-loh ess-toymee-rahm-doh, grah-see-ahss

625. Can I look at it? *¿Puedo verlo?* **Pweh-doh yehr-loh**

626.

(Where) Can I try this on? *¿(Dónde) Puedo probarme esto?*
(Dohn-deh) Pweh-doh proh-bar-meh ess-toh

627.

It's too big/small. *Me queda grande/chico.*
Meh keh-dah grahn-deh/chee-koh

628.

I need a bigger/smaller size.
Necesito una talla más grande/chica.
Neh-seh-see-toh oo-nah tah-yah mahss grahn-deh/chee-kah

629.

Do you have more like this one? (for.)
¿Tiene más como éste? **Tee-eh-neh mahss koh-moh ess-teh**

630.

I want another one like it. *Ouiero otro igual.*
Kee-eh-roh oh-troh ee-wahl

631.

Do you have other colors/models?

¿Tiene otros colores/modelos?

Tee-eh-neh oh-trohss koh-loh-rezz/moh-deh-lohss

... a mirror? ... *un espejo?* **oon ess-peh-hoh**

632.

How much does this cost? *¿Cuánto cuesta/vale esto?*

Kwahn-toh kwess-tah/yah-leh ess-toh

633.

What's the price of that? *¿Qué precio tiene eso?*

Keh preh-see-oh tee-en-eh eh-soh

634. It's free. *Es gratis.* **Ess grah-tees**

635.

It's very expensive/cheap. *Es muy caro/barato.*

Ess mooy kah-roh/bah-rah-toh

636. It's too much. *Es demasiado.* **Ess deh-mah-see-ah-doh**

637.

I'm looking for something cheaper.

Estoy buscando algo más barato.

Ess-toy boos-kahn-doh ahl-goh mahss bah-rah-toh

... of better quality *de mejor calidad.*

deh meh-hor kah-lee-dahd

... specific *en particular.* **en par-tee-koo-lar**

638.

Can you give me a good/better price? (for.)

¿Me puede dar un buen/mejor precio?

Meh pweh-deh dar oon bwen/meh-hor preh-see-oh

639.

I can't pay so much. *No puedo pagar tanto.*

Noh pweh-doh pah-gar tahn-toh

640.

I don't have enough money. *No me alcanza el dinero.*

Noh meh ahl-kahn-sah el dee-neh-roh

641.

It has a twenty percent discount.

Tiene un descuento del veinte por ciento.

Tee-eh-neh oon dess-kwen-toh del vayn-teh por see-en-toh

642. It's on sale. *Está de rebaja. Ess-tah deh reh-bah-hah*

643. I'll take it. *Me lo llevo. Meh loh yeh-voh*

644.

Does it have a warranty? *¿Tiene garantía?*

Tee-eh-neh gah-rahn-tee-ah

645.

Where do I pay? *¿Dónde se paga?*

Dohn-deh seh pah-gah

646.

Do you accept credit cards? *¿Aceptan tarjetas de crédito?*

Ah-sep-tahn tar-heh-tahss deh kreh-dee-toh

... debit cards? ... *tarjetas de débito?*

tar-heh-tahss deh deh-bee-toh

... American dollars? ... *dólares americanos?*

doh-lah-reess ah-meh-ree-kah-nohss

647.

Can I return it? *¿Puedo devolverlo?*

Pweh-doh deh-vohl-vehr-loh

648.

I need a receipt. *Necesito un recibo.*

Neh-seh-see-toh oon reh-see-boh

649.

Can you (gift) wrap it? (for.)

¿Lo puede envolver (para regalo)?

Loh pweh-deh en-vohl-vehr (pah-rah reh-gah-loh)

650.

Can you put it in a bag/box? *¿Lo puede poner en una bolsa/ caja?*

Loh pweh-deh poh-nehr en oo-nah bol-sah/kah-hah

651. It's broken. [in pieces]. *Está roto. Ess-tah roh-toh*

652.

It's broken. [it does not work]. *Está descompuesto.*

Ess-tah dess-kohm-pwes-toh

653.

I believe it's defective. *Creo que está defectuoso.*

Kreh-oh keh ess-tah deh-fek-twoh-soh

654. It doesn't work. *No funciona.* **Noh foon-see-oh-nah**

655.

I want to return it. *Quiero devolverlo.*

Kee-eh-roh deh-vohl-vehr-loh

656.

I need a replacement. *Necesito una substitución.*

Neh-seh-see-toh oo-nah soob-stee-too-see-ohn

657.

Please give me a refund. *Por favor deme un reembolso.*

Por fah-yor deh-meh oon ray-em-bol-soh

REST & RELAXATION

658.

I can't go on. *No puedo seguir.* **Noh pweh-doh seh-geer**

... walk anymore *caminar más.*

kah-mee-nar mahss

659.

I'm too tired. *Estoy demasiado cansado.*

Ess-toy deh-mah-see-ah-doh kahn-sah-doh

660.

I need to rest (a bit). *Necesito descansar (un poco).*

Neh-seh-see-toh dess-kahn-sar (oon poh-koh)

... sit in the shade *sentarme a la sombra.*

sen-tar-meh ah lah sohm-brah

... lie down in a hammock.

... acostarme en una hamaca.

ah-kohs-tar-meh en oo-nah ah-mah-kah

661.

I want to sunbathe by the pool.

Quiero asolearme junto a la alberca.

Kee-eh-roh ah-soh-leh-ar-meh hoon-toh ah lah ahl-behr-kah

... take a nap *dormir una siesta.*

dor-meer oo-nah see-ess-tah

662.

I just want to relax. *Sólo quiero relajarme.*

Soh-loh kee-eh-roh reh-lah-har-meh

663.

I don't want to do anything. *No quiero hacer nada.*

Noh kee-eh-roh ah-sehr nah-dah

664.

I don't feel like doing anything.

No tengo ganas de hacer nada.

Noh ten-goh gah-nahss de ah-sehr nah-dah

665.

I don't need to visit any more places.

No necesito visitar más lugares.

Noh neh-seh-see-toh vee-see-tar mahss loo-gar-ess

666.

I would rather not go out tonight.

Preferiría no salir esta noche.

Preh-feh-ree-ree-ah noh sah-leer ess-tah noh-cheh

667.

Can we stay here? *¿Podemos quedarnos aquí?*

Poh-deh-mohss keh-dar-nohss ah-kee

668. I'm fed up. *Ya estoy harto.* **Yah ess-toy_ar-toh**

669.

I just want to watch a little TV.

Sólo quiero ver un poco de televisión.

Soh-loh kee-eh-roh vehr oon poh-koh deh teh-leh-vee-see-ohn

... read a book *leer un libro.* **lay-ehr oon lee-broh**

670.

We could play cards. *Podríamos jugar a las cartas.*

Poh-dree-ah-mohss hoo-gar ah lahss kar-tahss

... video games *video juegos.*

vee-deh-oh hweh-gohss

... a board game *un juego de mesa.*

oon hweh-goh deh meh-sah

671.

We can rent a movie. *Podemos rentar una película.*

Poh-deh-mohss ren-tar oo-nah peh-lee-koo-lah

... listen to music *escuchar música.*

ess-koo-char moo-see-kah

... talk for a while *platicar un rato.*

plah-tee-kar oon rah-toh

... meditate in silence *meditar en silencio.*

meh-dee-tar en see-len-see-oh

672.

I would rather have dinner at home. *Prefiero cenar en casa.*

Preh-fee-eh-roh seh-nar en kah-sah

673.

I would like to take a hot bath.

Me gustaría tomar un baño caliente.

Meh goos-tah-ree-ah toh-mar oon bah-nyoh kah-lee-en-teh

... go to bed early *acostarme temprano.*

ah-kohs-tar-meh tem-prah-noh

674.

I hope to sleep for twelve hours.

Espero dormir por doce horas.

Ess-peh-roh dor-meer por doh-seh oh-rahss

675.

I'm exhausted. *Estoy exhausto.*

Ess-toy eks-ow-stoh

676.

Don't wake me up. *No me despiertes.*

Noh meh dess-pee-ehr-tess

677.

I don't want to be bothered. *No quiero que rue molesten.*

Noh kee-eh-roh keh meh moh-less-ten

678.

Tomorrow will be another day. *Mañana será otro día.*

Mah-nyah-nah seh-rah oh-troh dee-ah

COMPUTERS & INTERNET

679.

I need to use a computer. *Necesito usar una computadora.*

Neh-seh-see-toh oo-sar oo-nah kohm-poo-tah-doh-rah

... a computer *un ordenador. (Sp.)*

oon or-deh-nah-dor

680.

Where can I connect to the Internet?

¿Dónde puedo conectarme a la red?

Dohn-deh pweh-doh koh-nek-tar-meh ah lah red?

681.

Do you have a laptop computer? (inf.)

¿Tienes una computadora portátil?

Tee-eh-ness oo-nah kohm-poo-tah-doh-rah por-tah-teel

... a laptop computer? ... *un ordenador portátil? (Sp.)*

oon or-deh-nah-dor por-tah-teel

682.

Is it a Mac or a PC? *¿Es una Mac o una PC?*

Ess oo-nah Mac oh oo-nah peh-seh

683.

I don't know the keyboard shortcuts.

No conozco los atajos del teclado.

Noh koh-nohss-koh lohss ah-tah-hohss del teh-klah-doh

684.

I do everything with the mouse. *Lo hago todo con el ratón.*

Loh ah-goh toh-doh kohn el rah-tohn

685.

What happens if I click on this icon?

¿Qué pasa si hago clic en este icono?

Keh pah-sah see ah-goh kleek en ess-teh ee-koh-noh

686.

How can I get on-line?

¿Cómo puedo conectarme a la red?

Koh-moh pweh-doh koh-nek-tar-meh ah lah red

... get off-line? ... *desconectarme de la red?*

dess-koh-nek-tar-meh deh lah red

687.

I would like to check my e-mail.

Quisiera revisar mi correo electroónico.

Kee-see-eh-rah reh-vee-sar mee koh-reh-oh

eh-lek-troh-nee-koh

... send an e-mail.

... *enviar/mandar un correo electrónico.*

en-vee-ahr/mahn-dar oon koh-reh-oh eh-lek-troh-nee-koh

688.

My e-mail address is . . . *Mi dirección electrónica es ...*

Mee dee-rek-see-ohn eh-lek-troh-nee-kah ess

689.

It's iluvspanish@[at] mymail.[dot] com.

Es iluvspanish@ [arroba] mymail.[punto] com.

Ess iluvspanish ah-roh-bah mymail poon-toh com

690.

What's the name of the website?

¿Cómo se llama el sitio electrónico?

Koh-moh seh yah-mah el see-tee-oh eh-lek-troh-nee-koh

691.

First, open the browser. (inf.) *Primero, abre el navegador.*

Pree-meh-roh ah-breh el nah-veh-gah-dohr

692.

You can use the desktop shortcut. (inf.)

Puedes usar el acceso directo en el escritorio.

**Pweh-dess oo-sar el ahk-seh-soh dee-rek-toh en el
ess-kree-toh-ree-oh**

693.

Now we can surf through cyberspace.

Ahora podemos navegar por el ciberespacio.

**Ah-oh-rah po-deh-mohss nah-veh-gar por el
see-behr-ess-pah-see-oh**

694.

Search for the webpage. (inf.) *Busca la página electrónica.*

Boos-kah lah pah-hee-nah eh-lek-troh-nee-kah

695.

What's your favorite search engine? (inf.)

¿Cuál es tu buscador favorito?

Kwahl ess too boos-kah-dohr fah-voh-ree-toh

696.

I want to go to the site's home page.

Quiero ir a la página principal del sitio.

**Kee-eh-roh eer ah lah pah-hee-nah preen-see-pahl del
see-tee-oh**

697.

Click on the link. (inf.) *Haz clic en el enlace.*

Ahss kleek en el en-lah-seh

698.

My username is . . . *Mi nombre de usuario es ...*

Mee nohm-breh deh oo-swah-ree-oh ess

699.

What's the password? *¿Cuál es la contraseña?*

Kwahl ess lah kohn-trah-seh-nyah

700.

I have too much spam/junk mail.

Tengo demasiado correo basura.

Ten-goh deh-mah-see-ah-doh koh-reh-oh bah-soo-rah

701.

I want to edit the message. *Quiero editar el mensaje.*

Kee-eh-roh eh-dee-tar el men-sah-heh

... copy and paste this word.

... copiar y pegar esta palabra.

koh-pee-ar ee peh-gar ess-tah pah-lah-brah

... cut and paste these lines.

... cortar y pegar estas líneas.

kor-tar ee peh-gar ess-tahss lee-neh-ahss

... delete this section *borrar esta sección.*

boh-rar ess-tah sek-see-ohn

702.

I need to save the document to the hard disk.

Necesito guardar el documento en el disco duro.

**Neh-seh-see-toh gwar-dar el doh-koo-men-toh en el dees-koh
doo-roh**

... save it in a new folder.

... *guardarlo en una carpeta nueva.*

gwar-dar-loh en oo-nah kar-peh-tah nweh-vah

... save it as a PDF *guardarlo como un PDF.*

gwar-dar-loh koh-moh oon peh deh eh-feh

703.

Is it possible to print it from here?

¿Es posible imprimirlo desde aquí?

Ess poh-see-bleh eem-pree-meer-loh dess-deh ah-kee

704.

The printer is running out of ink/toner.

Se le está acabando la tinta/el toner a la impresora.

**Seh leh ess-tah ah-kah-bahn-doh lah teen-tah/el toh-nehr ah
lah eem-preh-soh-rah**

705.

The paper jammed. *Se atoró el papel.*

Seh ah-toh-roh el pah-pel

706.

I'm missing some pages. *Me faltan algunas páginas.*

Meh fahl-tahn ahl-goo-nahss pah-hee-nahss

707.

Can I attach a file? *¿Puedo adjuntar un archivo?*

Pweh-doh ahd-hoon-tar oon ahr-chee-voh

708.

How do I open the attached file?

¿Cómo abro el archivo adjunto?

Koh-moh ah-broh el ahr-chee-voh ahd-hoon-toh

... save the attached file? ... *guardo el archivo adjunto?*

gwar-doh el ahr-chee-voh ad-hoon-toh

709.

Just drag it and drop it. (inf.) *Sólo arrástraloy colócalo.*

Soh-loh ah-rahss-trah-loh ee koh-loh-kah-loh

710.

Downloading software is risky.

Descargar programas es riesgoso.

Dess-kar-gar proh-grah-mahss ess ree-ess-goh-soh

711.

I think it doesn't have the software I need.

Creo que no tiene el programa que necesito.

**Kreh-oh keh noh tee-eh-neh el proh-grah-mah keh
neh-seh-see-toh**

712.

Does this computer have antivirus software?

¿Tiene un programa antivirus esta computadora?

**Tee-eh-neh oon proh-grah-mah ahn-tee-vee-roos ess-tah
kohm-poo-tah-doh-rah**

713.

Did you remember to back up your work? (inf.)

¿Te acordaste de respaldar tu trabajo?

Teh ah-kor-dahss-teh deh ress-pahl-dahr too trah-bah-hoh

714.

Don't forget to turn off the equipment. (inf.)

No olvides apagar el equipo.

Noh ohl-yee-dess ah-pah-gar el eh-kee-poh

BUSINESS TRAVEL

715.

I came for a conference. *Vine a una conferencia.*

Vee-neh ah oo-nah kohn-feh-ren-see-ah

... a symposium. ... *un simposio.* **oon seem-poh-see-oh**

... a convention. ... *una convención.*

oo-nah kohn-ven-see-ohn

... a (professional) meeting *una reunión (profesional).*

oo-nah reh-oo-nee-ohn (proh-feh-see-oh-nahl)

... an industry fair *una feria industrial.*

oo-nah fehr-ee-ah een-doos-tree-ahl

716.

I'm taking a (Spanish) course.

Estoy tomando un curso (de español).

Ess-toy toh-mahn-doh oon koor-soh (deh ess-pah-nyohl)

717.

I'm here on official business.

Estoy aquí por asuntos oficiales.

Ess-toy ah-kee por ahss-soon-tohss oh-fee-see-ah-less

718.

I work for a transnational company.

Trabajo para una compañía transnacional.

Trah-bah-hoh pah-rah oo-nah kohm-pah-nyee-ah

trahns-nah-see-oh-nahl

... an import/export business.

... *una empresa de importación/exportación.*

oo-nah em-preh-sah deh eem-por-tah-see-ohn/ex-por-tah-see-ohn

719.

I teach at a (state) university.

Enseño en una universidad (estatal).

En-seh-nyoh en oo-nah oo-nee-vehr-see-dahd (ess-tah-tahl)

720.

I'm a government agent. *Soy un agente del gobierno.*

Soy oon ah-hen-teh del goh-bee-ehr-noh

721.

We have offices all over the world.

Tenemos oficinas en todo el mundo.

Teh-neh-mohss oh-fee-see-nahss en toh-doh el moon-doh

722.

The meeting is at eleven sharp.

La junta es a las once en punto.

Lah hoon-tah es ah lahss ohn-seh en poon-toh

723.

I don't want to be late. *No quiero llegar tarde.*

Noh kee-eh-roh yeh-gar tar-deh

724.

I'm late, forgive me. (for.) *Estoy retrasado, disculpe.*

Ess-toy reh-trah-sah-doh, dees-kool-peh

725.

I have an appointment with the President.

Tengo una cita con el presidente.

Ten-goh oo-nah see-tah kohn el preh-see-den-teh

... the Vice-President (for Sales).

... *el vicepresidente (de ventas).*

el vee-seh-preh-see-den-teh (deh ven-tahss)

726.

I came to see the (Marketing) Director.

Vine a ver al director (de mercadeo).

Vee-neh ah vehr ahl dee-rek-tor (deh mehr-kah-deh-oh)

... the Assistant Director (for Human Resources).

... *al subdirector (de recursos humanos).*

ahl soob-dee-rek-tor (deh reh-koor-sohss oo-mah-nohss)

727.

I need to talk to the (Regional) Manager.

Necesito hablar con el gerente (regional).

Neh-seh-see-toh ah-blar kohn el heh-ren-teh (reh-hee-oh-nahl)

728. My name is ... *Mi nombre es ...* **Mee nohm-breh ess . . .**

729.

Where is his/her office? *¿Dónde está su oficina?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah soo oh-fee-see-nah

... the elevator? ... *el elevador/ascensor?*

el eh-leh-vah-dor/ah-sen-sor

730.

I (don't) need an interpreter. (*No*) *Necesito un intérprete.*

(Noh) Neh-seh-see-toh oon een-tehr-preh-teh

731.

Do you have a business card? (for.) *¿Tiene una tarjeta?*

Tee-eh-neh oo-nah tar-heh-tah

732.

Here is my card. *Aquí esta mi tarjeta.*

Ah-kee ess-tah mee tar-heh-tah

733.

I need to call headquarters.

Necesito llamar a la oficina central.

Neh-seh-see-toh yah-mar ah lah oh-fee-see-nah sen-trahl

... my boss *a mi jefe.* **ah mee heh-feh**

... my spouse *a mi esposo/-a.*

ah mee ess-poh-soh/-ah

734.

Can we sign the contract now?

¿Podemos firmar el contrato ahora?

Poh-deh-mohss feer-mar el kohn-trah-toh ah-oh-rah

735.

Some of the clauses aren't clear.

Algunas de las cláusulas no están claras.

**Ahl- goo-nahss deh lahss klow-soo-lahss noh ess-tahn
klah-rahss**

736.

We need more time to think it over.

Necesitamos más tiempo para pensar lo.

**Neh-seh-see-tah-mohss mahss tee-em-poh
pah-rah- pen-sahr-loh**

737.

I need to discuss it with my partners.

Necesito discutirlo con mis socios.

Neh-seh-see-toh dees-koo-teer-loh kohn mees soh-see-ohss

738.

The governing board has to approve it.

La junta directiva tiene que aprobarlo.

Lah hoon-tah dee-rek-tee-vah tee-eh-neh keh ah-proh-bar-loh

739.

The stockholders might not approve the deal.

Los accionistas podrían no aprobar el trato.

**Lohss ahk-see-oh-nees-tahss poh-dree-ahn noh ah-proh-bahr
el trah-toh**

740.

We made an all-around excellent deal.

Hicimos un negocio redondo.

Ee-see-mohss oon neh-goh-see-oh reh-dohn-doh

741.

We're going to make a lot of money.

Vamos a hacer mucho dinero.

Vah-mohss ah ah-sehr moo-choh dee-neh-roh

742.

Let's go celebrate it. *Vamos a celebrarlo.*

Vah-mohss ah seh-leh-brar-loh

THE ENVIRONMENT

743.

I'm concerned about the environment.

Me preocupa el medio ambiente.

Meh preh-oh-koo-pah el meh-dee-oh ahm-bee-en-teh

... global warming *el calentamiento global.*

el kahl-en-tah-mee-en-toh gloh-bahl

... climate change *los cambios climáticos.*

lohss kahm-bee-ohss klee-mah-tee-kohss

... melting ice caps. ... *el deshielo de los polos.*

el dess-yeh-loh deh lohss poh-lohss

... air/water pollution *la contaminación del aire/agua.*

lah kohn-tah-mee-nah-see-ohn del I-ray/ ah-wah

... overpopulation *la sobre población.*

lah soh-breh-poh-blah-see-ohn

744.

This city is very polluted.

Esta ciudad está muy contaminada.

Ess-tah see-oo-dahd ess-tah mooy kohn-tah-mee-nah-dah

745.

There is too much trash. *Hay demasiada basura.*

I deh-mah-see-ah-dah bah-soo-rah

746.

It seems like there are too many cars.

Parece que hay demasiados autos.

Pah-reh-seh keh I deh-mah-see-ah-dohss ow-tohss

747.

Why not use more bicycles?

¿Por qué no usar más bicicletas?

Por keh noh oo-sar mahss bee-see-kleh-tahss

748.

People smoke too much. *La gente fuma demasiado.*

Lah hen-teh foo-mah deh-mah-see-ah-doh

749.

I never litter. *Nunca tiro basura en la calle.*

Noon-kah tee-roh bah-soo-rah en lah kah-yeh

750.

Where is there a recycling center? *¿Dónde hay un centro de reciclaje?*

Dohn-deh I oon sen-troh deh reh-see-klah-heh

751.

Do you recycle paper/cardboard? *¿Reciclan papel/cartón?*

Reh-see-klahn pah-pel/kar-tohn

... plastics? ... *plásticos?* **plahss-tee-kohss**

... glass? ... *vidrio?* **vee-dree-oh**

... aluminum? ... *aluminio?* **ah-loo-mee-nee-oh**

752.

Let's not waste water/food.

No desperdiciemos agua/comida.

Noh dess-pehr-dee-see-eh-mohss ah-wah/koh-mee-dah

753.

Let's turn off the lights. *Apaguemos las luces.*

Ah-pah-geh-mohss lahss loo-sess

754.

Let's turn down the air conditioning.

Bajemos el aire acondicionado.

Bah-heh-mohss el I-reh ah-kohn-dee-see-oh-nah-doh

755.

We must care for nature. *Debemos cuidar la naturaleza.*

Deh-beh-mohss kwee-dar lah nah-too-rah-leh-sah

756.

The endangered species must be protected.

Hay que proteger las especies en peligro.

I keh proh-teh-hehr lahss ess-peh-see-ess en peh-lee-groh

757.

I would like to visit a natural reserve.

Me gustaría visitar una reserva natural.

**Meh goos-tah-ree-ah vee-see-tahr oo-nah reh-sehr-vah
nah-too-rah**

758.

It would be better if we planted our own food.

Sería mejor si plantáramos nuestra propia comida.

**Seh-ree-ah meh-hor see plahn-tar-ah-mohss nwess-trah
proh-pree-ah koh-mee-dah**

759.

I want to buy organic products.

Quiero comprar productos orgánicos.

Kee-eh-roh kohm-prar proh-dook-tohss or-gah-nee-kohss

760.

Where are local products sold?

¿Dónde se venden productos locales?

Dohn-deh seh yen-den proh-dook-tohss loh-kahl-less

761.

What is locally produced? *¿Qué se produce localmente?* **Keh seh
proh-doo-seh loh-kahl-men-teh**

SPORTS & EXERCISE

762.

I'm (not) in good shape. *(No) Estoy en buena forma.*

(Noh) Ess-toy en bweh-nah for-mah

763.

I (don't) like to exercise. *(No) Me gusta hacer ejercicio.*

(Noh) Meh goos-tah ah-sehr eh-hehr-see-see-oh

764.

It makes me feel good. *Me hace sentir bien.*

Meh ah-seh sen-teer bee-en

765.

I want to jog in the park. *Quiero correr en el parque.*

Kee-eh-roh koh-rehr en el par-keh

766.

Can I walk around here? *¿Puedo caminar por aquí?* **Pweh-doh kah-mee-nar por ah-kee**

767.

I would like to go to the gym. *Me gustaría ir al gimnasio.*

Meh goos-tah-ree-ah eer ahl heem-nah-see-oh

... go swimming. ...*ir a nadar.* **eer ah nah-dar**

... ride a bike *andar en bicicleta.*

ahn-dar en bee-see-kleh-tah

768.

Do you like sports? *¿Te gustan los deportes?*

Teh goos-tahn lohss deh-por-tess

769.

What's your favorite sport? *¿Cuál es tu deporte favorito?*

Kwahl ess too deh-por-teh fah-voh-ree-toh

770.

Is there a national sport? *¿Hay un deporte nacional?*

I oon deh-por-teh nah-see-oh-nahl

771.

I prefer watching sports on TV.

Prefiero ver los deportes en la televisión.

Preh-fee-eh-roh vehr lohss deh-por-tess en lah

teh-leh-vee-see-ohn

772. I lift weights. *Levanto pesas.* **Leh-vahn-toh peh-sahss**

773.

I practice martial arts. *Practico artes marciales.*

Prahk-tee-koh ahr-tess mar-see-ah-less

774.

Have you tried yoga? (inf.) *Has probado el yoga?*

Ahss proh-bah-doh el yoh-gah?

775.

I do aerobics. *Hago ejercicios aeróbicos.*

Ah-goh eh-hehr-see-see-ohss I-roh-bee-kohss

776.

I train every day. *Me entreno todos los días*

Meh en-treh-noh toh-dohss lohss dee-ahss

777.

I really like playing golf. *Me encanta jugar golf.*

Meh en-kahn-tah hoo-gar gohlf

... tennis *tenis.* **teh-nees**

... basketball *baloncesto.* **bah-lohn-sess-toh**

... volleyball *voleibol.* **voh-lay-bohl**

778.

Can we go to a soccer match?

¿Podemos ir a un partido de futbol?

Poh-deh-mohss eer ah oon par-tee-doh deh foot-bohl

779.

What's the local team's name?

¿Cómo se llama el equipo local?

Koh-moh seh yah-mah el eh-kee-poh loh-kahl

780. Are they good? *¿Son buenos?* **Sohn bweh-nohss**

781.

Are you a (big) fan? (inf.) *¿Eres un (gran) hincha?*

Eh-ress oon (grahn) een-chah

782.

When is the bull-fighting season?

¿Cuándo es la temporada de toros?

Kwahn-doh ess lah tem-poh-rah-dah deh toh-rohss

783.

Is boxing/wrestling popular?

¿Es popular el boxeo/la lucha libre?

Ess poh-poo-lar el bohk-seh-oh/lah loo-chah lee-breh

HEALTH & WELLNESS

784.

I don't feel well. *No me siento bien.*

Noh meh see-en-toh bee-en

785.

I feel (very) ill. *Me siento (muy) mal.*

Meh see-en-toh (mooy) mahl

786.

I've been feeling sick since yesterday.

Me siento mal desde ayer.

Meh see-en-toh mahl dess-deh ah-yehr

... since two days ago *desde hace dos días.*

dess-deh ah-seh dohss dee-ahss

... since a week ago *desde hace una semana.*

dess-deh ah-seh oo-nah seh-mah-nah

... since I got here *desde que llegué.*

dess-deh keh yeh-geh

787.

I'm (very) sick. *Estoy (muy) enfermo/-a.*

Ess-toy (mooy) en-fehr-moh/-ah

788.

I need a doctor (who speaks English).

Necesito un médico/doctor (que hable inglés).

**Neh-seh-see-toh oon meh-dee-koh/dohk-tor keh ah-bleh
een-gless**

... a general practitioner *un médico generalista.*

oon meh-dee-koh heh-nehr-ah-lees-tah

... a specialist ... *un especialista.*

oon ess-peh-see-ahl-ees-tah

... a dentist ... *un dentista.* **oon den-tees-tah**

789.

Where can I get a medical examination?

¿Dónde puedo obtener una consulta médica?

**Dohn-deh pweh-doh ohb-teh-nehr oo-nah kohn-sool-tah
meh-dee-kah**

790.

I would rather see a female doctor.

Preferiría ver a una doctora.

Preh-feh-ree-ree-ah vehr ah oo-nah dohk-tor-ah

791.

Can a doctor come here? *¿Puede venir un doctor aquí?*

Pweh-deh ven-eer oon dohk-tor ah-kee

792.

Call an ambulance. *Llamen una ambulancia.*

Yah-men oo-nah ahm-boo-lahn-see-ah

793.

I want to go to the hospital. *Quiero ir al hospital.*

Kee-eh-roh eer ahl ohss-peee-tahl

... to the clinic ... *a la clínica.* **ah lah klee-nee-kah**

... to the Emergency Room.

... *a la sala de emergencias/urgencias. (Mex.)*

ah lah sah-lah deh eh-mehr-hen-see-ahss/oor-hen-see-ahss

794.

Do I need to make an appointment? *¿Debo hacer una cita?*

Deh-boh ah-sehr oo-nah see-tah

795.

It's an emergency. *Es una emergencia.*

Ess oo-nah eh-mehr-hen-see-ah

796. It's urgent. *Es urgente.* **Ess oor-hen-teh**

797.

I'm about to give birth. *Estoy a punto de dar a luz.*

Ess-toy ah poon-toh deh dahr ah loos

798. I'm dying. *Me muero.* **Meh mweh-roh**

799.

I have a (high) fever/a (high) temperature.

Tengo (mucha) fiebre/una temperatura (alta).

**Ten-goh (moo-chah) fee-eh-breh/oo-nah tem-peh-rah-too-rah
(ahl-tah)**

800.

I feel a (sharp) pain here. *Siento un (fuerte) dolor aquí.*

See-en-toh oon (fwehr-teh) doh-lor ah-kee

801.

[My head] hurts (a lot). *Me duele (mucho) la cabeza.*

Meh dweh-leh (moo-choh) lah kah-beh-sah

My (inner) eat. *el oído.* **el oh-ee-doh**

My tooth *el diente.* **el dee-en-teh**

My neck *el cuello.* **el kweh-yoh**

My throat *la garganta*. **lah gar-gahn-tah**
My shoulder *el hombro*. **el ohm-broh**
My back *la espalda*. **lah ess-pahl-dah**
My chest *el pecho*. **el peh-choh**
My left/right arm *el brazo izquierdo/derecho*.
el brah-soh ees-kee-ehr-doh/deh-reh-choh
My elbow *el codo*. **el koh-doh**
My wrist *la muñeca*. **lah moo-nyeh-kah**
My hand *la mano*. **lah mah-noh**
My finger *el dedo*. **el deh-doh**
My waist *la cintura*. **lah seen-too-rah**
My stomach *el estomago*. **el ess-toh-mah-goh**
My hip *la cadera*. **lah kah-deh-rah**
My leg *la pierna*. **lah pee-ehr-nah**
My knee *la rodilla*. **lah roh-dee-yah**
My ankle *el tobillo*. **el toh-bee-yoh**
My foot *el pie*. **el pee-eh**
My toe *el dedo del pie*. **el deh-doh del pee-eh**

802.

I'm dizzy. *Estoy mareado/-a*. **Ess-toy mar-eh-ah-doh/-ah**
... constipated. . . . *constipado/-a/estreñido/-a*.
kohn-stee-pah-doh/-ah/ess-treh-nyee-doh/-ah
... swollen *hinchado/-a*. **een-chah-doh/-ah**
... pregnant *embarazada*. **em-bah-rah-sah-dah**
... bleeding (a lot) *sangrando (mucho)*.
sahn-grahn-doh (moo-choh)

803.

It itches (a lot). *Siento (muchas) comezón*.

See-en-toh (moo-chah) koh-meh-sohn

804. I feel nauseous. *Siento náuseas*. **See-en-toh now-seh-ahss**

805.

I suffer from indigestion. *Sufro de indigestión*.

Soo-froh deh een-dee-gess-tee-ohn

... heartburn. *agruras/acidez estomacal*.

ah-groo-rahss/ah-see-dess ess-toh-mah-kahl

806....

(chronic) sinusitis ... *sinusitis (crónica)*.

see-noo-see-tees (kroh-nee-kah)

807.

I can't breathe. *No puedo respirar.*

Noh pweh-doh ress-pee-rar

... see (clearly) *ver (claramente)*.

vehr (klah-rah-men-teh)

... hear (well) *oír (bien)*. **oh-eer (bee-en)**

... sleep *dormir*. **dor-meer**

... move my arm/my legs *mover el brazo/las piernas*.

moh-vehr el brah-soh/lahss pee-ehr-nahss

... speak *hablar*. **ah-blar**

808.

Something I ate made me ill. *Algo que comí me hizo daño*

. **Ahl-goh keh koh-mee meh ee-suh dah-nyoh**

809.

I threw up (a lot). *Vomité (mucho)*.

Voh-mee-teh (moo-choh)

810.

I can't stop throwing up. *No puedo dejar de vomitar.*

Noh pweh-doh deh-har deh voh-mee-tar

811.

Something bit me. (an insect) *Algo me picó.*

Ahl-goh meh pee-koh

812.

Something bit me. (an animal) *Algo me mordió.*

Ahl-goh meh mor-dee-oh

813. I hurt myself. *Me lastimé. Meh lahss-tee-meh*

814.

I hurt my hand/my foot. *Me lastimé la mano/el pie.*

Meh lahss-tee-meh lah mah-noh/el pee-eh

815.

I twisted my wrist/my ankle. *Me torci la muñeca/el tobillo.*

Meh tor-see lah moo-nyeh-kah/el toh-bee-yoh

816.

I broke my arm/my leg. *Me rompí el brazo/la pierna.*

Meh rohm-pee el brah-soh/lah pee-ehr-nah

817. I cut myself. *Me corté.* **Meh kor-teh**

818.

I may need some stitches.

Puede que necesite unos puntos (de sutura).

**Pweh-deh keh neh-seh-see-teh oo-nohss poon-tohss
(deh soo-too-rah)**

819. I burned myself. *Me quemé.* **Meh keh-meh**

820.

I have asthma. *Tengo asma.* **Ten-goh ahss-mah**

... muscle cramps *calambres musculares.*

kah-lahm-bress moos-koo-lah-rezz

... cancer *cáncer.* **kahn-sehr**

... diabetes *diabetes.* **dee-ah-beh-tess**

... diarrhea *diarrea.* **dee-ar-reh-ah**

... menstrual cramps ... *dolores menstruales.*

doh-loh-rezz mens-trwah-less

... chills ... *escalofríos.* **ess-kah-loh-free-ohss**

... an S.T.D ... *una enfermedad venérea/sexual.*

oo-nah en-fehr-meh-dahd veh-neh-reh-ah/sek-soo-ahl

... high/low blood pressure ... *la presión alta/baja.*

lah preh-see-ohn ahl-tah/bah-hah

... hepatitis *hepatitis.* **eh-pah-tee-tees**

... AIDS ... *SIDA.* **see-dah**

... a cough *tos.* **tohss**

821.

I think I have an ear infection.

Creo que tengo una infección del oído.

Kreh-oh keh ten-goh oo-nah een-fek-see-ohn del oh-ee-doh

... a skin infection *infección de la piel.*

een-fek-see-ohn deh lah pee-el

... a urinary tract infection *infección urinaria.*

een-fek-see-ohn oo-ree-nah-ree-ah

... a yeast infection *infección vaginal.*

een-fek-see-ohn vah-hee-nahl

... a bladder infection *infección de la vejiga.*

een-fek-see-ohn deh lah veh-hee-gah

822.

I've had heart problems. *He tenido problemas del corazón.*

Eh teh-nee-doh proh-bleh-mahss del koh-rah-sohn

... liver problems *problemas del hígado.*

proh-bleh-mahss del ee-gah-doh

... kidney problems *problemas renales.*

proh-bleh-mahss reh-nah-less

... lung problems *problemas respiratorios.*

proh-bleh-mahss res-pee-rah-toh-ree-ohss

823.

I'm allergic to penicillin. *Soy alérgico a la penicilina.*

Soy ah-lehr-hee-koh ah lah peh-nee-see-lee-nah

... to shellfish. . . . *a los mariscos.*

ah lohss mah-rees-kohss

... to peanuts *a los cacahuates/al maní.*

ah lohss kah-kah-wah-tess/ahl mah-nee

... to pollen *al polen. ahl poh-len*

... to bee stings *a las picaduras de abeja.*

ah lahss pee-kah-doo-rahss deh ah-beh-hah

824.

I have hay fever. *Tengo fiebre del heno.*

Ten-goh fee-eh-breh del eh-noh

825.

My doctor prescribed this medicine.

Mi doctor me recetó esta medicina.

Mee dohk-tor meh reh-seh-toh ess-tah meh-dee-see-nah

826.

I am taking pain-killers. *Estoy tomando analgésicos.*

Ess-toy toh-mahn-doh ah-nahl-heh-see-kohss

... antibiotics *antibióticos.*

ahn-tee-bee-oh-tee-kohss

... antihistamines *antiestamínicos*.

ahn-tee-ess-tah-mee-nee-kohss

... aspirin *aspirinas*. **ahss-pee-ree-nahss**

... contraceptive pills.

... *píldoras/pastillas anticonceptivas*.

peel-doh-rahss/pahss-tee-yahss ahn-tee-kohn-sep-tee-vahss

... vitamins *vitaminas*. **vee-tah-mee-nahss**

827. I (don't) smoke. (*No*) *Fumo*. (**Noh**) **Foo-moh**

828.

I (don't) drink alcohol. (*No*) *Bebo alcohol*.

(Noh) Beh-boh ahl-kohl

829.

I (don't) use drugs. (*No*) *Uso drogas*.

(Noh) Oo-soh droh-gahss

830.

I wear contact lenses. *Uso lentes de contacto*.

Oo-soh len-tess deh kohn-tahk-toh

831.

My blood type is O positive/negative.

Mi tipo de sangre es O positivo/negativo.

**Mee tee-poh deh sahn-greh ess oh poh-see-tee-voh/
neh-gah-tee-voh**

832.

Is it (very) serious? *¿Es (muy) grave?*

Ess (mooy) grah-veh

833.

Will I be well (soon)? *¿Estaré bien (pronto)?*

Ess-tah-reh bee-en (prohn-toh)

834.

How much for the visit? *¿Cuánto es por la consulta?*

Kwahn-toh ess por lah kohn-sool-tah

835.

Where does one pay for the visit?

¿Dónde se paga la consulta?

Dohn-deh seh pah-gah lah kohn-sool-tah

836.

I need a receipt for my insurance company.

Necesito un recibo para mi compañía de seguros.

**Neh-seh-see-toh oon reh-see-boh pah-rah mee
kohm-pah-nyee-ah deh seh-goo-rohss**

837.

Can you give me something for the pain? (for.)

¿Me puede dar algo para el dolor?

Meh pweh-deh dar ahl-goh pah-rah el doh-lor

838.

I need medicine. *Necesito medicina.*

Neh-seh-see-toh meh-dee-see-nah

... a Band-Aid *una curita/tirita. (Sp.)*

oo-nah koo-ree-tah/tee-ree-tah

... a laxative. ... *un laxante. oon lahk-sahn-teh*

... a prescription. ... *una receta médica.*

oo-nah reh-seh-tah meh-dee-kah

... a tetanus shot *una vacuna contra el tétano.*

oo-nah vah-koo-nah kohn-trah el teh-tah-noh

... a bandage *una venda. oo-nah yen-dah*

839.

I don't want to have surgery here.

No quiero que me operen aquí.

Noh kee-eh-roh keh meh oh-peh-ren ah-kee

840.

I hate needles. *Odio las agujas.*

Oh-dee-oh lahss ah-goo-hahss

841.

Seeing blood makes me sick. *Me enferma ver sangre.*

Meh en-fehr-mah vehr sahn-greh

842.

Where is the drugstore? *¿Dónde está la farmacia?*

Dohn-deh ess-tah lah far-mah-see-ah

843.

Is it open twenty-four hours?

¿Está abierta las veinticuatro horas?

Ess-tah ah-bee-ehr-tah lahss vayn-tee-kwah-troh oh-rahss

844.

Are you a pharmacist? (for.) *¿Es usted farmacéutico/-a?*

Ess oos-ted fahr-mah-seh-oo-tee-koh/kah

845.

How do you take this medicine?

¿Cómo se toma esta medicina?

Koh-moh seh toh-mah ess-tah meh-dee-see-nah

846.

Does this medicine cause side effects?

¿Causa efectos secundarios este medicamento?

**Kow-sah eh-fek-tohss seh-koon-dah-ree-ohss ess-teh
meh-dee-kah-men-toh**

847. Are they serious? *¿Son serios?* **Sohn seh-ree-ohss**

848. What are they? *¿Cuáles son?* **Kwah-less sohn**

CAR TROUBLE

849.

The car broke down. *Se descompuso el auto/el coche.*

Seh dess-kohm-poo-soh el ow-toh/el koh-cheh

850.

We had an accident. *Tuvimos un accidente.*

Too-vee-mohss oon ahk-see-den-teh

851.

We crashed (with another car). *Chocamos (con otro auto).*

Cho-kah-mohss (kohn oh-troh ow-toh)

852. It won't start. *No enciende.* **Noh en-see-en-deh**

853.

It makes a funny noise. *Hace un ruido raro.*

Ah-seh oon rwee-doh rah-roh

854.

It doesn't shift gears (smoothly). *No embraga (fácilmente).*

Noh em-brah-gah (fah-seel-men-teh)

855.

The headlights won't turn on. *No prenden los faros.*

Noh pren-den lohss fah-rohss

The brake lights *las luces de atrás.*

lahss loo-sess deh ah-trahss

The turn signals *las intermitentes.*

lahss een-tehr-mee-ten-tess

856.

The windshield wipers aren't moving.

Los limpiadores no se mueven.

Lohss leem-pee-ah-doh-ress noh seh mweh-ven

857.

It doesn't brake well. *No frena bien.*

Noh freh-nah bee-en

858. It doesn't accelerate. *No acelera.* **Noh ah-seh-leh-rah**

859.

It accelerates by itself. *Acelera sólo.*

Ah-ceh-leh-rah soh-loh

860.

The pedal gets stuck. *El pedal se atora.*

El peh-dahl seh ah-toh-rah

861.

The steering doesn't work. *No funciona la dirección.*

Noh foon-see-oh-nah lah dee-rek-see-ohn

862.

It's blowing a lot of smoke. *Echa mucho humo*

. **Eh-chah moo-choh oo-moh**

863.

It has a flat tire. *Tiene una rueda pinchada.*

Tee-eh-neh oo-nah rweh-dah peen-chah-dah

864.

A tire went flat. *Se le ponchó una llanta. (Mex.)*

Seh leh pohn-choh oo-nah yahn-tah

865.

I think it has a dead battery.

Creo que tiene la batería descargada.

Kreh-oh keh tee-eh-neh lah bah-teh-ree-ah dess-kar-gah-dah

866.

It could be a blown gasket. *Podría ser una junta reventada.*

Poh-dree-ah sehr oo-nah hoon-tah reh-ven-tah-dah

867.

It's overheated. *Está sobrecalentado.*

Ess-tah soh-breh-kah-len-tah-doh

868.

It's leaking coolant. *Está perdiendo anticongelante.*

Ess-tah pehr-dee-en-doh ahn-tee-kohn-heh-lahn-teh

869.

It needs oil. *Le falta aceite. Leh fahl-tah ah-say-teh*

... gas *gasolina. gahss-soh-lee-nah*

... air in the tires *aire a las llantas.*

I-reh ah lahss yahn-tahss

870.

I left the keys inside. *Dejé las llaves adentro.*

Deh-heh lahss yah-vess ah-den-troh

871.

Where is there a car repair shop/garage?

¿Dónde hay un taller mecánico/un garaje?

Dohn-deh I oon tah-yehr meh-kah-nee-koh/oon gah-rah-heh

872.

I need a tow truck. *Necesito una grúa.*

Neh-seh-see-toh oo-nah groo-ah

... a (car) mechanic *un mecánico (automotriz).*

oon meh-kah-nee-koh (ow-toh-moh-trees)

... a car jack *un gato.* **oon gah-toh**

873.

Do you have jumper cables?

¿Tiene cables/una pinza de batería? (Sp.)

Tee-eh-neh kah-bless/oo-nah peen-sah deh bah-teh-ree-ah

874.

How much will it cost? *¿Cuánto va a costar?*

Kwahn-toh vah ah kohs-tar

875.

Does that include parts and labor?

¿Eso incluye mano de obra y refacciones?

**Eh-soh een-kloo-yeh mah-noh deh oh-brah ee
reh-fahk-see-oh-ness**

876.

Will you put in new parts? (for.)

¿Le pondrá refacciones nuevas?

Leh pohn-drah reh-fahk-see-oh-ness nweh-vahss

877.

Can you fix it (today)? (for.)

¿Puede arreglarlo/repararlo (hoy mismo)?

Pweh-deh ah-reh-glar-loh/re-pah-rar-loh (oy mees-moh)

878.

When will it be ready? *¿Cuándo estará listo?*

Kwahn-doh ess-tah-rah lees-toh

879.

At what time can I pick it up?

¿A qué hora puedo recogerlo?

Ah keh oh-rah pweh-doh reh-koh-hehr-loh

880.

It's (not) insured. (*No*) *Está asegurado.*

(Noh) Ess-tah ah-seh-goo-rah-doh

881.

Can I pay with a credit card?

¿Puedo pagar con tarjeta de crédito?

Pweh-doh pah-gar kohn tar-heh-tah deh kreh-dee-toh

EMERGENCIES

882.

Help! *¡Ayuda!/¡Auxilio!/¡Socorro!*

Ah-yoo-dah/Owk-see-lee-oh/Soh-koh-roh

883.

Do you know first aid? *¿Sabe primeros auxilios?*

Sah-beh pree-meh-rohss owk-see-lee-ohss

884.

I need a doctor. *Necesito un médico/un doctor.*

Neh-seh-see-toh oon meh-dee-koh/oon dohk-tor

885.

Where is the nearest hospital?

¿Dónde está el hospital más cercano?

Dohn-deh ess-tah el ohss-peel-tahl mahss sehr-kah-noh

886.

Take me to the Emergency Room.

Lléveme a la sala de emergencias/urgencias. (Mex.)

**Yeh-veh-meh ah lah sah-lah deh eh-mehr-hen-see-ahss/
oor-hen-see-ahss**

887.

I'm going to pass out. *Me voy a desmayar.*

Meh voy ah dess-mah-yahr

888.

I want a lawyer. *Quiero un abogado.*

Kee-eh-roh oon ah-boh-gah-doh

889.

Call the police. (pl.) *Llamen a la policía.*

Yah-men ah lah poh-lee-see-ah

... an ambulance *una ambulancia.*

oo-nah ahm-boo-lahn-see-ah

... the fire department *a los bomberos.*

ah lohss bohm-beh-rohss

890.

It's an emergency! *¡Es una emergencia!*

Ess oo-nah eh-mehr-hen-see-ah

891.

Do something, please. (for.) *Haga algo, por favor. Ah-gah ahl-goh por fah-vor*

892. Stop, thief! *¡Alto, ladrón! Ahl-toh, lah-drohn*

893. He went that way. *Se fue por allá. Seh fweh por ah-yah*

894.

I have been robbed/assaulted. *Me han robado/asaltado.*

Meh ahn roh-bah-doh/ah-saht-tah-doh

895.

They stole my wallet. *Me robaron la cartera/la billetera.*

Meh roh-bah-ron lah kar-teh-rah/lah bee-yeh-teh-rah

896.

They took my purse.

Se llevaron mi bolsa (Mex.)/mi bolso. (Sp.)

Seh yeh-yah-rohn mee bohl-sah/mee bohl-soh

... my luggage *mi equipaje. mee eh-kee-pah-heh*

897. I was raped. *Me violaron. Meh vee-oh-lah-ron*

898.

I need to report a crime. *Necesito hacer una denuncia.*

Neh-seh-see-toh ah-sehr oo-nah deh-noon-see-ah

899.

I lost my passport. *Perdi mi pasaporte.*

Pehr-dee mee pah-sah-por-teh

... my money *mi dinero. mee dee-neh-roh*

... my ticket *mi boleto/pasaje.*

mee boh-leh-toh/pah-sah-heh

900.

I can't find the key to my room.

No encuentro la llave de mi habitación.

Noh en-kwen-troh lah yah-veh deh mee ah-bee-tah-see-ohn

901. He/she can't swim. *No sabe nadar.* **Noh sah-beh nah-dar**

902.

He/she's drowning. *Se está ahogando,*

Seh ess-tah ah-oh-gahn-doh

903.

I think he/she's dead. *Creo que está muerto/a.*

Kreh-oh keh ess-tah mwehr-toh/-tah

FLIRTING

904.

Hi, what's your name? (inf.) *Hola, ¿cómo te llamas?*

Oh-lah, koh-moh teh yah-mass

905.

My name is ... *Mi nombre es ...*

Mee nohm-breh ess ...

906.

I'm here on vacation. *Estoy aquí de vacaciones.*

Ess-toy ah-kee deh vah-kah-see-oh-ness

907.

I came on business. *Vine por negocios.*

Vee-neh por neh-goh-see-ohss

908.

I'm staying for the whole summer.

Me quedo por todo el verano.

Meh keh-doh por toh-doh el veh-rah-noh

... for a week *por una semana.*

por oo-nah seh-mah-nah

... for three days *por tres días.* **por trehss dee-ahss**

909.

I'm leaving tomorrow. *Me voy mañana.*

Meh voy mah-nyah-nah

... on Monday *el lunes.* **el loo-ness**

910.

How old are you? (inf.) *¿Cuántos años tienes?*

Kwahn-tohss ah-nyohss tee-en-ess

911.

I am (thirty) years old. *Yo tengo (treinta) años.*

Yoh ten-goh (trayn-tah) ah-nyohss

912.

Do you work or do you study? (inf.) *¿Estudias o trabajas?*

Ess-too-dee-ahss oh trah-bah-hahss

913.

What are you studying? (inf.) *¿Qué estudias?*

Keh ess-too-dee-ahss

914.

Where do you work? (inf.) *¿Dónde trabajas?*

Dohn-deh trah-bah-hahss

915.

Do you have a boyfriend/girlfriend? (inf.)

¿Tienes noviol-a? **Tee-eh-ness noh-vee-oh/-ah**

916.

Are you married? (inf.) *¿Estás casado/-a?*

Ess-tahss kah-sah-doh/-ah

917.

How long have you been divorced? (inf.)

¿Hace cuánto tiempo que estás divorciado/-a?

Ah-seh kwahn-toh tee-em-poh keh ess-tahss

dee-vor-see-ah-doh/-ah

918.

What music do you like? (inf.) *¿Qué música te gusta?*

Keh moo-see-kah teh goos-tah

919.

Do you like movies? (inf.) *¿Te gusta el cine?*

Teh goos-tah el see-neh

... literature? ... *la literatura?* **lah lee-tehr-ah-too-rah**

... poetry? ... *la poesía?* **lah poh-eh-see-ah**

... sports? ... *los deportes?* **lohss deh-por-tehss**

920.

What zodiac sign are you? (inf.) *¿Qué signo eres?*

Keh seeg-noh eh-ress

921. I'm a (Libra). *Yo soy (Libra).* **Yoh soy (Lee-brah)**

922. D

on't bother me. (inf.) *No me molestes.*

Noh meh moh-less-tess

923.

Leave me alone. (inf.) *Déjame en paz.*

Deh-hah-meh en pahss

924.

I'm not interested. *No estoy interesado/-a.*

Noh ess-toy een-teh-reh-sah-doh/-ah

925.

This guy is harassing me. *Este tipo me está acosando.*

Ess-teh tee-poh meh ess-tah ah-koh-sahn-doh

926.

You're a (very) pretty girl. (inf.)

Eres una chica (muy) bonita.

Eh-ress oo-nah chee-kah (mooy) boh-nee-tah

... beautiful girl *una chica bella/hermosa.*

oo-nah chee-kah beh-yah/ehr-moh-sah

927.

You're a (very) handsome man. (inf.)

Eres un hombre (muy) guapo.

Eh-ress oon ohm-breh (mooy) wah-poh

928.

You have (very) pretty eyes. (inf.)

Tienes unos ojos (muy) bonitos.

Tee-eh-ness oo-nohss oh-hohss (mooy) boh-nee-tohss

... a very beautiful smile *una sonrisa preciosa.*

oo-nah sohn-ree-sah preh-see-oh-sah

929.

Do you want to go out with me? (inf.)

¿Quieres salir conmigo? **Kee-eh-res** sah-leer kohn-mee-goh

930.

I want to go out with you. (inf.) *Quiero salir contigo.*

Kee-eh-roh sah-leer kohn-tee-goh

... dance with you *bailar contigo.*

bi-lar kohn-tee-goh

... talk with you *hablar contigo.*

ah-blar kohn-tee-goh

931.

What are you doing tonight? (inf.)

¿Qué vas a hacer esta noche?

Keh vahss ah ah-sehr ess-tah noh-cheh

932.

Can we see each other tomorrow?

¿Nos podemos ver mañana?

Nohss poh-deh-mohss vehr mah-nyah-nah

933.

Have lunch/dinner with me. (inf.)

Te invito a comer/cenar conmigo.

Teh een-vee-toh ah koh-mehr/seh-nar kohn-mee-goh

934.

Let me buy you a drink. (inf.) *Deja que te invite una copa.*

Deh-hah keh teh een-vee-teh oo-nah koh-pah

935.

Come to the movies with me. *Acompáñame al cine.*

Ah-kohm-pah-nyah-meh ahl see-neh

936.

Let's go (salsa) dancing. *Vamos a bailar (salsa).*

Vah-mohss ah bi-lar (sahl-sah)

937.

(When) Can I call you? (inf.) *¿(Cuándo) Te puedo llamar?*
(Kwahn-doh) Teh pweh-doh yah-mar

938.

I like you (a lot). [You're (very) nice.] (inf.)
Me caes (muy) bien. **Meh kah-ess (mooy) bee-en**

939.

I like you (a lot). [I feel attracted to you.] (inf.)
Me gustas (mucho). **Meh goos-tahss (moo-choh)**

940. I love you. (inf.) *Te quiero.* **Teh kee-eh-roh**

941.

I love you (heart and soul). [Seriously] (inf.)
Te amo (con toda el alma).
Teh ah-moh (kohn toh-dah el ahl-mah)

942. I want you. [Sexual] (inf.) *Te deseo.* **Teh deh-seh-oh**

943.

Let me kiss you. (inf.) *Deja que te bese.*
Deh-hah keh teh beh-seh

944. Kiss me. (inf.) *Bésame.* **Beh-sah-meh**

945.

Can I hold you in my arms? *¿Puedo abrazarte?*
Pweh-doh ah-brah-sar-teh

946.

I want to make love to you. *Quiero hacerte el amor.*
Kee-eh-roh ah-sehr-teh el ah-mor

947.

Not without a condom. *No sin un preservativo/condón.*
Noh seen oon preh-sehr-vah-tee-voh/kohn-dohn

948.

Where can we get one? *¿Dónde podemos conseguir uno?*
Dohn-deh poh-deh-mohss kohn-seh-geer oo-noh

949.

Thanks for a fun evening. *Gracias por una noche divertida.*

Grah-see-ahss por oo-nah noh-cheh dee-vehr-tee-dah

950.

I had a wonderful evening. *Pase una noche maravillosa.*

Pah-seh oo-nah noh-cheh mah-rah-vee-yoh-sah

951.

Will we see each other again? *¿Nos volveremos a ver?*

Nohss vohl-vehr-eh-mohss ah vehr

952.

I (don't) want to see you again. (*No*) *Quiero volver a verte.*

(Noh) Kee-eh-roh vohl-vehr a vehr-teh

953.

I will never forget you. (inf.) *Nunca te olvidaré.*

Noon-kah teh ohl-vee-dah-reh

954.

I will miss you (a lot). (inf.) *Te extrañaré (mucho).*

Teh ex-trah-nyah-reh (moo-choh)

955. Don't leave me! *¡No me dejes!* **Noh meh deh-hess**

956.

If you leave, don't come back. *Si te vas, no regreses.*

See teh vahss noh reh-greh-sess

FAMILY, CHILDREN & PETS

957.

I came with my girlfriend. *Vine con mi novia.*

Vee-neh kohn mee noh-vee-ah

... with my fiancée. ... *con mi prometida.*

kohn mee proh-meh-tee-dah

... with my wife *con mi esposa.*

kohn mee ess-poh-sah

958.

I brought my family. *Traje a mi familia.*

Trah-heh ah mee fah-meel-yah

... my parents *a mis padres*. **ah mees pah-dress**
... my in-laws *a mis suegros*. **ah mees sweh-grohss**

959.

I'm here with my (favorite) aunt and uncle.
Estoy aquí con mis tíos (favoritos).
Ess-toy ah-kee kohn mees tee-ohss (fah-voh-ree-tohss)

960.

How many brothers/sisters do you have?
¿Cuántos hermanos/as tienes?
Kwahn-tohss ehr-mah-nohss/ahss tee-eh-ness

961.

I have one brother and one sister.
Tengo un hermano y una hermana.
Ten-goh oon ehr-mah-noh ee oo-nah ehr-mah-nah

962.

This is my nephew/niece. *Este es mi sobrino/a.*
Ess-teh ess mee soh-bree-noh/ah
... my son/daughter *mi hijo/a.* **mee ee-hoh/ah**
... my grandson/granddaughter *mi nieto/a.*
mee nee-eh-toh/ah

963.

These are my children. *Estos son mis hijos/as.*
Ess-tohss sohn mees ee-hohss/ahss

964.

How old are your children? (for./inf.)
¿Cuántos años tienen sus/tus hijos/as?
Kwahn-tohss ah-nyohss tee-eh-nen soos/toos ee-hohss/ahss

965.

They are three and five years old. *Tienen tres y cinco años.*
Tee-eh-nen trehss ee seen-koh ah-nyohss

966.

Where's your mom/dad? *¿Dónde está tu mamá/papá?*
Dohn-deh ess-tah too mah-mah/pah-pah

967.

Are there children's activities? *¿Hay actividades para niños?*

I ahk-tee-vee-dah-dess pah-rah nee-nyohss

968.

Where can we find a playground?

¿Dónde podemos encontrar un lugar de juegos/recreo?

**Dohn-deh poh-deh-mohss en-kohn-trar oon loo-gar de
hweh-gohss/reh-kreh-oh**

... an amusement park? ... *un parque de atracciones?*

oon par-keh deh ah-trahk-see-oh-ness

... a children's museum? ... *un museo para niños?*

oon moo-seh-oh pah-rah nee-nyohss

969.

We're looking for a park with swings.

Estamos buscando un parque con columpios.

**Ess-tah-mohss boos-kahn-doh oon par-keh kohn
koh-loom-pee-ohss**

970.

Do you know of a children's show? (for.)

¿Sabe de un espectáculo para niños?

Sah-beh deh oon ess-peh-tah-koo-loh pah-rah nee-nyohss

971.

Isn't there a kiddy pool somewhere?

¿No hay una alberca para ninos en algún lado?

**Noh I oo-nah ahl-behr-kah pah-rah nee-nyohss en ahl-goon
lah-doh**

972.

Where can we find a toy store?

¿Dónde podemos encontrar una juguetería?

**Dohn-deh poh-deh-mohss en-kohn-trar oo-nah
hoo-geh-teh-ree-ah**

973.

We want to buy traditional toys.

Queremos comprar juguetes tradicionales.

**Keh-reh-mohss kohm-prar hoo-geh-tess
trah-dee-see-oh-nah-less**

974.

Do you sell educational games? *¿Venden juegos educativos?*
Ven-den hweh-gohss eh-doo-kah-tee-vohss

975.

Do you have children's books? *¿Tienen libros para niños?*
Tee-eh-nen lee-brohss pah-rah nee-nyohss

976.

Can we go in the museum with the stroller?
¿Podemos entrar al museo con el cochecito/la carriola? (Mex.)
**Poh-deh-mohss en-trar ahl moo-seh-oh kohn el
koh-cheh-see-toh/lah kah-ree-oh-lah**

977.

We prefer a family-friendly restaurant.
Preferimos un restaurante para familias.
**Preh-feh-ree-mohss oon res-tow-rahn-teh pah-rah
fah-meel-yahss**

978.

Do you have a children's menu?
¿Tienen un menú para niños?
Tee-eh-nen oon meh-noo pah-rah nee-nyohss

979.

Can you bring us a high chair? (for.)
¿Nos puede traer una silla alta?
Nohss pweh-deh trah-ehr oo-nah see-yah ahl-tah

980.

We need to see a pediatrician.
Necesitamos ver a un pediatra.
Neh-seh-see-tah-mohss vehr ah oon peh-dee-ah-trah

981.

We brought our dog/cat. *Trajimos a nuestro perrolgato.*
Trah-hee-mohss ah nwes-troh peh-roh/gah-toh

982.

He/she is like family. *Es como de la familia*

. **Ess koh-moh deh lah fah-meel-yah**

983.

We never travel without him/her.

Nunca viajamos sin él/ella.

Noon-kah vee-ah-hah-mohss seen el/eh-yah

984.

Does he/she have to be quarantined?

¿Tiene que estar en cuarentena?

Tee-eh-neh keh ess-tar en kwah-ren-teh-nah

985.

For how long? *¿Por cuánto tiempo?*

Por kwahn-tah tee-em-poh

986.

Do you have a pet? (for./inf.) *¿Tiene(s) una mascota?*

Tee-eh-neh(s) oo-nah mahss-koh-tah

987.

Do you like animals? *¿Te gustan los animales?*

Teh goos-tahn lohss ah-nee-mah-less

988.

Can we have pets in the room?

¿Podemos tener mascotas en la habitación?

**Poh-deh-mohss teh-nehr mahss-koh-tahss en lah
ah-bee-tah-see-ohn**

989.

He/she is housebroken/trained. *Está entrenadola.*

Ess-tah en-treh-nah-doh/ah

990.

He/she has all her vaccines. *Tiene todas sus vacunas*

. **Tee-eh-neh toh-dahss soos vah-koo-nahss**

991.

He/she is very clean. *Es muy limpiola.*

Ess mooy leem-pee-oh/ah

992.

He/she doesn't bite/bark. *No muerde/ladra.*

Noh mwehr-deh/lah-drah

993.

He/she doesn't have fleas. *No tiene pulgas.*

Noh tee-eh-neh pool-gahss

994.

I'm going to walk the dog. *Voy a pasear al perro.*

Voy ah pah-seh-ar ahl peh-roh

995.

Where do they sell animal food?

¿Dónde se vende comida para animales?

Dohn-deh seh yen-deh koh-mee-dah pah-rah ah-nee-mah-less

996.

We have to take him/her to the vet.

Tenemos que llevarlo/la al veterinario.

**Teh-neh-mohss keh yeh-var-loh/la ah
veh-neh-ree-nah-ree-oh**

997.

Where is the animal hospital?

¿Dónde está el hospital para animales?

Dohn-deh ess-tah el ohss-pee-tahl pah-rah ah-nee-mah-less

A LITTLE SLANG

998.

What's up, dude? *¿Qué onda, che?* (Arg.)

Keh ohn-dah cheh

What's up, dude? *¿Qué cuentas, choche?* (Per.)

Keh kwen-tahss cho-cheh

What's up, dude? *¿Qué hubo, güevón?* (Col.)

Keh oo-boh weh-vohn

What's up, dude? *¿Qué onda, güey?* (Mex.)
Keh ohn-dah way

What's up, dude? *¿Qué pasa, tío/-a?* (Sp.)
Keh pah-sah tee-oh/-ah

999.

How cool! *¡Qué bacano!* (Col.) **Keh bah-kah-noh**
How cool! *¡Qué chévere!* (Ven.) **Keh cheh-veh-reh**
How cool! *¡Qué chido!* (Mex.) **Keh chee-doh**

1000.

This is cool! *¡Esto está brutal!* (Hon.)
Ess-toh ess-tah broo-tahl

This is cool! *¡Esto esta macanudo!* (Arg.)
Ess-toh ess-tah mah--noo-doh
This is cool! *¡Esto es pura vida!* (CR.)
Ess-toh ess poo- hee-

This is cool! *¡Esto mola!* (Sp.) **Ess-toh moh-**
1001.

Don't be stupid! *¡No seas boludo/-a!* (Arg.)
Noh seh- boh--doh/-ah

Don't be stupid! *¡No seas cojudol-a!* (Per.)
Noh seh- koh--doh/-ah

Don't be stupid! *¡No seasgilipollas!* (Sp.)
Noh seh- hee--poy-

Don't be stupid! *¡No seas pendejol-a!* (Mex.)
Noh seh- pen--/-ah

Spanish Grammar Primer

This section offers some vocabulary tips and the barest essentials of Spanish grammar. It is a helpful resource for a beginner and can serve as a quick reference for a more advanced speaker.

Abstract grammar can be very helpful, but the best way to integrate language rules will always be through frequent real-life use. Listen to as much Spanish as you can (music, movies, and television are good resources), communicate in Spanish as often as you can, using the words and phrases in this book, and soon you won't need to think about the grammar at all.

English and Spanish Cognates

Cognates are words that derive from a common ancestor language. Most words in Spanish and many words in English come from Latin or Greek. As a result, there are a lot of words in English that are cognates of words in Spanish; most are easily recognizable. Since changes are slight and predictable, you can quickly expand your vocabulary in Spanish by taking note of the following:

1. Some words are the same in both languages (except that their pronunciation may vary, see below): color, crisis, drama, error, general, horror, probable, tropical, . . .
2. Some words add an extra vowel to the English word: cliente, evidente, ignorante, importante, parte, artista, pianista, problema, programa, contacto, perfecto, líquido, . . . ⁴
3. Many words ending in -ty in English end in **-tad** or **-dad** in Spanish: facultad, libertad, curiosidad, sociedad, eternidad, capacidad, realidad, claridad, . . .
4. Many words ending in -y in English end in **-ía**, **-ia**, or **-io** (depending on gender, see below): compañía, geografía, historia, farmacia, diccionario, ordinario, . . . ⁵

5. Words that end in -tion in English generally end in **-ción** in Spanish:
nación, administración, acción, fricción, sección, emoción, combinación, contribución, . . .
6. Words that end in -ous in English often end in **-oso** in Spanish:
generoso, famoso, precioso, delicioso, tedioso, contagioso, curioso, escandaloso, religioso, . . .

Gender, Number, and Agreement

In Spanish, most nouns are gendered: *silla* (chair) and *mesa* (table) are feminine while *escritorio* (desk) and *sombrero* (hat) are masculine. However, not all feminine nouns end in -a, nor do all masculine nouns end in -o: *carne* (meat), *flor* (flower), *canción* (song), and *mano* (hand) are feminine, while *sobre* (envelope), *calor* (heat), *camión* (bus), and *clima* (weather) are masculine. In some cases, the gender of a noun will depend on the object to which it applies: *cantante* (singer) can be either feminine or masculine. Likewise, *orden* (order) is feminine when it refers to the order issued by an authority and masculine when it refers to the order of things.

The best way to figure out whether a noun is masculine or feminine is to look at its corresponding definite (*the*) or indefinite (*a/an/some*) article:

		Definite (<i>the</i>)		Indefinite (<i>a/an/some</i>)	
		Masculine	Feminine	Masculine	Feminine
Singular	el	la	un	una	
Plural	los	las	unos	unas	

It is important to be aware of noun gender because in Spanish, articles and adjectives belonging to a noun must agree in gender with the noun.

Esa flor azul es muy bonita.⁶

That blue flower is very pretty.

María es **una** cantante muy talentosa.

María is a very talented singer.

Pedro es **un** cantante muy

Pedro is a very talented singer.

talento.

Likewise, nouns, adjectives, and articles must agree in number. In Spanish, plurality is expressed by adding an -s to words that end in a vowel, and -es to nouns that end in a consonant:

Las flores azules son mis preferidas.

Blue flowers are my favorite.

Pedro y María son **unos** cantantes muy buenos.⁷

Pedro and María are very good singers.

Possessive Adjectives

In Spanish possession is generally indicated by a set of adjectives which must agree in gender and number with the noun they describe, the possessed object.

<i>my</i>	mi/mis
<i>your</i>	tu/tus
<i>your (for.)</i>	su/sus
<i>his</i>	
<i>her</i>	
<i>our</i>	nuestro/nuestra/nuestros/nuestras
<i>your (pl.)</i>	vuestro/vuestra/vuestros/vuestras (Sp.)
	su/sus (L. Am.)

their

su/sus

Mi casa es **su** casa.

My house is your house. (for).⁸

Su pelo es rubio y **sus** ojos son verdes.

His/her hair is blond and his/her eyes are green.⁹

Tenemos **nuestro** dinero y **nuestras** maletas.¹⁰

We have our money and our suitcases.

Pedro y Juan están listos para **su** viaje.

Pedro and Juan are ready for their trip.

Diminutives

Diminutives are widely used in Spanish, particularly in Latin American Spanish. A diminutive can signify that something is smaller, but it can also serve to express endearment, to intensify an idea, or as a rhetorical device that “softens” and embellishes whatever is being said. Diminutives are particles that attach at the end of words either after the final consonant or by replacing the final vowel. There are a number of diminutive suffixes in Spanish, but the most common is **-ito(s)/-ita(s)**.

Solo quiero un pedacito muy **pequeñito** de pastel.
I only want a tiny little piece of cake.

Me llamo Juan, pero mis amigos me llaman **Juanito**.
My name is John, but my friends call me Johnny.

Vivo en una **casita** muy linda con mis **hijitas** y mis **perritos**.
I live in a very cute little house with my dear little daughters and my doggies.

Pronouns

Pronouns in Spanish function mostly as they do in English; they are used to replace the subject or the objects in a sentence to improve speech flow. Since they are an essential part of everyday speech, it is important to know a few things about personal pronouns in Spanish.

Subject ¹		Indirect Object		Direct Object		Reflexive Object ⁵	
yo	<i>I</i>	me	<i>to me</i>	me	<i>me</i>	me	<i>myself</i>
tú	<i>you</i>	te	<i>to you</i>	te	<i>you</i>	te	<i>yourself</i>
usted ²	<i>you (formal)</i>	le [se] ⁴	<i>to you, to him/her, to it</i>	lo, la	<i>you (formal)</i>	se	<i>yourself, him/herself, itself⁶</i>
él	<i>he</i>			lo	<i>him, it m.</i>		
ella	<i>she</i>			la	<i>her, it f.</i>		
nosotros/as	<i>we</i>	nos	<i>to us</i>	nos	<i>us</i>	nos	<i>ourselves</i>
voso-tros/as ³	<i>you pl.</i>	os	<i>to you pl.</i>	os	<i>you pl.</i>	os	<i>yourselves</i>
ustedes	<i>you pl.</i>	les [se]	<i>to you, to them</i>	los, las	<i>you pl.</i>	se	<i>yourselves, themselves</i>
ellos	<i>they m.</i>			los	<i>them m.</i>		<i>themselves</i>
ellas	<i>they f.</i>			las	<i>them f.</i>		

TABLE NOTE 1. In Spanish a verb's conjugation generally corresponds to a specific subject (see VERB CONJUGATION CHARTS section beginning on p. 108), therefore subject pronouns can be, and often are, omitted. Note that Spanish does not have an equivalent of the subject pronoun “it.”

Está lloviendo. *It is raining . ¿Quién era? Who was it?*

TABLE NOTE 2. *Usted (Ud.)* is a more formal way of addressing a second person; it is used to address people of a superior rank (elders, bosses,

officials, etc.) and with new acquaintances. Formal address uses the verb forms and pronouns of the third person as a way of setting a respectful distance between speaker and addressee (see VERB CONJUGATION CHARTS section beginning on p. 108). Compare the following sentences:

Formal: ¿Cómo **está** (usted)? *How are you?*

No quiero molestar**lo**. *I don't want to bother you.*

Informal: ¿Cómo **estás** (tú)? *How are you?*

No quiero molestart**e**te. *I don't want to bother you.*

Usted is used systematically in Latin America where it is considered polite, but only sporadically in Spain.

TABLE NOTE 3. **Vosotros/as** and **Ustedes** are used to address a group (some English dialects use “you all” or “y’all” for the same purpose). **Vosotros/as** has its own set of verb forms and pronouns, while **ustedes** uses those of the third person plural (see VERB CONJUGATION CHARTS section beginning on p. 108). Although **ustedes** is the plural form of **usted**, no formality is necessarily implied. **Vosotros/as** is only used in Spain.

TABLE NOTE 4. Object pronouns can precede an active verb or be attached at the end of an infinitive, a gerund, or an affirmative command (see VERB section beginning on p. 112):

Quiero comer una manzana. >

La quiero comer. = Quiero comer**la**.

I want to eat an apple. >

I want to eat it.

Estoy comiendo una manzana. >

La estoy comiendo. = Estoy comiénd**ola**.

I am eating an apple. >

I am eating it.

¡Come la manzana! > ¡Cómela!

but

¡No comas la manzana! >

¡No **la** comas!

Eat the apple. > *Eat it.*

Don't eat the apple. >

Don't eat it.

Direct objects can appear in a sentence as either a noun or a pronoun but not both. However, indirect object pronouns must be used whether or not the indirect object noun appears in the sentence:

Pedro me da dinero (**a mí**).

Pedro gives money to me.

Juan le da flores (**a María**).

Juan gives flowers to María.

When using two object pronouns, the indirect object pronoun always comes first:

Pedro me lo da. *Pedro gives it to me.*

When combined with the direct object pronouns lo, la, los, or las, the indirect object pronoun le changes to se:

Juan se las da (**a María**).

*Juan gives **them to her** (to María).*

TABLE NOTE 5. As in English, **reflexive pronouns** are used to “reflect” or return the action expressed by the verb back upon the subject:

Me veo en el espejo.

I see myself in the mirror.

Maria se viste.

Maria dresses (herself).

Common reflexive actions include getting up (*levantarse*), washing (*lavarse*) or bathing (*bañarse*), sitting (*sentarse*), lying down (*acostarse*), and falling asleep (*dormirse*). However, as long as it makes sense, any verb can be made to describe a reflexive action by adding a reflexive pronoun. Sometimes reflexivity is added for emphasis or precision. Compare the following:

romper *to break*

Rompiste la ventana.

You broke the window.

romperse *to break*

Te rompiste la pierna.

You broke your leg.

dormir *to sleep*

Juan está durmiendo.

Juan is sleeping.

dormirse *to fall asleep*

Juan está durmiéndose.

Juan is falling asleep.

ir *to go*

Vamos al cine.

Let's go to the movies.

irse *to leave, to go away*

Vámonos al cine.

Let's leave for the movies.

Note that reflexive pronouns follow similar positioning rules as object pronouns.

TABLE NOTE 6. In Spanish the pronoun *se* is very often used to express a passive or an impersonal action in which the object may assume the

function of the subject (which creates a reflexive-like expression):

En Mexico se habla español.

*Spanish is spoken in Mexico. /
People speak Spanish in Mexico.*

No se debe desperdiciar agua.

*Water mustn't be wasted. / One
mustn't waste water.*

Negativity

In a negative sentence, a negative word must come before the verb and any preceding pronouns:

No te quiero pero **nunca** te lo había dicho.

I do not love you but I had never told you.

Spanish actually requires double, and even triple negatives. Negativity must be expressed throughout the sentence:

Nunca has querido a **nadie**.

You have never loved anyone.

Nadie quiere ir **nunca** a **ningún** lado conmigo.

No one ever wants to go anywhere with me.

Verb Conjugation Charts

Regular verbs, simple tenses*

Infinitive	INDICATIVE					SUBJUNCTIVE	
	Present	Preterit	Imperfect	Future	Conditional	Present	Past
hablar (<i>to talk</i>)	hablo	hablé	hablaba	hablaré	hablaría	hable	hablara
	hablas	hablaste	hablabas	hablarás	hablarías	hables	hablaras
	habla	habló	hablaba	hablará	hablaría	hable	hablara
hablando (<i>talking</i>)	hablamos	hablamos	hablábamos	hablaremos	hablaríamos	hablemos	habláramos
hablado (<i>talked</i>)	habláis	hablasteis	hablabais	hablaréis	hablaríais	habléis	hablarais
	hablan	hablaron	hablaban	hablarán	hablarían	hablen	hablaran
comer (<i>to eat</i>)	como	comí	comía	comeré	comería	coma	comiera
	comes	comiste	comías	comerás	comerías	comas	comieras
	come	comió	comía	comerá	comería	coma	comiera
comiendo (<i>eating</i>)	comemos	comimos	comíamos	comeremos	comeríamos	comamos	comiéramos
comido (<i>eaten</i>)	coméis	comisteis	comíais	comeréis	comeríais	comais	comierais
	comen	comieron	comían	comerán	comerían	coman	comieran

vivir (<i>to live</i>)	vivo	vivió	vivía	viviré	viviría	viva	viviera
	vives	viviste	vivías	vivirás	vivirías	vivas	vivieras
	vive	vivió	vivía	vivirá	viviría	viva	viviera
viviendo (<i>living</i>)	vivimos	vivimos	vivímos	viviremos	vivirímos	vivamos	viviéramos
vivido (<i>lived</i>)	vivís	vivisteis	vivíais	vivireis	viviríais	viváis	viviereis
	viven	vivieron	vivían	vivirán	vivirían	vivan	vivieran

Regular verbs, perfect tenses[†]

INDICATIVE							SUBJUNCTIVE				
Present Perfect		Past Perfect		Future Perfect		Conditional Perfect		Present Perfect		Past Perfect	
he has ha hemos habéis han	hablado comido vivido	había habías había habíamos habíais habían	hablado comido vivido	habré habrás habrá habremos habréis habrán	hablado comido vivido	habría habrías habría habríamos habrías habrían	hablado comido vivido	haya hayas haya hayamos hayáis hayan	hubiera hubieras hubiera hubiéramos hubierais hubieran	hablado comido vivido	hubiera hubieras hubiera hubiéramos hubierais hubieran

* Regular verbs are predictable; note the patterns of the different tenses to master verb conjugation quickly.

[†] As in English, perfect tenses in Spanish use the helping verb *haber* (to have): yo he hablado (*I have talked*); tu habías comido (*you had eaten*). However, note that to indicate possession Spanish uses the verb *tener* (to have).

Some common irregular verbs, simple tenses

ir (to go)	voy vas va	fui fuiste fue	iba ibas iba	iré irás irá	iría irías iría	vaya vayas vaya	fueras fueras fueras
yendo (going)	vamos vamos	fuimos fuisteis	íbamos ibais	iremos iréis	iríamos iríais	vayamos vayáis	fuéramos fuerais
ido (gone)	vais van	fueron	iban	irán	irían	vayan	fueran
ser (to be)	soy eres es	fui † fuiste fue	era eras era	seré serás será	sería serías sería	sea seas sea	fueras fueras fueras
siendo (being)	somos sois	fuimos fuisteis	éramos erais	seremos seréis	seríamos seríais	seamos seáis	fuéramos fuerais
sido (been)	son	fueron	eran	serán	serían	sean	fueran
venir (to come)	vengo vienes viene	vine viniste vino	venía venías venía	vendré vendrás vendrá	vendría vendrías vendría	venga vengas venga	viniera vinieras viniera
viniendo (coming)	venimos venís	vinimos vinisteis	veníamos veníais	vendremos vendréis	vendríamos vendréis	vengamos vengáis	viñiéramos viñiereis
venido (come)	vienes vien vien	vinieron	venían	vendrán	vendrían	vengan	vinieran

† The verbs *ser* and *ir* share the preterit and past subjunctive tenses; context determines which verb is being used.

Verbs, Tenses, and Moods

Ser vs. Estar

English translates both the verb *ser* and the verb *estar* as “to be.” However, in Spanish they have very different meanings. *Ser* is used to talk about essences (aspects that are perceived as being inherent to or definitive of the subject) and about time. *Estar* is used to talk about states (aspects or conditions that are merely circumstantial to the subject) and about location (space). Compare the following sentences:

Pedro **es** un tipo simpático pero hoy **está** enojado.

Son las dos y María todavía **está** dormida.¹¹

La casa que **está** en esa colina es amarilla.

La fiesta **fue** en la casa que **está** en venta.¹²

Pedro is a nice guy but today he is angry.

It is two o’clock and María is still asleep.

The house that is on that hill is yellow.

The party was at the house that is for sale.

The verb *estar* is used in combination with a gerund to form progressive tenses:

Estoy escribiendo en la computadora. *I am writing on the computer.*

Estábamos pensando en llamarte. *We were thinking about calling you.*

Verbs like *gustar*

The verb *gustar* is generally, and accurately, translated as “to like”:

A Juan **le gustan** los postres. *Juan likes desserts.*

In Spanish, however, Juan is not the subject of the verb *gustan* but its indirect object, while *los postres* functions as both subject and direct object. Note that the verb agrees with *los postres* and that *le* agrees with Juan. Therefore, a more literal translation would be: “Desserts are pleasing to Juan.” There are a number of verbs that function like *gustar*. Consider the following examples:

Maria **le gusta** a Pedro.¹³

Pedro likes María. (lit. María is pleasing to Pedro.)

(A Ana y a Luis) No **les interesa** la ciencia.¹⁴

Science doesn't interest them (Ana and Luis).

(A mi) **Me preocupa** llegar tarde a mi cita.

Being late for my appointment worries me.

Other common verbs that function like *gustar* include *encantar* (to really like), *importar* (to matter), *aburrir* (to bore), *quedar* (to have left), *faltar* (to lack), and *doler* (to hurt). It is interesting to note that this type of verb generally expresses subjective perceptions and is used to talk about things the subject finds pleasing, boring, important, or painful.

Preterit vs. Imperfect

The preterit tense is used when a past action is considered singular and definitely concluded:

Pasé un mes en Madrid el año pasado.

I spent a month in Madrid last year.

Fue entonces cuando **conocí** a Juan.

It was then that I met Juan.

The imperfect tense is used for recurring actions in the past or actions which happened over an indefinite period of time in the past:

Antes, **iba** a Madrid cada año.

Before, I used to go to Madrid every year.

En esa época, Juan **estudiaba** leyes.

At the time, Juan studied (was studying) law.

The preterit and the imperfect are often combined in a sentence to emphasize certain actions (preterit) over others that provide context or serve as backdrop (imperfect):

Decidi comer mientras te **esperaba**.

I decided to eat lunch while I waited (was waiting) for you.

Llovía cuando **llegó** el avión.

It was raining when the plane arrived.

Subjunctive mood

In Spanish, the subjunctive mood is used to express possibility, uncertainty, and empathy. When speaking about actions that happen in the present, happened in the past, or will happen in the future, the indicative mood is used. For talking about actions which may (or may not) happen, or may (or may not) have happened, the subjunctive mood is used. In general, the subjunctive is used to talk about situations that are beyond the control of a sentence's primary subject. For instance, we may say that it is important, necessary even, for drivers to come to a full stop at a stop sign which, however, does not guarantee that they will. Likewise, even if Juan wanted Pedro to lend him money, Pedro might have refused. Finally, a person may feel sorry about another's tragedy, but be unable to do anything to change it. Consider the following examples:

Es posible que **vaya** a Mexico en verano.¹⁵

It is possible that I will go to Mexico in the summer.

Es importante (necesario) que los conductores **respeten** las señales de tránsito.

It is important (necessary) that drivers respect traffic signals.

Juan quería que Pedro le **prestara** dinero.¹⁶

Juan wanted Pedro to lend him money.

Siento que **hayas perdido** tu vuelo.

I am sorry that you (have) missed your flight.

In Spanish *pensar* (to think) and *creer* (to believe) express certainty on the part of the primary subject. Therefore, the subjunctive is unnecessary. However, lack of belief does not rule out possibility altogether; therefore the subjunctive is appropriate. Compare the following sentences:

Maria **cree (piensa)** que existen los fantasmas, pero yo **no pienso (creo)** que existan.

Maria believes (thinks) ghosts exist, but I don't think (believe) that they do.

When a single subject is involved in the action there is no need to introduce a subjunctive clause; the verb in the infinitive is used in the main clause instead. Compare the following sentences:

Quiero que (tú) **aprendas** español. *I want you to learn Spanish*

Quiero **aprender** español. *I want to learn Spanish.*

Commands and requests

	Affirmative commands	Negative commands
Informal commands	habla (<i>talk</i>) come (<i>eat</i>) siéntate (<i>sit down</i>)	no hables (<i>don't talk</i>) no comas (<i>don't eat</i>) no te sientes (<i>don't sit down</i>)
Formal commands (requests)	hable (<i>talk</i>) coma (<i>eat</i>) siéntese (<i>sit down</i>)	no hable (<i>don't talk</i>) no coma (<i>don't eat</i>) no se siente (<i>don't sit down</i>)

Commands can be affirmative or negative. In Spanish they can also be formal or informal. Informal commands are directed at someone whom the speaker would address as “*tú*” (a child, a family member, a good friend, etc.). On the other hand, formal commands are directed toward someone who would be addressed as “*usted*” such as an elder, a teacher, an officer, the president, a new acquaintance, etc. (see PRONOUNS section beginning on p. 105).

Note that formal commands use subjunctive verb forms as if implying the possibility of refusal on the part of the addressee (see VERB CONJUGATION CHARTS beginning on p. 108). In that sense, formal affirmative commands are more like requests. Likewise, since there is no guarantee that a negative command will be carried out, subjunctive forms are also used.

Commands and requests can also be addressed to a group:

	Affirmative commands	Negative commands
Nosotros commands	hablemos (<i>let's talk</i>)	no hablemos (<i>let's not talk</i>)

	comamos (<i>let's eat</i>) sentémonos (<i>let's sit down</i>) [‡]	no comamos (<i>let's not eat</i>) no nos sentemos (<i>let's not sit down</i>)
Vosotros commands	hablad (<i>talk</i>) comed (<i>eat</i>) sentaos (<i>sit down</i>)*	no habléis (<i>don't talk</i>) no comáis (<i>don't eat</i>) no os sentéis (<i>don't sit down</i>)
Ustedes commands	hablen (<i>talk</i>) coman (<i>eat</i>) siéntense (<i>sit down</i>)	no hablen (<i>don't talk</i>) no coman (<i>don't eat</i>) no se sienten (<i>don't sit down</i>)
‡ Note the dropping of the “s” in reflexive-verb <i>nosotros</i> commands.		
* Note the dropping of the “d” in reflexive-verb <i>vosotros</i> commands.		

Prepositions

Prepositions in any language can seem arbitrary — in English people can ride in a car or on a bus. However, there are a few general guidelines for using the most common prepositions in Spanish:

a (to) conveys the sense of going toward something. Actions such as going somewhere, beginning or learning something, and giving something to someone use the preposition **a**:

Vamos a la escuela para empezar a aprender a hablar español.

Let's go to school in order to begin learning to speak Spanish.

de (of, from) conveys the sense of coming or stemming from somewhere.

The preposition **de** can express provenance, origin, material, and belonging:

La madera **de** la mesa **demadera de** Juan viene **de** la selva **de** Guatemala.

The wood that Juan's wooden table is made of comes from the jungle of Guatemala.

en (*in, on, at*) expresses location in general:

En la universidad, los libros están **en** repisas **en** la biblioteca.

At the university, the books are on shelves in the library.

con (*with*) expresses addition, instrumentality, and accompaniment:

Me gusta comer fresas **con** crema **con** una cuchara **con** mis amigos.

I like to eat strawberries with cream with a spoon with my friends.

por (*for, because of, around, through, by*) indicates the cause or the reason behind an action, as well as motion, passage, means, and exchange.

Vamos a hacer un viaje **por** barco **por** el Caribe **por** tres semanas; pagué mil dólares **por** él.

We're going on a trip around the Caribbean by boat for three weeks; I paid \$1,000 dollars for it.

para (*for, to, in order to, by*) specifies the recipient or the purpose of an action, as well as a direction, a destination, or a deadline.

El regalo para mi mamá estará listo para mañana; es una caja para guardar sus joyas.

The present for my mom will be ready by tomorrow; it's a box for storing her jewelry.

The use of prepositions in English doesn't always match Spanish use. In some cases, English needs a preposition where Spanish does not:

Juan se enamoró **de** María. *Juan fell in love **with** María.*

Puedes contar **con** nosotros. *You can count **on** us.*

Estoy buscando algo especial. *I'm looking **for** something special.*

In Spanish a preposition can never be placed at the end of a phrase.

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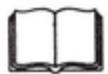
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THE GIFT OF THE MAGI AND OTHER SHORT STORIES, O. Henry. Sixteen captivating stories by one of America's most popular storytellers. Included are such classics as "The Gift of the Magi," "The Last Leaf," and "The Ransom of Red Chief." Publisher's Note. 96pp. $5\frac{3}{16} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$.

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eerie country retreat provides the backdrop for Dickens and his friends —
including Elizabeth Gaskell and Wilkie Collins — who take turns spinning
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0-486-46309-5

- 1** In Spanish an intervocalic G tends towards vocalization and will be represented by a “w” in order to reflect actual pronunciation better. For example, *agua* (water) will be transcribed as “ah-wah.”
- 2** Note the difference with *yo canto* (*I sing*): a change in stress can significantly change the meaning of a word or even a whole sentence.
- 3** Repeating the word *murciélagos* out loud is a good way to practice pronunciation: it has all five vowel sounds and distinctive stress.
- 4** Please don’t make the error, often parodied in movies, of thinking that adding an “o” at the end of every word in a sentence makes it sound like Spanish; native Spanish speakers will likely consider it rude.
- 5** In a few cases, cognates don’t have exactly the same meaning in Spanish as they do in English: *policía* means “police” in Spanish; policy should be translated as *política*.
- 6** Adjectives that end in -e or a consonant don’t change on account of gender: *La casa verde* *The green house* *El sombrero verde* *The green hat*
- 7** When there are both feminine and masculine individuals or objects in a group, masculine adjectives and articles are used.
- 8** On formal address see the PRONOUNS section beginning on p. 105.
- 9** In Spanish the gender of the possessor is not expressed by the possessive adjective. Gender information would be supplied by context or through an alternative structure such as: *El pelo de María es rubio y sus ojos son verdes* (*Maria’s hair is blond and her eyes are green*).
- 10** Of all the possessive adjectives, only the first person plural (*nuestros/as*) and the second person plural (*vuestros/as*) that is used in Spain (See PRONOUNS section beginning on p. 105) express gender by switching between “o” and “a” at the end.
- 11** States can be permanent. In Spanish, death is considered a state: *Las plantas de mi casa están muertas* (*My house plants are dead*).

12 Since events involve a lot more than their location, the verb *ser* is used to talk about parties and ceremonies in general: *la boda sera en la catedral* (*The wedding will be in the cathedral*).

13 In Spanish object nouns can precede the verb; the preposition “*a*” is used to avoid confusion when two possible agents are involved (i.e., Mary might be the one who likes Pedro).

14 The indirect-object pronoun is necessary, but the indirect object itself may be omitted or included to add precision to the sentence.

15 A subjunctive clause depends, at least implicitly, on an indicative statement; they are linked by a conjunctive element, most often “*que*.” In other words, possibility must always be grounded in reality.

16 Generally, if the verb in the main clause is in the present tense, the verb in the subjunctive clause will also be in the present. Likewise, a past-tense verb in the main clause calls for the past tense in the subjunctive clause.